THE STANDARD SOUTHERN NEWSPAPER

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION

ASSOCIATED PRESS SERVICE

VOL. LII., No. 261. Entered at Atlanta P. O. as Second Class Mail Matter. ATLANTA, GA., MONDAY MORNING, MARCH 1, 1920. ONLY MORNING NEWSPAPER PUBLISHED IN ATLANTA. Daily and Sunday, weekly, 20c; monthly, 90c. Single copies: Daily, 5c; Sunday, 7c.

CAR NEGOTIATIONS WILL BE RESUMED

Owners Again Running Railways

CONTROL DROPPED AT MIDNIGHT HOUR BY GOVERNMENT

Transportation System, Operated as One Great Utility Since December 28, 1917, Again Divided Among 230 Corporate Owners.

HINES WILL SETTLE THOUSANDS OF CLAIMS

Director General Will Continue on Job Until About May 1—Brotherhoods to Consider Wilson's Letter About Wages.

Washington, February 29.—America's rail transportation system, operated as one great public utility since December 28, 1917, again will be divided among the 230 respective corporate owners when the government release control at midnight. Director General Hines, as the agent of the president, will hand over the properties and equipment, valued at approximately $20,000,000,000, to their old direction free except for the jurisdiction retained by the government in the new railroad reorganization bill.

While all arrangements for formal restoration of the carriers to their owners were completed yesterday by Mr. Hines, instructions went out today to operating representatives of the railroad administration, informing them that they would "report to the proper officials of the corporations which resume control at 12:01 a. m., March 1."

Of the gigantic organization, created by former Director General McAdoo as a war-time expedient, only a small part will remain. Regional officials, federal managers and treasurers and many high officials comprising the director general's staff will cease to function as such at the designated hour. Some of these have gone back to their former places as officials of the corporations, while others have entered into new lines of endeavor.

Hines Continues as Director.

Mr. Hines will continue in his present capacity until about May 1. Although without any railroads to direct he still faces the settlement of literally thousands of claims, contracts and grievances. Only 147 of the 230 compensattion contracts with the corporations actually were signed during government control and the remainder will continue to be the subject of negotiations. Damage claims have arisen, of which many still are pending. Labor has several thousand cases before the government wage boards and Mr. Hines has assured the labor spokesmen that these will be concluded. Some will require the payment of retroactive wages if decided in favor of the workers and others will mean the establishment of interpretation of agreements, which labor, of course, will refuse to have altered by the corporations. Many effect general labor policies and represent vitally important questions from the labor view.

The reply given by President Wilson to labor's objections to the reorganization bill will be considered tomorrow by the railroad union chiefs. All of the union executives who are here will be called into conference for the purpose of agreeing on a public expression of railroad labor's attitude.

There was no indication tonight

Continued on Page 3, Column 2.

SHOT THREE TIMES, FRED SOWERS DIES

Van McMurray, Negro Prisoner, Says Shooting Was Result of Row Over Purchase of Liquor.

Fred Sowers, of 553 Marietta street, white man, apparently not more than 22 years old, was shot three times and instantly killed by a negro Van McMurray at the home of Ira Belle Harris, a negress who lives in the rear of 328 Simpson street, shortly after 9 o'clock last night.

One of the bullets entered the young man's head just above the left eye, another the mouth and the third the left breast, penetrating the left lung.

McMurray and the Harris woman were arrested by the officers and lodged behind the bars at police station under the charge of murder. McMurray gave his address as 435 Chestnut street.

According to the story McMurray is said to have told the officers, the dead man in company with two others visited the home of the Harris woman for the purpose of buying some whisky. A quarrel arose and a fight ensued, when McMurray claims he drew his gun and fired.

Police officials are conducting a searching investigation into the affair, but up to a late hour last night had been unable to learn the names of the dead man's companions. The victim was identified by three persons last night. The body was turned over to Barclay & Brandon.

Labor Chiefs at Miami.

Miami, Fla., February 29.—Samuel Gompers, president; Frank Morrison, secretary, and other members of the executive council of the American Federation of Labor arrived in Miami today to continue the conferences begun in Jacksonville last week. The visiting labor leaders were welcomed by a delegation from the Miami Central Labor Union.

ON 14TH BIRTHDAY HE URGES HEARERS TO ACCEPT CHRIST

Pleading with his hearers not to imperil their souls by putting off Christ and neglecting the opportunities of Christian service now, John R. Courtney, 60 years old, and well-known Atlantan, celebrated his fourteenth birthday—he was born on leap year—in a most unusual manner at the Baptist Tabernacle Sunday night, where special evangelistic services were conducted by the Billy Sunday club in his honor.

Tears filled Mr. Courtney's eyes as he feelingly reviewed his life before his conversion, which he himself termed as "wicked and disgraceful." "It took a lot to bring me to my senses—to miraculously convert me into a knowledge and acquaintance of my Master, but by the grace of God I was spared to behold this wonderful change wrought within my heart. Friends, the opportunity may not be yours tomorrow, and even if it were, service for Christ grows sweeter and dearer as the years go by, and I beg in His name that you will not delay so wonderful a blessing until you reach the eventide of life—until the sun is sinking and your chance for doing good is gone.

"I really feel that I am not more than 14 or 15 years of age tonight. I feel that I am now getting younger, and I only pray for enlarged opportunities of Christian service, that I may make up for the time lost," said Mr. Courtney.

The services were presided over by M. L. Thrower, former president of the Billy Sunday club, who explained the circumstances of his conversion four years ago, stating that he was only two years younger in the Lord's service than was Mr. Courtney.

A large number of others related graphic accounts of their experiences as sinners and since their entrance into the service of God. Most of them referred impressively to Mr. Courtney (Uncle John, as they called him), as being a fine inspiration to them. Many confessions of backsliding were made, and special hymnal selections sung at their request, and prayers offered.

CHAMBER DRIVE TO BEGIN TODAY

Expansion Campaign Will Be Waged in Effort to Secure at Least 4,000 Energetic Members for Organization.

Today marks the active inauguration of the intensive drive of the Atlanta Chamber of Commerce membership-expansion campaign for at least 4,000 energetic members of this important civic body. The movement will be formally started after a meeting of the teams which has been called for this morning at 9 o'clock.

After a few minutes of instruction and consultation, the teams will start out on their first day's work, to report at the luncheon which will be held for that purpose at 12:30 in the assembly hall of the chamber.

These luncheons are to be daily affairs until the drive has been completed, and will be the occasions when the progress of the drive for that day will be checked up and the advancement announced.

A large blackboard has been secured for the purpose of displaying the daily totals and grand totals, and will be placed in a prominent position in the hall, to be observed by the team leaders and members after their return from their work in their allotted districts.

All the team majors seem highly confident of the success their teams will attain in the objects of the campaign, and officers of the campany report that they have no doubt that the 4,000 minimum which has been set will be exceeded in the first three or four days of the campaign, and that the effort to secure members who will actively co-operate in the upbuilding of the chamber of commerce will be rewarded with success.

All the machinery for the drive is reported in readiness. President Eugene R. Black, of the chamber, who is also general chairman of the campaign, says that no detail has been overlooked or neglected. The teams were given their instructions Thursday evening, and are thoroughl yfamiliar with the details of the work they must do to secure their respective quotas of memberships. According to indications, the first day's reports should be big.

Each day of the drive will be started by the roll call at 9 o'clock and a report from the teams at the 12:30 luncheon.

"Atlanta—500,000 in Ten Years" is the title of the prospectus which has been sent out from the headquarters of the chamber of commerce expansion campaign to prepare the way for the teams which will commence the work on Monday morning. The prospectus makes the argument that if Atlanta really expects to be a city of half a million in ten years, it ought to begin to prepare now for the additional thousands.

MONDAY WILL BE COLD AND WINDY

Considerable Damage Done by Gusts on Sunday, Most Serious Being Wrecking of Aeroplane at Candler Field.

With a promise by the weather bureau of continued cold, windy weather today, after a whole day of icy winds Sunday, March is with us properly heralded and welcomed.

Chasing hats was the most popular pastime Sunday. Very few persons ventured on the downtown streets without having the opportunity of displaying their abilities as chasers of stray hats miscarried by the playful breezes.

The wind inflicted considerable damage. The temperature, dropping to 24 degrees shortly after nightfall, caused many pipes to burst. The strong winds lifted several glass globes from whiteway posts and dashed them to the sidewalks. Window glass fell from the higher stories of several skyscrapers, although nobody has been reported as having been injured.

What is considered the most serious catastrophe attributable to the wind was the wrecking of the airplane belonging to Aviator Edward Stinson. Stinson is in Dayton, Ohio, and the machine had been left at Candler field in charge of a mechanic. The machine was on the open field and late in the afternoon it was overturned and carried more than 100 feet by the wind, wrecking the tail, wings, fusilage and parts of the huge engine itself. The damage is estimated at $1,500.

According to bulletins from Washington today will be fair and cold, with a slight moderation Tuesday.

Pastor Arrested When He Tried To Enter Church

Resignation of Rev C. S. Marsolf Had Been Demanded But He Ignored Request.

Chicago, February 29.—Rev. C. S. Marsolf, pastor of the North Chicago Presbytertian church, whose resignation had been demanded by the church board, was arrested today when he attempted to enter the church. Despite the opposition of the board of directors Reverend Marsolf had announced that he would preach a sermon at the morning service.

The minister was taken before a justice of the peace and released in $500 bond on charges of disturbing the peace and intrefering with religious services.

The trouble was said to have started when Reverend Marsolf despite protest by the superintendent of the Sunday school gave his permission for a Sunday rehearsal Christmas play.

Rev. Marsolf saw service in France as a member of the 310th machine gun battalion.

CLOSE BLOCKADE KEPT ON FIUME

Poet D'Annunzio and Forces Besieged in Adriatic Port—Little Food in the City.

Flume, February 29.—(By the Associated Press.)—A siege of Flume has begun with a stringent blockade against commodities, including foodstuffs.

"Perhaps we may appear to be lenient toward those occupying Fiume," said General Caviglia, of the government forces, today, "but it is not so. We shall exercise an iron blockade against the forces of Gabriele D'Annunzio. I am not offering them the slightest atom, but the children must be cared for. That is why I allowed two hundred children to come out of Fiume and proceed to Milan."

The correspondent has gleaned opinions of all sorts in Fiume. Those of the citizens with whom he has talked seemed unanimous that the situation was crtical and that the city now is in the deepest of despair, financially and commercially.

"We are starving," said a prominent banker, who previously had been a strong supporter of Italian annexation. "We are unable to go further. We now are ready for an international city. We want our port reopened to commerce. We want the city occupied either by an American or a British garrison. The present state is impossible."

Gabriele d'Annunzio has ordered another deportation of Croats and other foreigners who are "pernicous by their presence for the proper defense of the city." The socialists also have been included in the general cleaning out of the city. Public meetings and demonstrations of any sort not having the consent of the poet-soldier's police have been prohibited.

D'Annunzio's forces have been considerably diminished during the past weeks by desertion. This is especially noticeable among the officers, the number of whom has fallen off by 30 per cent. Efforts made to replenish the forces by conscriptions of Fiume citizens have been unsuccessful. Hundreds of youths have been called to service through the lines, sometimes disguised as Italian soldiers.

Former annexationists express despair over what they term the failure of the poet-soldier's occupation of Fiume. The long strain of five months of isolation apparently has worn out the population. Business is stagnant. The port is empty, stores are doing little business and factories are idle. The hopelessness of the money market situation tends to increase the hardships of all classes. Bankers are complaining of the lack of stability of currency, while workmen are demanding payment for their toil in coin.

"Our money situation is appalling," said one of Fiume's prominent bankers to the correspondent today. "It has been counterfeited to such an extent that now we do not know any values. There are allkinds of crowns in circulation—Fiume, Jugo-Slav, Polish, Hungarian, Czecho-Slovk and Austrian crowns. Then there is the lire. All of them are in circulation, defaced and counterfeited. We must have a new money that is stable."

Sheppard for Congress.

Millen, Ga., February 29.—(Special.)—The announcement of Dr. Wallace H. Sheppard, of Claxton, for congress from the First district was received in Millen last week. Dr. Sheppard has a number of close personal friends in Jenkins county bsides a number of relatives.

NEW ULTIMATUM SERVED ON LODGE BY BITTER-ENDERS

They Give Notice That They Will Not Allow Any Modification of the Article 10 Reservation.

POWER TO BLOCK PACT HELD BY BITTER-ENDERS

They May Easily Debate Treaty at Such Length as to Prevent Action Until Conventions Meet.

Washington, February 29.—Republican senators irreconcilably opposed to the peace treaty took vigorous measures again today to block any modification of the Article X. reservation which was adopted last November and which has since proved the greatest barrier to all compromise negotiations.

Feeling that the republican leaders, unable to obtain enough votes to ratify the treaty with the reservation unchanged, might consent to some modification, the irreconcilables served notice through Senator Borah, republican, of Idaho, that unless the provision were kept as it stands they would reserve liberty of action when consideration of the treaty is resumed tomorrow.

The new ultimatum, similar in nature to one laid down by the irreconcilables during the bipartisan compromise negotiations, was presented directly to the party leader, Senator Lodge, of Massachusetts, who is expected to confer with his colleagues on the subject tomorrow. The votes of the irreconcilables have been counted on to insure a majority for the republican reservation program, as was the case in November, and the move today is expected to receive very serious consideration.

Just what the irreconcilables might do to wreck the plans of the republican leaders was not revealed. It was suggested in some quarters, however, that if they chose to do so the irreconcilable group might easily debate the treaty at such length that action could be blocked until the assembling of the national political conventions. The result, in the opinion of many senators, would preclude any possibility of ratification until the issue had been fought out in the campaign.

When the senate takes up the treaty again tomorrow it will have before it the reservation relating to settlement of domestic questions under the league of nations. By the unanimous consent agreement reached Saturday a vote on this provesion is to be taken at 2 p. m. and unless the plans of the leaders miscarry it will be adopted in the same form as at the last session of congress.

Many senators predicted tonight that if no actual fillibuster developed the entire list of reservations would be disposed of and a vote taken on the treaty itself within the next ten days.

Councilman Renfroe Tosses Hat Into Ring For the County Board

Councilman J. N. Renfroe, of the first ward, Sunday made formal announcement of his entrance into the race for Fulton county commissioner. There are two places to be filled on the commission, and Mr. Renfroe's announcement comes sixth in the list of candidates already in the field for the positions.

Mr. Renfroe is a prominent builder and contractor with offices at 514 Third national bank building. He has served his ward and the city of Atlanta in council for six years. During 1915 and 1916 he was chairman of the street committee, and in this period a number of big paving projects were begun and completed. He has served as vice chairman of the police committee, vice chairman of the tax committee, and was a member of other important committees.

Friends of Mr. Renfroe claim that he is well qualified to fill the office of county commissioner by reason of his knowledge as a builder and contractor and his experience in street paving work.

Other candidates who are in the race are Commissioner Charles Turner, who has announced to succeed himself; Don Miller, Captain H. Hope, Judge W. W. Tindall, of the Fulton county juvenile court and John F. Pate.

Barrow Primary Date.

Winder, Ga., February 29.—(Special.)—The democratic executive committee has set April 20 as the date for the primary in Barrow county, the same date as fixed by the state committee for the preferential primary for president. H. G. Hill, the present ordinary, and G. N. Bagwell, the present clerk, will not seek re-election.

This year is Barrow's time for choosing the senator for this district, but so far no one has announced, nor has anyone announced for representative.

Heavy Artillery Gun on Exhibition At Georgia Tech

$50,000 Weapon Sent to Atlanta to Be Used in the Instruction of R. O. T. C. Unit at State Institution.

A 155-G. P. F.—one of the heavy artillery guns that is to be used in the instruction of the R. O. T. C. unit at Georgia Tech, has arrived and is on exhibition in the temporary gun shed at the rear of the armory of the Tech.

To the average layman 155-G. P. F. means absolutely nothing. To one versed in military, it means a gun which fires a projectile 155 mm. (6.1042 inches) in diameter. The initials G. P. are the French words, grande portee, meaning long range. The "F." is for Filloux, in honor of Colonel Filloux, of the French army, who invented the gun and carriage.

The gun with the carriage and limber weighs 23,050 pounds. It fires a projectile weighing 95 pounds. The length of the gun from muzzle to breech is about 20 feet. The gun cost approximately $50,000.

This was the first piece of artillery to arrive at Tech. In addition there is now a 3-inch Stokes trench mortar, and one of the heaviest types of the Browning machine guns. Within a few weeks there will also be an 8-inch Howitzer, a 75 mm. field piece and a 10-ton tractor. This equipment has all been shipped.

These guns are to be used in the work of artillery sections of the R. O. T. C. Students will learn the nomenclature of the pieces, how they are transported, laid for firing, operated, and how the firing is controlled. The instruction will be under Captain R. T. Gibson and first Sergeant J. F. Hough, both of whom saw the 155s in action in France.

Detailed instruction in the functioning of the various parts will be given as well as the service of the piece, and to the advanced sections, fire control. As the guns cannot be actually fired at Tech, a board has been built that will be used in the teaching of fire control. It was designed and built by Sergeant Hough.

In addition to the equipment already mentioned, there are in the armory, four pairs of scissor type telescopes, two meter self-contained base range finders, and twelve Browning automatic rifles.

EVERYONE AFRAID IN WASHINGTON

According to Frankln Lane, Retiring Secretary of Interior—Capital Poorly Organized for Its Task.

Washington, February 29.—(By the Associated Press.)—Official Washington, "a combination of political caucus, drawing room and civil service bureaus," containing "statesmen who are politicians and politicians who are not statesmen," is poorly organized for its task which "fewer men of larger capacity would do better."

Such is an epitome of the views of Franklin K. Lane, retiring secretary of the interior, expressed in a characteristic parting report to the president on the occasion of leaving public life today after more than twenty years' service—the last seven in the cabinet.

Rich in Brains.

"Washington," says the retiring secretary, "is rich in brains and character: It is honest byeond any commercial standard. It wishes to do everything that will promote the public good. But it is poorly organized for the task that belongs to it. Fewer men of larger capacity would do the task better. Ability is not lacking, but it is pressed to the point of paralysis because of an infinitude of details and unwillingness on the part of the great body of public servants to take the responsibility. Everyone seems to he afraid of everyone. The self-protective sense is developed abnormally, the creative sense atrophies. Trust, confidence, enthusiasm—these simple virtues of all great business are the ones most lacking in government organization. We have so many checks and brakes upon our work that our progress does not keep pace with the nation's requirements.

"We could have money for the government if we had more discretion as to how we should use that given us. For the body of the civil servants there should be quicker promotion or discharge, and a sure insurance when disability comes. For the hgher administrative officers there should be salaries twice as high as those now given, and they should be made to feel that they are the ones responsible for the work of the department; the head being merely an adviser and a

Continued on Page 4, Column 2.

GRAND BUILDING DAMAGED BY FIRE SUNDAY MORNING

Grand Soda Company Establishment and Lycett's China Shop Ruined—Robbers Busy During Blaze.

R. E. BENSON INJURED IN TRYING TO ESCAPE

Grand Theater and Apartments in the Building Escape Damage — Loss to Building and to Soda Fount Covered by Insurance.

Fire originating in the basement of the Grand building, on Peachtree street, about 4 o'clock Sunday morning, almost completely destroyed the establishments of the Grand Soda company and the Lycett China shop, and for some time threatened to spread to the second floor of the building and to the Grand theater. During the blaze one man was badly injured.

Although the damage to the building is estimated at about five thousand dollars by fire officials, the damage to the fixtures and supplies in the two establishments gutted by the blazes will run into a large sum.

The Grand building is a part of the DeGive estate, and it is said that the damage done to the building is fully covered by insurance.

Flames Are Checked.

Although at times the blaze threatened to spread to the Grand theater and apartments on the second floor, the quick work of the firemen prevented this, and the theater escaped damage entirely. Only at one time did the flames reach the second floor, and then were quickly quenched by the firemen.

The Lycett China shop is owned by Mrs. William Lycett, Imperial hotel. Valuable chinaware and crockery were smashed in this place by falling timbers and the caving in of the floor.

The Grand Soda fount is owned by George S. Cox, 16 Carnegie way. The fount, tables, mirrors, plate glass windows and other fixtures in this establishment were completely destroyed by the fire and water. Five downtown fire companies responded to the fire alarm.

A dense cloud of smoke filled the entire building. The five floors above the first floor in the building are used as apartments. When the smoke first filled the building the residents were thrown into a near panic. Ladders were raised to the windows and persons brought from the smoke-filled building by the firemen.

The fire escapes were used by most of the people living in the building, but a few were dazed by the dense smoke and appeared at windows calling for help.

Damages to the Grand Soda company plant are estimated at $6,500 and are covered by insurance. Mrs. Lycett had just returned last night from a trip to New York. She said that she could not estimate the loss to her place of business and was not certain whether the damage was covered by insurance or not.

One Man Badly Hurt.

R. E. Benson, who lived in an apartment on the third floor of the building, is at Grady hospital in a critical condition following a fall he received when he attempted to climb from his apartment window on the third floor by means of a rope improvised of bed sheets, which broke under his weight.

The rope broke, and Benson fell to the alleyway below, sustaining a broken arm, a twisted back, a sprained leg and minor bruises. Physicians at Grady hospital Sunday night stated that an operation will be performed upon him shortly. It is not known whether he sustained internal injuries.

Dr. R. W. Aspley, who occupies a suite on the sixth floor, received a deep cut on his left arm when he smashed out the glass panel of a door that would not open in an attempt to reach the fire escape. Other persons having apartments in the building suffered minor cuts and bruises.

Robbers Are Busy.

More than 100 persons reside in the building, which is a combination office and apartment building. The occupants were thrown into a panic as the smoke reached the upper floors of the building.

While confusion reigned, and after almost every one had been forced to desert their rooms by the dense smoke, many suites were ransacked by robbers and many valuable ar-

Continued on Page 2, Column 4.

OPEN LETTER SENT BY MADISON BELL TO LUTHER ROSSER

Arbiter for Employees Says That Negotiations Must Be in Writing, Before Newspaper Men or With Stenographers Present.

COMPANY RESPONSIBLE FOR CRISIS, HE CLAIMS

Rosser Is Given Until Tuesday Evening to Resume Consideration of Names for Umpire—No Strike Order Before That Time.

Umpires Submitted

Names submitte by both sides of the controversy in the street car wage arbitration. No name has been accepted by either side.

By Madison Bell, arbiter for the employees: Mayor Key, Judge T. H. Jeffries, ordinary of Fulton county; Judge John D. Humphries, of Fulton Superior court; Judge George E. Johnson, city recorder; Clark Howell, of The Constitution; John S. Cohen, of the Journal; Buford Goodwin, of The Georgian; Frank Orme, of the Southern States Life Insurance Co.; and Asa G. Candler, Jr.

By Luther Z. Rosser, arbiter for the Georgia Railway and Power company: Joseph A. McCord, Judge John T. Pendleton, Judge H. M. Reid, George M. Brown, Dr. W. J. Blalock, Fuller Callaway, Joseph Gray, former railroad commissioner; Eugene R. Black, president Chamber of Commerce; U. S. Judge Sam Sibley, W. D. Ellis, Jr., Lee Ashcraft, Henry Y. McCord, M. B. Welborn, federal reserve bank; Judge Walter George, supreme court; Edmund W. Martin and Bishop Warren A. Candler.

Madison Bell, arbiter for the street car men in the controversy over the wage issue, announced Sunday night that he stands ready to continue the attempt to arbitrate the dispute with Luther Z. Rosser, representative of the company, provided the negotiations begin before Tuesday night. Mr. Bell also gave assurance that pending the acceptance of his offer no definite action will be taken by the executive committee toward calling a strike of the men before Tuesday night, the regular meeting night of the street car men's union.

The offer to again proceed with the attempts to arbitrate the wage issue was made by Mr. Bell in an open letter to Luther Z. Rosser, representative of the street railway company, and a condition of the negotiations, according to Mr. Bell, must be that they be either in writing, attended by newspapermen, or that the proceedings be taken down by stenographers.

Mr. Bell denies that he has broken off negotiations with Mr. Rosser, and claims that in each instance when announcements were made that negotiations had been broken off, he had not delivered an ultimatum, but had simply informed his opponent that he would have to retire and report to the executive committee. In the Key episode, at which time Mr. Bell was said to have offered the mayor's name as the only one he would consider, the union arbiter declares that he merely told Mr. Rosser that he would have to report the rejection to the executive committee. He states that he informed Mr. Rosser Saturday night also that he would have to report the matter of their failure to agree to his committee and that he requested Mr. Rosser to stay in his office until he could communicate with him by phone. Later, he de-

The Weather

RAIN.

Washington, February 29.—Forecast:

Georgia—Fair Monday and Tuesday, continued cold Monday; slightly warmer Tuesday.

Virginia—Fair Monday and Tuesday; not much change in temperature.

North Carolina and South Carolina—Fair and continued cold Monday and Tuesday.

Florida—Fair Monday, colder extreme south portion; Tuesday fair, somewhat warmer. Extreme northwest portion, fair and continued cold Monday; Tuesday fair and warmer.

Alabama and Mississippi—Fair Monday and Tuesday, continued cold Monday; slightly warmer Tuesday.

Tennessee and Kentucky—Fair Monday and Tuesday; warmer Tuesday, west portion.

The Constitution Will Publish Splendid Novel by Oppenheim

"The Great Impersonation," the latest and said to be the best of Oppenheim's novels—a gripping story of love, mystery, and international intrigue—will begin in The Sunday Constitution, March 7, and will run every day thereafter until completed.

With love and war predominating, Oppenheim, master of fiction, has woven these two themes into a story which surpasses all his former creations, which won for him his place on the topmost rung of literary fame.

A remarkable record was achieved by this story when it first appeared in book form last month. So great was the public demand for the book that two reprints had to be run off within the month. It will appear in serial form exclusively in The Constitution.

clares, when he called Mr. Rosser's phone no one answered it.

Conferences Are Held.

Mr. Bell's open letter to Luther Z. Rosser was the biggest development of Sunday in the serious crisis that has been reached in the wage dispute between the Georgia Railway and Power company and its union employees. The letter, which is carried in full below, was given out after an all-day conference between Mr. Bell and the union heads. These conferences were held in the offices of Mr. Bell in the Atlanta National Bank building, and were attended by Hardy O. Teat, business agent for the union; G. H. Reardon, international executive committeeman; W. B. Honea, president of the local union, and other members of the executive council.

No statements were given out concerning the discussions that were held, or the actions taken by the committee, but assurances were given early in the afternoon that served to set at rest wild rumors that a strike of the car men would be called during the evening Sunday. The Constitution was besieged with anxious inquiries from people who kanted to know if the strike reports were true. The union heads, however, admitted that the situation to be extremely delicate, and would only commit themselves to the extent of giving assurance that no meeting would be called before Tuesday night, and that no official strike order will be issued pending the regular meeting of the street car men's local.

Bell Reviews Proceedings.

In his open letter to Mr. Rosser, Madison Bell reviews the entire proceedings, giving his version of the happenings of the past few days in the street car crisis.

He calls attention to his claim that he has negotiated contracts with the officials of the car company, getting results with them in an amicable way without either party resorting to the press to "bolster up their personal or official opinions."

He says that the employees of the company, who are aware of the fact that they receive less than one-half the per hour wage given laborers in all other crafts in the city, and that the pay they receive is smaller than their living demands, are entitled to commendation for the patience with which they have restrained themselves in the interest of the public welfare for the past two months.

"The men know this, and I know it," said Mr. Bell. "I believe in them and I am not going to have a matter of this vital importance trifled with by you (Rosser) or anybody else connected with the Georgia Railway and Power company."

Mr. Bell makes public the list of names that he declares he submitted to Mr. Rosser at the Capital City club Saturday night, saying that he read the names three times, and expresses wonder that Mr. Rosser's memory failed to retain them. This list is as follows: Judge Thomas H. Jeffries, ordinary of Fulton county; Judge John D. Humphries, of the Fulton superior court; Judge George E. Johnson, city recorder; Clark Howell, editor of The Constitution; John S. Cohen, of The Journal, and Buford Goodwin, of The Georgian; Frank Orme and Asa G. Candler, Jr.

Mysterious Remark.

Mr. Bell relates, from anther angle, the little scene at the Capital City club, during which Mr. Rosser accuses him of getting into a "pet" and breaking off the negotiations. Mr. Bell states that Mr. Rosser, when he (Bell) was preparing to copy the above list of names, made a remark that greatly astonished him, and caused him to observe to the company arbiter, "If that's the way you feel about it, then I am convinced that you and the company you represent do not want an umpire." Mr. Bell declined, however, to repeat the remark, which, he said, Mr. Rosser afterwards declared was not made seriously.

"I did not go to the newspapers," said Mr. Bell, referring to the incident of Saturday night, "but you did, and that is why the crisis of this situation is disturbing the people of Atlanta today."

In concluding his lettter, Mr. Bell says that the issues of the controversy are a living wage for the men, and not "the alleged peevishness on my part or the abormal temperament upon your part, and these will be eliminated from the discussion."

"I have pleaded with the men not to strike," he continues. "It is a weapon that should not be used except as a last resort, when every reasonable means has been employed to prevent it. Under these circumstances, if the company you represent desires to further negotiate with me before Tuesday night, I will be very glad of the opportunity.

"I shall insist that further negotiations either be in writing or in the presence of newspaper representatives or the proceedings be noted by stenographers."

Mr. Bell's Letter.

Mr. Bell's public letter to Mr. Rosser follows in full:

"Februarv 29, 1920.

"Mr. L. Z. Rosser, City. Dear Sir: I notice that you have again rushed to the newspapers, and in a lengthy statement, vigorously upheld your attitude in the conferences that have taken place between us in effort to reach a proper solution of the wage issue of the street car employees of this city.

"Personally, I have no objection to the method which you adopt in 'airing' your views; that is a prerogative of your own. I do object, however, to you misrepresenting my position in this matter.

"I was the attorney for the employees of this union last year and we reached a satisfactory agreement with the Georgia Railway and Power company.

"Since the latter part of December I have, as the attorney for the union, been in numerous conferences with the officials of the company, and an amicable agreement was reached on all issues for this year's contract but the one of wages, which was submitted to arbitration.

"I might suggest to you, for your calm consideration, that entire sincerity and courtesy prevailed throughout these previous negotiations, and not once were the newspapers resorted to as a means to bolster up our personal or official opinions.

Employees Have Been Patient.

"While it has been over two months since the new contract for this year was first considered, the employees of this company have, with the greatest paience, waited for the final result.

"They well deserve commendation; for I know they are not receiving a living wage commensurate with the prevalent cost of the necessaries of life.

"With all other issues solved, and with the hope that by the method of arbitration, speedy conclusion would be reached on the wage question, it was with entire satisfaction to all parties that this course of procedure was entered into.

"Immediately after the article of arbitration was signed I went to your office and gave you a copy and, after you read same, I asked that we consider it. You refused, giving as your reason insufficient knowledge of the subject matter, yet it is a known fact that you have been one of the general attorneys for this company for years, and should be entirely familiar with its contentions.

"I asked for a meeting at 8 o'clock that night and you declined, giving as a reason you had to visit a sick client.

"We met the next day and the hour of 2 o'clock in the afternoon was chosen at your solicitation. For two hours I asked that you submit me a name, or names, for umpire. No name was submitted. Yet it was the company that had asked for arbitration.

"At the end of our conference I came to the conclusion that you were 'quibbling.' If I am mistaken as to that, I regret the thought.

"I then stated to you that on the next day at 11 o'clock something definite had to be done in the matter.

"When I reached your office at that time I suggested at once that the three newspapers should be represented at our meeting, or in lieu of them, that stenographers be secured to take down what was said. You demurred to both suggestions.

Offered Mayor Key's Name.

"After soliciting for one hour an expression from you in regard to who should be considered for umpire, agreeing to offer a name if you would, and failing to get a suggestion from you, I then decided that as the company officials had been harping on the fact that the whole question at issue was one of great public concern, and realizing that the spirit of arbitration was to secure an umpire, I offered the Mayor of Atlanta, the public servant of the people, whose sworn duty is to act impartially between all corporations and the people, whose knowledge of the complexities of the situation would be valuable to both sides in our arriving at a speedy conclusion.

"I am of the opinion that an honest man subordinates his personal prejudices after he has become a sworn public official.

"When you declined to accept my nomination, I merely stated to you that the result of our conference would have to be reported to the executive committee of the employees.

"You were under the impression that this meant a strike. I told you that I had not mentioned strike, and that it was not on my mind.

"On leaving your office you did at last read some names to me. I then left.

"I am not responsible for the temper of the men when they feel like things involving them are not going along in a sincere manner. They were indignant at your attitude. These men do not receive one-half per hour for their work that is paid to the laborer in all other crafts of Atlanta. They do not get anywhere near the normal wage scale that is received by other like employees in other cities of the United States.

"They know this, I know it, I believe in them and I am not going to have a matter of this vital importance trifled with by you or anybody else connected with the Georgia Railway and Power Co.

Plead for Restraint.

"Regardless of my personal feelings in the matter, I attended the called meeting of employees after our interview and pleaded with them, on behalf of the people of Atlanta, to restrain themselves and continue to be patient until every reasonable and sane effort had been made to adjust their differences.

"I have for two months, in all my speeches to them, advised as correctly as I could, conservative action.

"Your officials have never realized the responsibility of my position. Only a high regard for the interest of the public has permitted this matter to stay in abeyance as long as it has.

"The meeting adjourned, after giving me full power in the matter, and no drastic action was taken. I immediately resumed negotiations with you. You have never taken this question up with me. I have always sought you and to accomodate you, have held all meetings in your office.

"I submitted the name of Thos. H. Jeffries, Ordinary of Fulton County, to you for consideration and at your suggestion to offer other names, consulted the executive committee as to the extent of my authority, and when told that I could submit as many names as I saw fit, I made up a list, and as you wanted to attend a banquet at the Capital City club, I agreed to later meet you at that place at 8 o'clock.

"As the banquet was to begin at 7:30, I thought the courteous thing to do was not to disturb you until 8:30 o'clock.

"At that time I entered the club, and at once sent for you.

"On your arrival, we went into the writing room and I read you a number of names from a list.

Submits List of Names.

"The names I read included Judge Thomas H. Jeffries, Judge John D. Humphries, Judge George E. Johnson, the editors of the three Atlanta newspapers, Constitution, Journal and Georgian; Frank Orme, secretary and treasurer of the Southern States Life Insurance, and Asa Candler, Jr. I had more names. You asked for six; I gave you that number. You said you would take Clark Howell, editor of The Constitution. I stated that I had not meant, nor had I given the names of the editors individually, but that they were to be considered collectively and as a unit. Take all three or none. I then showed you the entire list as I had prepared it. I asked you to consider the names submitted. I further stated to you that while I had the power to act in the matter, I would wait an hour, if necessary, for you to get in touch with the officials of your company to consult and advise them.

"I said that, and you know it.

"And yet in your interviews to the papers afterwards you left the impression on the public that I tried to abruptly precipitate an ending of the conference. I read over the names I submitted to you three times. You afterwards tell the public you could not retain them in your memory. Wonderful mind. Oh! what a wonderful mind!

"What few men in Georgia that wouldn't swap minds with you, and pay to boot.

"Well, if the people of Atlanta will let you make a scapegoat out of me on such a flimsy pretext, I am man enough to bear the burden.

"You have stated to the public that when you asked me to write out the names for you I became incensed. In other words, became so highly indignant, so terribly wrought up by the request. I broke up the negotiations and left you. Yes, left you solitary and alone to act as the bulwark for the people against a threatened calamity! There is no doubt you assumed the role of a guardian angel for the dear people. Fie—you admit it.

Reports to Committee.

"How in the name of logic are you going to sustain your honesty of purpose before the people, when you say I wouldn't give you a written list of names when you admit we went out and got, together, paper and pencil for that purpose? Now, is not this true? You sat down at a desk and I began to call off names to you. While you were writing you were talking. You made a remark that so thoroughly astonished me that I said, 'If that's the way you feel about it, then I am convinced you and the company you represent do not want an umpire.' I said it was my purpose to report back to my executive committee.

"You afterwards said that you did not mean to have made a remark that was to be taken seriously, and that if you had, you then and there apologized. This closed the incident with me.

"I told you to stay in your office for thirty minutes until I could report to the officials of the union and that I would call you up.

"In the presence of the union officials I did call you at your office and no one answered the phone. I gave out no interview to the newspapers.

"You did, and that is why the crisis of this situation is disturbing the people of Atlanta.

"I would not do you an injustice for anything on earth. I believe in your personal honesty, but in your official capacity, your zeal and zealous partisanship know no bounds.

"You did put one over on me in your hasty and entirely uncalled for interview. Remember, my responsibility in this matter is as great as yours. I have never threatened a strike to you or anyone else. I have never told you that you would have to take one name that I offered and if you did not accept dire consequences would follow.

Hourly Wage the Question.

"I have been living in Atlanta all my life. I have as much respect and consideration for the welfare and the peaceful enjoyment of my fellow citizens as you or any other man. The great question at issue should not be beclouded by injecting personalities. The question involved is that of hourly wage for my clients. Your company has got to stick to that issue. Any alleged peevishness on my part and any abnormal temperament on your part must and will be eliminated from this discussion.

"I have today pleaded again with the employees not to strike.

"It is a weapon that should be used only as a very last resort, when every sane and reasonable means has been employed to prevent it.

"Under these circumstances if the company that you represent desires to further negotiate with me before Tuesday night, I will be very glad of the opportunity.

"I shall insist that further negotiations either be in writing or in the presence of newspaper representatives or the proceedings thereof be noted by stenographers.

"In justice to my clients I have been compelled to go into this matter at such length and trusting that it will be received in the sincere spirit in which it is sent, I remain,

"Respectfully,

"MADISON BELL."

BOYS AND GIRLS ANSWERING CALL OF WANDERLUST

Seven young girls and boys, mysteriously disappearing from their homes and schools, are being sought for by anxious parents, relatives and frends.

Due to the fact that the ages of those who have left the paternal roof or departed from the classic walls confining them to the classrooms, are in that period when the mind is most impressionable; in that stage when romance and adventure is so alluring, it is by no means improbable that they have heard the beckoning call of excitement and have become infected with wanderlust.

The youngest member of this coterie of truants is Edward Henderson, 13 years of age, who disappeared from his home in Murray county, Georgia, January 15 of this year. Since that day, no news has been received of him, and his uncle, T. B. Henderson, of 12 Middle streeet, Atlanta, is very anxious about the young boy and is conducting a search for him.

A number of young girls and women are reported A. W. O. L. This list includes Maurice Harvard, 17 years old, who escaped from the Georgia Training School for Girls; Miss Lucille Dickens, 17 years of age, and Miss Louise Fisla, 22 years old, who are being searched for by Miss Ella Lee Barnett, matron of the Shelter lodge, Augusta, Ga.; Miss Mary Cook, 16 years of age, and Miss Verona Shumate, who left Clover, S. C., several days ago, and for whom the police are seraching.

The eighth missing youth is Charles A. Langsley, 15 years of age, who left his home in Nashville, Tenn., about a week ago. His father, J. A. Langsley, is very much worried over his absence.

GRAND BUILDING DAMAGED BY FIRE

Continued from First Page.

ticles, consisting mainly of jewelry, clothing and cash, were taken. Some of the thefts were reported to the police department Sunday.

Mrs. Leo Willis, of apartment No. 421, reported the loss of a lavaliere set with three diamonds, a gold watch bracelet, a cameo stickpin, a pair of gloves and $20 in cash. Thomas W. Jackson, who occupies an apartment on the same floor, lost a Smith & Wesson revolver and a valuable pair of cuff buttons.

Dr. R. W. Aspley, of suite No. 605-6, lost $77 in cash and a Howard watch valued at $100. Oother parties on the sixth floor reported losses. Small articles, including gold safety razors, flashlights, pocketbooks and toilet articles are also said to be missing.

The cause of the fire is not known, but an investigation will be made today.

FEDERAL CONTROL OF ROADS CEASES

Central Ticket Office in Atlanta Will Be Retained for Present—Number of Appointments Are Announced.

The United States railroad administration ceased to function at midnight, and rail and steamship lines of the United States are now under corporate control for the first time since December 31, 1917. In addition to the announcements of various officers of the lines in Atlanta Sunday, other appointments were given out Sunday by officials. Many promotions and other changes are noticeable in the rosters of the roads.

The offices of the Illinois Central railroad will open in the Healey building today. According to a wire received in Atlanta Sunday, F. H. Weber and E. F. Walker are made traveling freight and passenger agents.

Texas and Pacific.

The Texas and Pacific will likewise open offices in Atlanta Monday. They will be at 712 Citizens' and Southern Bank building, in charge of N. C. Woolridge as general manager. He will handle both freight and passenger trafic. This information was contained in a wire received Sunday from J. B. Payne, traffic manager of the road, at Dallas, Tex.

The Atlantic Coast Line railroad will open offices at 36 Central avenue. H. C. Allen will be general agent, and Hansford Sams will be commercial agent.

The consolidated ticket office on Peachtree street, on the ground floor of the Flatiron building, that was established when the federal rail administration ordered that all city ticket offices maintained by the various lines be abolished, will be maintained temporarily. It is not known when it is to be discontinued.

Southern Officers Named.

Washington, February 29.—Additional appointments of Southern railway officers were announced here today. The following were named by Vice President Henry W. Miller:

T. H. Gatlin, chief engineer of construction; C. R. Craig, general purchasing agent; Pierce Horne, superintendent of real estate and conveyancing; W. F. H. Finke, tie and timber agent, and E. B. Berry, superintendent of insurance.

The following were named by General Purchasing Agent Craig: A. Telford, assistant general purchasing agent; L. H. Skinner, purchasing agent, and E. E. Hanson, assistant purchasing agent. All are to have offices in Washington.

The appointment of J. A. Baumgardner as general freight claim agent with offices in Washington and Chattanooga, Tenn., was announced by W. H. Gatchell, assistant to the vice president in charge of operation.

It also was announced that Guy E. Mauldin, formerly chief clerk in the office of the president, had been elected as assistant secretary with office in Washington, succeeding the late George R. Anderson.

FLETCHER N. MULLIN DIES SUNDAY MORNING

Fltcher N. Mullin, 33 years of age, died at a private hospital at 8 o'clock Sunday morning. Mr. Mullin had been ill only a short while.

Mr. Mullin was widely known in Atlanta, where he had resided for a long while, his residence being at No. 287 North Boulevard. He was well known in insurance circles in this city, having been associated with his brother, John H. Mullin, general agent for the United States Casualty company. Mr. Mullin was also interested in other enterprises, having gained recognition in electrical circles through the perfection of certain electrical devices.

He is survived by his wife; a daghter, Beatrice, 5 years of age; his mother, Mrs. N. C. Mullin; two sister, Mrs. E. L. Barrett and Miss Annah Mullin, and one brother, John H. Mullin.

Funeral services will be conducted at the chapel of Greenberg & Bond at 3 o'clock Monday afternoon, Rev. C. B. Wilmer will officiate. The interment will be at West View cemetery.

CHAUNCEY OLCOTT, SUPPORTED BY AN IDEAL CAST, WILL BE AT THE ATLANTA THEATER TONIGHT IN HIS GREATEST SUCCESS, "MACUSHLA."

Theatrical Amusements.

Atlanta Theater
TONIGHT Tues. and Wed. Matinee Wed.
A. R. ERLANGER PRESENTS
CHAUNCEY OLCOTT
—in—
"MACUSHLA"
OLCOTT SINGS 4 NEW SONGS
PRICES—
Nights ..... 50c to $2.00
Wed. Mat. ..... 50c to $1.50

3 Nights Beg'g Thur. Mch. 4
MATINEE SATURDAY
ENGAGEMENT EXTRAORDINARY
THE OPERATIC EVENT OF THE SEASON
CREATORE GRAND OPERA COMPANY
Combined With the FAMED CREATORE ORCHESTRA—
GIUSEPPE CREATORE (Himself), Conductor.
SPLENDID BALLET — SUPERB CHORUS
PRINCIPALS FROM THE LEADING OPERA ORGANIZATIONS OF EUROPE AND AMERICA
Thurs., Mch. 4 "Aida"
Fri., Mch. 5 "Lucia"
Sat. Mat. Mch. 6 "Carmen"
Sat., Mch. 6 "Il Trovatore"
PRICES: Nights, $4, $3, $2, $1; Saturday Mat., $3, $2.50, $2, $1.
SEATS ON SALE TUESDAY
MAIL ORDERS NOW

Leap Year Brings Babes to Brighten Many Homes Here

Six Boys and Girls—the List Led by Twins—Reported to The Constitution On Night of February 29.

Six leap-year babies—four girls and two boys—is not so bad for one February 29. That is the number reported to The Constitution Sunday night.

The list received a fine start with the birth of twins—a boy and a girl—to Mrs. Frank Hooten, of McDonough, Ga., at Grady hospital a few minutes after midnight.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Longino announced the birth of a daughter, Vannie Evelyn, Sunday afternoon. Mrs. Harrison, of 356 Formwait street, became the mother of a daughter; Mrs. Taylor, of 11 Boykin street, gave birth to a daughter, and Mrs. Woods, of 85 Bryan street, is rejoicing over the birth of a son.

FALSE SWEARING LAID TO M'GILL; FREED ON BOND

E. J. McGill, who was arrested Saturday on an indictment returned against him Friday by the Fulton county grand jury, charging him with the offense of false swearing, was released after making a $1,000 bond. McGill's indictment grew out of his action in signing a $300 bond for Charlie Miller, an acquaintance, who was being held in the Tower under a misdemeanor charge. Miller, the principal in the bond, did not appear in court for trial and forfeiture proceedings were taken against McGill. Execution issued and it was found that young McGill did not own the property he claimed he did, but that his father own some real estate. This led to grand jury investigation and McGill's indictment.

Cor Colds, Grip or Influenza

and as a Preventative, take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets. Look for E. W. GROVE'S signature on the box. 30c.—(adv.)

"THAT'S HOW THE SHANNON FLOWS," "MACUSHLA ASTHORE," "'TIS AN IRISH GIRL I LOVE, AND SHE'S JUST LIKE YOU," "I'LL MISS YOU, OLD IRELAND; GOD BLESS YOU, GOODBYE," ARE FOUR DELIGHTFUL BALLADS THAT CHAUNCEY OLCOTT WILL SING IN "MACUSHLA" AT THE ATLANTA THEATER TONIGHT.

FITZGERALD WANTS ODD FELLOWS' HOME

Fitzgerald, Ga., February 29.—(Special.)—Fitzgerald's Odd Fellows are making an earnest effort to secure for Ben Hill county the proposed phan home for the Georgia I. O. O. F. The local lodge has voted $1,000 towards securing this home and has enlisted the co-operation of the Fitzgerald Chamber of Commerce. One hundred acres of highly improved land along the Dixie highway is being contemplated for the location.

HOTEL ASTOR

VISITORS who know New York will tell you that, despite its excellence of service and cuisine, Hotel Astor rates are no higher than those of any fine Hotel

Whether you want a single room or an elaborate suite you will find at the Astor the utmost in comfort. Here you will find New York's world of pleasure at your very door.

We would like to send you an interesting little booklet entitled "New York in your pocket." Write for it.

MEDITATION Cigar

Cigar Ideals

Most cigar-smokers set ideals that they think a perfect cigar should smoke up to, and then try to find such a cigar.

The search has proven Meditation the ideal cigar to so many critical smokers, that it has become the leader in popularity wherever it has been introduced.

Quality is the keynote in Meditations. A skillful blend of fine, mild Havana in 8 happy shapes. 10c, 2 for 25c and 15c straight.

At All Dealers'

J. B. Withers Cigar Co.
WHOLESALE DISTRIBUTORS
Phone M. 4951. 66 S. Forsyth St.

The Longfellow.



5 BIG VAUDEVILLE ACTS LOEW'S GRAND SHOWS CONTINUOUS 1 TO 11 P. M. WORLD OF FEATURE PICTURES
VAUDEVILLE—3:30-7-9 P. M.
MATINEE—10-20c NIGHTS—15-25-35c
NO DAMAGE BY FLAMES
FRANK & MAZIE HUGHES
A BEAUTIFUL, GRACEFUL DANCE ROMANCE
Wilbur & Lyke | Phil Davis
McEvoy & Wilson | Gilroy, Dolan, Corriell
FRANK KEENAN in "SMOULDERING EMBERS"

B. F. KEITH'S VAUDEVILLE LYRIC 2:30 P. M. 7:30 P. M. 9:15 P. M.
MONDAY — TUESDAY — WEDNESDAY
NED NORWORTH and EVELYN WELLS
"An Eccentric Display of Variety"
GINGER SNAPS — A Musical Menu Well Seasoned
JACK LAVIER — All in the Spirit of Jest
BOB TIP & CO. — "The Greatest Dog Alive"
Francis Yates and Gus Reed
In "DOUBLE CROSSING"

ARS GRATIA ARTIS

Samuel Goldwyn Presents
Will Rogers in





"Jubilo"

"Tell them that you lied!"

In addition to being a cowpuncher with a punch, a humorist without effort, a wit without malice, an actor without pose, and an artist with bells on—

Will Rogers can also get mad!

As Jubilo he's a hobo, a rough diamond who rubbed up against a job until the sparkle of a man shone through.

Twice he made good!

Once when he beat up the cad who lied about Rose Hardy and next when he tried to take the blame for the big train hold-up that they were trying to hang on her father.

See Will Rogers—see his smile—see his titles—see his acting—he's the biggest photo-comedy find since the motion picture was invented!

Other New Goldwyn Releases:
Rex Beach's "The Girl from Outside"
Geraldine Farrar in "The World and its Woman"
Madge Kennedy in "Strictly Confidential"
Rex Beach's "The Silver Horde"
Geraldine Farrar in "Flame of the Desert"
Pauline Frederick in "The Loves of Letty"
Goldwyn Bray Animated Cartoons

Watch For This
Goldwyn Picture at Your Favorite Theater

GOLDWYN
MOTION PICTVRES

THIS GREAT SATURDAY EVENING POST STORY
—WILL BE PRESENTED AT THE—
FORSYTH THEATER
TODAY — TOMORROW — WEDNESDAY

"There's a Rogers Store Near You"

MONDAY AND TUESDAY

Pure Bulk Hog Lard, lb.	25c
Tall can Evaporated Milk	13c
Pillsbury's Flour, 24 lbs.	$1.97
Rogers LaRosa Flour, 24 lbs.	$1.67
Rogers "37" Self-Rising Flour, 24 lbs.	$1.67
Richland Lilly Flour, 24 lbs.	$1.84
Dry Lima Beans, lb.	15c
Michigan Navy Beans, lb.	10c
Calif. Blackeyed Peas, lb.	10c
6 lbs. Bulk Grits	25c
25c pkg. Cream of Barley	15c
Del Monte Tomato Sauce	7c
10 lbs. bulk Meal	46c
1-lb. can Rumford's Baking Powder	22c
½-lb. can	12c
15c Bottle Sauer's Extract	11c
35c Bottle Price's Extract	22c
Sunbeam Instant Tapioca	12c
Octagon, Ivory, Palmolive, Fels Naptha Soap, each	8c
Crystal White Soap	7½c
Rogers' 16-oz. loaf Quality Bread	8c

ROGERS'
102-Economy Stores-102

There's class, too, in Spur's "Brown-and-Silver" Package. Triple wrapping keeps Spurs fresh and rich.

There's always room at the top

for the cigarette that is not merely a new brand-name, but a decidedly new idea in cigarettes. Spur fits in right there—a slower-burning, longer-lasting enjoyment of a choicer tobacco blend.

Try "Spur" and see.

20 for 20

Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.



SPUR
Cigarettes

TRADE EXPANSION COMING TO AN END

That Is Prediction of Federal Reserve Board. Upward Movement of Prices Not Checked.

Washington, February 29.—Early ending of the general expansion which has characterized war and immediate post-war periods was forecast in a statement summarizing February business conditions, issued tonight by the federal reserve board. The upward movement of prices so far as the board could ascertain generally had not met with any check.

Financial and banking authorities everywhere were asserted to be looking more seriously at the general situation in credit and beginning to urge the adoption of conservative policies. While the review asserted that this could not be accepted as meaning that "the orgy of speculation" had been absolutely checked, there was said to be the indisputable evidence that banks were exercising a "greater degree of discrimination and judgment in complying with the demands of their customers."

"Throughout practically all of the reports of federal reserve agents," the statement said, "there runs plainly a recognition of the existence of an overstrained condition of credit and of some continued tendency toward speculative operations. High living costs and the upward movement of prices have apparently not been checked, although there is a decrease in prices in certain lines and a tendency toward restricted trade in others. Interest rates are rising in most districts while banks are exercising a greater degree of discrimination and judgment in meeting the demands of their customers."

Contraction in Trading.

The increase in interest rates has had the effect of lowering security quotations, the board found, as even the best investment securities have suffered in this respect. It also has had the effect of forcing a shrinkage, or contraction in the volume of trading in all classes of securities, the magnitude of which was regarded as alarming by the board several months ago. In some federal reserve districts there were indications of a reduction in the volume of speculation in commodities.

"The effects of the decrease in discount rates," the statement continued, "made themselves evident in a more conservative attitude on the part of member banks with respect to industrial expansion and in the cutting of commitments on speculative account.

"Contraction of bank credit was not, however, exactly general throughout the country, but the reduction reported in the New York district was partially offset by an increase elsewhere. A decline in bank deposits, both in the financial centers and elsewhere, has occurred, a part being due to the withdrawal of government funds. Very great difficulty in placing both commercial and conservative investment securities in satisfactory quantities is reported by dealers."

Prosperous Spring Season.

General prospects at the close of February were for an active and prosperous spring season in all lines, the statement said. Agricultural prospects were said to be "reassuring," and the curtailment in exports, due to the exchange situation, while undoubtedly beginning to make itself felt, were believed by many of the banking authorities soon to be of benefit to the consumer here rather than injurious. It was pointed out also that there was a tendency to resist the advance in prices and that greater care was being exercised in purchasing, all of which were regarded as "favorable symptoms."

General manufacturing was reported very active all over the country.

Wholesale trade conditions were said to be prosperous almost throughout the country. In reporting individual lines, the statement remarked that the demand for good grades of shoes, regardless of price, seems to continue, and shoe price lists for the new season are higher than ever.

Some improvement was noted in general labor conditions. There was an "unfavorable aspect," however, and a tendency reported from various districts toward a restriction of output. Even in those cases, it was shown, the opinion was occasionally expressed that the effect of the restrictive policy is beginning to be understood by those practicing it as injuring them as much as any other class.

The most serious situation in the labor field is that of farm workers. A genuine scarcity is noted which, the board feared, might result in a reduction in farm acreage. This was said to be particularly true of the southwest, and some apprehension was felt as to the solution of the problem in that region, with the spring season on in many communities.

RAILROADS RETURNED TO THE OWNERS

Continued from First Page.

as to sentiment among the leaders who had read the president's statement in answer to their request that he withhold his approval from the bill. They said they had stated their case, and that until a policy can be determined, they would remain silent as to future action.

Resumption of competition.

With the lines again under private control, there will be almost immediately a resumption of the "days of competition." Corporation heads have been preparing for this for several months. The various roads will attempt to divide again the business which has been handled jointly during federal control, reports indicated.

The roads go back to private control under largely new conditions. The railroad bill, signed last night by the president, gives the systems certain new privileges, but, as an offset, it enlarges the interstate commerce commission, both in powers and personnel. The corporations no longer are masters completely of their bond issues, nor are they allowed to stand solidly against labor for labor's demands; if not met by arbitration and negotiation between the parties concerned, they go to the high court provided in the bill, and on which sit, in addition to labor and railroad representatives, public representatives as well.

In resuming operation of their properties, the corporations have a particularly valuable psychological asset bequeathed them, in the opinion of Director General Hines. The corporations, he believes, have public sentiment as favorable to them as at any time in their history. Also, the properties are regarded by those who have controlled them for the last two years as being able to meet the heaviest demands which can be made upon them.

Regarding Finances.

As for finances, Mr. Hines has asserted that the corporations would have difficulty obtaining the necessary credit had the government not extended its care to them during the war. This difficulty has been swept aside to some extent, for the roads can obtain loans from the government in these days of strained credit, it was explained. The interstate commerce commission is also bound by law to consider the roads' financial status in rate-making so the properties may always stand on a solid base.

Development of water transportation, instituted by the railroad administration, is to be continued under the direction of the war department. The whole organization which has handled this part of the railroad administration's duties will be transferred to the jurisdiction of Secretary Baker. This includes the operation of barges and towboats on the Mississippi river between St. Louis and New Orleans; batween the Alabama coal fields and the Gulf of Mexico on the Warrior river project; on the New York barge canal and on the Delaware and Raritan canal. These waterways systems are regarded by Mr. Hines as representing a "mere beginning," and in relinquishing control of them he advocates a continuation of the development "in order that a practicable test may be made of utilizing the nation's inland waterways."

Meigs Licenses Fixed.

Meigs, Ga., February 29.—(Special.)—At a recent meeting of city council it was decided to make the license for carnivals $50 to $100 per day in the discretion of the mayor. This is, beyond a doubt, a prohibitive license on the class of shows that come under the classification of carnivals. A number of business licenses were also raised considerably higher than they have ever been.

VALUE OF CHURCH TO CITY STRESSED

Influence Needed to Bring About Just Settlement of Street Car Differences, Says Dr. C. B. Wilmer.

The value of the church in all industrial, commercial and civic progress was emphasized in the Sunday sermon of Dr. C. B. Wilmer, preached upon the request of the Atlanta chamber of commerce, in anticipation of the membership-expansion drive which begins today.

Mentioning the conferences held regarding the street car situation, Dr. Wilmer said:

"We need the influence of the church to increase the existing good feeling between the different races and different industrial classes. We need the influence of the church in Atlanta to bring about a just and amicable settlement between the Georgia Railway and Power company and its employees.

"In that connection, I want to call attention to a notice appearing in the morning papers to the effect that a meeting was called for 11 o'clock this morning to deal with that subject.

"While this service is going on in St. Luke's, and similar sermons are being held in all the churches of the city, one or more committees are considering some arrangement for the street car company and the workers to get along with each other for a certain period of time, longer or shorter.

"This particular meeting is of the executive committee of the laboring men," he continued. "Whether or not the other side is meeting, I do not know. But, anyway, the fact of any such meeting at this hour of the day is significant."

Dr. Wilmer said that he was not speaking in a sense of criticism; that he was neither a Sabbatarian nor a Puritan, and that the men who were meeting on the Sabbath were within their legal and moral rights, "exercising their God-given liberty of action."

The minister then brought out the idea that the conference would have been brought to a better conclusion probably, in his opinion, if the proceedings had awaited Monday, and those in the conference had attended their wonted places of public worship. "Then," he said, "would not both sides be on Monday morning in a better frame of mind for composing their differences?"

Dr. Wilmer spoke in detail on the various phases of activity which the church stood for, which were paramount issues in civic progress.

"Speaking now quite generally," he concluded, "if we are aiming at a population of 500,000, is it not right to give some consideration to the thought that if we have not the right sort of people, 500,000 inhabitants will make twice as much trouble, at the very lowest estimate, as 250,000?"

Plane Crashes.

Washington, Ga., February 29.—(Special.)—Washington's first airplane accident occurred yesterday afternoon, resulting in the complete wreck of the plane and slight personal injuries to Pilot Atkey and his passenger, John Norris, of this city, who were returning from Augusta. When the plane was just ready to alight at the East Georgia fair grounds a sudden gust of wind threw it out of its landing course into an electric light pole. The propeller was splintered and the wings of the plane were badly damaged.

Patterson Postmaster.

(By Constitution Leased Wire.)

Washington, February 29.—Otto A. Mercer has been appointed postmaster at Patterson, Pierce county, Georgia, vice B. D. Sweat.

SITUATION IN CILICIA REPORTED IMPROVING

Paris, February 29.—The general situation in Cilicia is improving, according to advices received today by The Temps, which state that Prince Feisal, son of the King of the Hedjaz, has ordered the Arabian elements which had joined the Turkish nationalists to withdraw. The Temps also learns that Mustapha Kemel Pasha, the Turkish nationalist leader, has issued an order against further attacks on French troops.

The French command, according to other advices, is continuing to take measures to prevent the cooperation of Turkish and Arabian bands. Important forces have been concentrated in the Killis region, which divides the area inhabited by Turkish speaking people from Syria.

An official statement today declares dispatches are indicating a considerable French loss in the vicinity of Marash to be exaggerated. The total casualties were little more than 100, the statement says, and of these, only a few were killed.

MANY ELECTIONS BEFORE COUNCIL

Greatest Interest Today, However, Centers in the Contest for Place of City Purchasing Agent, Resigned by Chambers.

Election of a city purchasing agent overshadows in interest every other matter scheduled to come before the city council this afternoon.

Friends of W. E. Chambers, the incumbent, who will be nominated for re-election, and those of J. J. Martin, who will be nominated to succeed him, have been conducting an intensive campaign, and its climax is expected to be one of the hottest fights staged in months on the floor of council. J. J. Simmons, former purchasing agent for Kelley Brothers, grocers, and C. P. Taylor, of the city marshal's office, may also be nominated, it is reported.

Mr. Chambers has not announced himself as a candidate for re-election, but his friends have insisted on placing his name in nomination, and claim that a canvass of council shows his return to the office to be assured.

Many Elections Today.

At the meeting today four police commissioners and nine trustees of Grady hospital are scheduled to be elected, and an application will be presented from Dr. E. D. Highsmith and Dr. J. D. Manget for permission to conduct a sanitarium at 606 Edgewood avenue. Protest has been filed against the application, and it is expected to be referred to the committee on hospitals and charities. A resolution from the board of firemasters recommending the sale of the North Pryor street fire station will also be acted on.

In the purchasing agent contest, Mr. Chambers has the support of three members of the special committee of four appointed two weeks ago to investigate the qualifications of prospective candidates for the post. Mr. Chambers had offered his resignation to council, to become effective on March 1, but after probing the merits of various candidates mentioned for the position of purchasing agent, the three members joined in a recommendation that Mr. Chambers be re-elected at a salary of $3,300 a year, an increase of $900. The members were Councilman A. J. Orme, chairman of the finance committee; Alderman E. Harry Goodhart and City Comptroller B. Graham West.

Mayor Key, the fourth member, signed a minority report, recommending the election of John J. Martin, formerly in the division of the United States railway mail service, and later with the Y. M. C. A. overseas.

The finance committee of the council has been called to meet at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon, and it is said one of the special matters to be considered will be the proposal to raise the pay of the purchasing agent.

Should it be favored in the committee and in council, some have expressed the opinion that the mayor would veto it.

Police Commissioners.

Police commissioners are to be elected from the first, seventh, eighth and ninth wards, with contests expected in the first and ninth.

Commissioners whose terms have expired are as follows: A. M. Corrie, first ward; I. N. Sheffield, seventh ward; E. H. Inman, eighth ward, and C. L. Barnwell, ninth ward.

Terms of the following trustees of Grady hospital have expired, and their places will be filled today: W. B. Brotherton, first ward; J. L. McCord, second ward; Dr. W. E. Baker, third ward; H. J. Penn, fifth ward; Dr. T. G. Longino, seventh ward; T. C. Erwin, ninth ward, and from the city at large, E. W. Martin, H. Y. McCord and J. H. Hirsch. No contests are reported.

MEN FOR PRESIDENCY MENTIONED BY WOMEN

Washington, February 29.—Five democrats and five republicans, who have been mentioned as possible presidential candidates, in statements to the National Woman's party, made public today, join in urging ratification of the suffrage amendment in time for women to vote for president next November. They include Major General Leonard Wood, Governor Frank O. Lowden, of Illinois; Senators Harding, of Ohio; Poindexter, of Washington, and Johnson, of California, republicans, and Senator Owen, of Oklahoma; Attorney General Palmer, William G. McAdoo, James W. Gerard and W. J. Bryan.

Thirty-three of the necessary thirty-six states have ratified the amendment by which it is estimated approximately 25,000,000 women would become eligible to vote.

COAL STRIKE CAUSED BY BREAD COST RISE

Brussels, February 29.—A general coal strike has broken out in the mining district of Boringe because of the rise in the cost of bread and the use of whole meal for the making of bread. The Belgian miner not only prefers white bread because he always has been accustomed to it, but he sees in the cheaper price of whole meal an attempt, which he resents, to provide one bread for the rich and another for the poor. He objects also to the chamber spending its time discussing questions like Flemish activities and votes for women instead of matters closely relating to his welfare. He demands a 15 per cent raise in wages without an increase in the price of coal. At present he is engaged in perambulating the district trying to bring out workers in other industries.

Trains for Prisoners.

(By Constitution Leased Wire.)

Berlin, February 29.—The Neue Berliner Zeitung states that the soviet government will provide a train service between Moscow and Berlin twice weekly for the exchange of prisoners. The paper also learns that shipping service between Hamburg and Odessa is being arranged. Russia will supply grain chiefly in exchange for agricultural implements and machinery.

COMMITTEE MEETS SURPRISE TO GARRETT

Democratic Congressman of Tennessee Protests Actions During His Absence.

By James A. Hollomon.
(By Constitution Leased Wire.)

Washington, February 29.—"Surprise beyond measure" was expressed by Representative F. J. Garrett, Democrat of Tennessee, in a letter to Representative W. J. Graham, republican, of Illinois, chairman of the committee on expenditures in the War Department at the holding of meetings of the Ordinance sub-committee during Mr. Garrett's absence in violation of an agreement.

Representative Garrett, who is minority member of the Ordnance subcommittee of the war investigating committee, was made a member of the congressional committee which recently visited the Virgin Islands. He was absent from the capital about three weeks, but prior to his departure, reached an understanding with the majority members of the Ordnance sub-committee, Chairman Graham and Representative Jeffries of Nebraska, that no hearings would be conducted during his absence.

To his surprise, upon his return to the capital, he learned that the majority members had gone ahead with hearings, had examined witnesses, obtaining only such evidence as they wished to have placed in the record. He at once wrote a letter of protest to Chairman Graham, which he succeeded in having placed in the committee's record at one of its sessions this week.

Letters of Protest.

"Upon my return to Washington from the official trip to the Virgin islands, I was surprised beyond measure to find that during my absence, sub-committee No. 5 had taken the testimony of a number of witnesses on several different days," wrote Mr. Garrett. "There was a distinct and explicit understanding that no testimony would be taken during my absence . . . . . To say that I am surprised is to put the matter mildly. I cannot possibly conceive of any exigency arising touching the matters which a very hurried examination shows to have been testified about that justified the disregard of the agreement made. I have sought throughout this investigation to co-operate with the committee in every proper way. I have made no requests for the consideration of my personal convenience, but have in all instances adapted myself to the convenience of the committee. As the only minority member of the sub-committee, I have felt it to be not only a right, but an imperative duty to attend all hearings. In the few instances in which my personal situation has been such as to render this impossible, I have not felt at liberty to request any postponement, and have entered, and shall enter no complaint, but my trip to the Virgin Islands was not for my personal pleasure, but wholly as a matter of official duty. Had I known that the sub-committee No. 5 of the War Expenditures committee was to proceed with its hearings, I should have felt it my duty to have declined service upon the Virgin Islands commission and attended upon the hearings of the sub-committee, and would have done so. . . . . Both self-respect and official duty seem certainly to require that I should indicate to you the astonishment and embarrassment resulting from the course pursued."

Republican Tactics.

The incident is without special significance save, according to Democratic leaders, that it serves once more to emphasize that of which the country is already well apprised, that the whole investigation into the conduct of the war, made by such extreme partisans as Representative Frear of Wisconsin, and others of the Republican committee majority, is for partisan purposes, and that to attain their ends, they have all along been resorting to tactics that minority members of the House charge are extremely unfair.

MERGER IS EFFECTED OF SELMA PAPERS

Selma, Ala., February 28.—Final details were completed here this afternoon whereby The Selma Times and Selma Journal were bought by a corporation of business men and the announcement made that the properties will be merged under one management for the publication of Th Selma Times-Journal was made.

The company taking over the two plants is capitalized at $50,000 and Sam F. Hobbs is president. F. T. Rifford, former editor of The Selma Times, will be editor of the merged paper, which will issue afternoon and Sunday. The full leased service o the Associated Press will be carried by the paper.

Kidd Is Treasurer.

Newnan, Ga., February 29.—(Special.)—Consolidated returns showed J. T. Kidd elected county treasurer. Other winners were announced in yesterday morning's Constitution.

POLICY IS OUTLINED FOR LABOR RELATIONS

Cleveland, Ohio, February 29.—The committee on labor relations of the Cleveland Chamber of Commerce has formulated a labor relations policy, set forth in a declaration of principles concerning labor relations for Cleveland, said to be the first instance in the country where a definite policy has been planned for a community by a group of leaders of industry and labor.

The declaration represents the cumulative efforts of the committee in recent months, following the efforts of President Wilson's round table conference to suggest a solution of industrial problems, of which Paul F. Feiss, president of the Cleveland Chamber of Commerce, who was secretary of the public group, and previous similar committees of the chamber during the past four years. Warren S. Stone, grand chief of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, is a member of the committee.

Representative Negotiations.

Representative negotiations is the term used by the committee to replace collective bargaining and, as defined, provides for negotiations between an employer and a committee of his employees, aided, if they desire, by a competent advocate or adviser of their own choosing. This plan is similar to the method used by the railroad brotherhoods, and is equally applicable to the shop committee method.

Progressive recommendations of the committee include advice to employers to take the workers into their confidence and to place before their employees financial and other information concerning their enterprises.

The committee opposes compulsion by either employer or employee to maintain a union or non-union shop, but recognizes the possibility of a mutual agreement of this character.

The report recognizes that the eight-hour day has been adopted as standard in many industries and establishments.

The declaration places the public's right to service above the employees' right to strike, and the employer's right to lock out; advocates uninterrupted service to the public pending settlement of disputes, and proposes publication of the facts relating to labor controversies to advise the public of their merits.

Production Is Required.

Public interest requires increasing production, the report says.

The cost of living is given first place in wage considerations. Overtime work is discouraged, and the Saturday half-holiday encouraged. The safeguarding of the health of workers is advocated and also enforcement by public officials of all laws in respect to coercive measures.

If called as arbitrator or board of investigation, the committee will be guided by the declaration of principles.

The declaration is now being submitted to the members of the chamber for comments and suggestions prior to action by the chamber's board of directors. If the directors approve the report, every effort will be made to secure the adoption of these labor principles by Cleveland employers and employees, thus establishing a community labor relations policy.

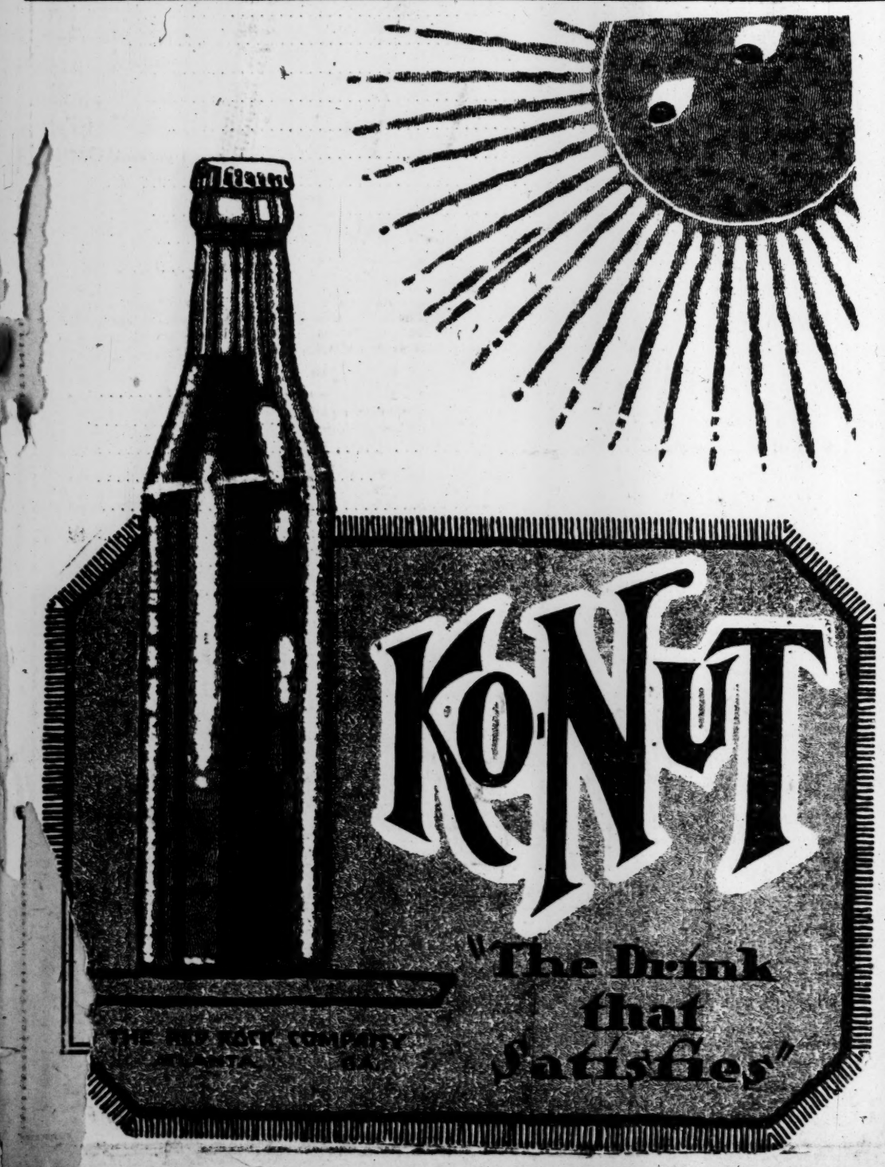
4,946,000 FRANCS GIVEN BY WIDOW OF BACON

Paris, February 29.—Mrs. Robert Bacon, widow of the late Colonel Robert Bacon, at one time American ambassador to France and a former secretary of state, has just placed in the hands of the trustees of the American hospital in Paris 4,946,000 francs with the request that it be devoted to endow 24 beds in free wards of the new American hospital, which is to be built at Neuilly. This endowment is given in memory of Colonel Bacon, who was president of the American hospital.

Mrs. Bacon's gift brings the hospital's total yearly revenue from endowment to 344,900 francs, the amount required to operate the hospital.

ALEXANDER A. DIXON DIES IN BRUNSWICK

Brunswick, Ga., February 29.—(Special.)—Alexander A. Dixon, 33, one of Brunswick's best-known and most popular young business men, passed away at noon today, after a week's illness with influenza which developed into pneumonia. He is survived by his widow and one child, Alex, Jr. Before her marriage Mrs. Dixon was Miss Allie Jones, of Macon. Other survivors are his mother and three brothers. All residing in Durham, N. C. The funeral will be held Monday from the First Methodist church.



Out to-day

New Victor Records for March

More music-lovers look to the Victor for musical entertainment than to any other source, for the Victor presents the best that the entire world of music has to offer. On the first of every month the Victor places before these hosts of music-lovers a new program which gratifies the most varied demands.

Look over this list of new Victor music and mark the selections which particularly appeal to you. Then hear them at any Victor dealer's.

		Number	Size	Price
My Jesus, as Thou Wilt	Sophie Braslau	64845	10	$1.00
Malaguena (Spanish Dance) Piano	Alfred Cortot	64846	10	1.00
A La Luna (To the Moon)	Emilio de Gogorza	64847	10	1.00
Last Tears (Posledni Slzy)	Emma Destinn	87306	10	1.00
Kol Nidrei Violin	Mischa Elman	74601	12	1.50
Rigoletto—Piangi, Fanciulla! (Weep, My Child)	Amelita Galli-Curci and Giuseppe De Luca	87567	10	1.50
That Tumble-Down Shack in Athlone	John McCormack	64837	10	1.00
Rienzi Overture—Part I	Philadelphia Orchestra	74602	12	1.50
Rienzi Overture—Part II	Philadelphia Orchestra	74603	12	1.50
I Might Be Your "Once-in-a-While" / You Are Free	Olive Kline	45173	10	1.00
Behind Your Silken Veil—Medley Fox Trot / Roses at Twilight—Medley Waltz	Yerkes' Jazzarimba Orchestra / Yerkes' Jazzarimba Orchestra	18636	10	.85
Now I Know / I'll Always Be Waiting For You	Shannon Four / Peerless Quartet	18642	10	.85
You'd Be Surprised—Medley One-Step Saxophone, Xylophone, Piano	All Star Trio	18643	10	.85
Keep Movin'—Fox Trot Saxophone, Xylophone, Piano	All Star Trio			
You Know What I Mean / Bell Hop Blues	Al. Bernard / Al. Bernard	18644	10	.85
Was There Ever a Pal Like You? / You're a Million Miles From Nowhere	Henry Burr / Charles Harrison	18645	10	.85
Apple Blossoms—Medley One-Step / Carolina Sunshine—Waltz	Joseph C. Smith's Orchestra / Joseph C. Smith's Orchestra	18646	10	.85
Mystery—Medley Fox Trot / Oh!—Medley Fox Trot	Paul Biese and His Novelty Orchestra / Paul Biese and His Novelty Orchestra	18647	10	.85
To a Water Lily Violin, Flute, 'Cello, Harp / Spring Song (Mendelssohn) Violin, Flute, 'Cello, Harp	Florentine Quartet / Florentine Quartet	18648	10	.85
A Wise Bird (2) Cuckoo Music (3) A Star Child (4) Pretty Tulip / The Blacksmith (2) Buttercups (3) Tick-Tock (4) The Violet (5) Our Flag	Laura Littlefield / Laura Littlefield	18649	10	.85

Hear these new Victor Records to-day at any Victor dealer's. He will gladly give you an illustrated booklet describing these new records and play any music you wish to hear. New Victor Records demonstrated at all dealers on the 1st of each month. Victrolas in great variety from $25 to $1500.

Victrola



Victor Talking Machine Co.

Camden New Jersey

MEXICANS ELUDE AMERICAN POSSE

Sheriff and Deputies Who Followed Murderous Bandits Across Border Have Returned.

Nogales, Arizona, February 29.—Sheriff R. R. Earhart's posse returned to Montana camp tonight after a fruitless search below the international boundary line for Ezequiel Lara and a companion, alleged Mexican bandits, charged with the killing of Alexander J. Fraser and the serious wounding of his brother, John A. Fraser, during a raid Friday at Aravaca, Pima county, Arizona.

Sheriff Earhart said he followed a "hot trail" to the border, but after he crossed he lost all trace of the bandits.

Colonel E. C. Carnahan, commander of the Nogales military district, emphatically denied tonight that men of his command had gone into Mexico in pursuit of Lara and his companion.

John A. Fraser is tonight dying of his wounds, surgeons at the army base hospital said. His wife and children are en route to his bedside from San Diego.

John A. Fraser told the story of the raid Friday on the store owned jointly by him and his brother. He identified one of the bandits as Lara, a former employee of the Frasers in the Oro Blanco district. Lara was accompanied by another Mexican. They entered the store and ordered: "Hands up," according to Fraser. Then, without warning, they began shooting. Alexander Fraser was almost instantly killed.

John A. Fraser was shot down and the bandits took what they pleased and departed on horseback.

Divisional General Manuel M. Diguez, who today resumed full command of the military forces in the state of Sonora, accompanied by the Mexican consul here and the mayor of Nogales, Sonora, called yesterday on American Consul Francis J. Dyer and expressed regrets over the killing of Alexander Fraser and the wounding of John A. Fraser.

NO COMMENT BY WASHINGTON.

Washington, February 29.—State department officials today declined to comment on the killing of Alexander J. Fraser, an American citizen, and the serious wounding of his brother, Jack Fraser, said to be a Canadian, during a raid Friday by two Mexicans at Arivaca, Pima county, Arizona. The raid was reported to the department today by the American consul at Nogales, who said that the bandits looted the general store operated by the Fraser brothers and robbed the postoffice at Ruby, in Santa Cruz county, Arizona.

Dispatches from Nogales today stated that deputy sheriffs from Santa Cruz county and a posse from Tucson crossed the international boundary into Mexico last night in pursuit of the bandits.

The war department had no report on the incident, and Secretary Baker said the matter was entirely in the hands of Major General Joseph T. Dickman, commander of the southern department.

Troop A of the Tenth cavalry, a negro regiment, is at Arivaca, it was said at the war department. Most of the Tenth is at Fort Huachuca, Arizona, but the First squadron (less Troops A and S) are at Nogales. Troop C is at Lochiel and Troop I is at Naco. The Twenty-fifth infantry, also a negro organization, is at Nogales. The Nineteenth Infantry and the First cavalry, white units, are at Douglas and vicinity.

WORKING TO AVERT NEW ORLEANS STRIKE

New Orleans, February 29.—In an effort to avert the threatened strike of all dock workers at this port, the committee of exchange presidents met this afternoon and appointed a committee to confer with a committee to be named by the Dock and Cotton council, made up of the union employees on the river front, and to consult officials of the Illinois Central railroad on the demands that the freight handlers who went on strike several weeks ago be re-employed by the railroad company.

Spokesmen for the dock workers at a meeting Saturday threatened a general strike on the river front if the men were not re-employed. The Illinois Central railroad, through its officials, stated that they were willing to take the men back as individuals, but not as a union. The workers were emphatic in their demands, and stated that unless these were granted, the strike was a certainty. The Dock and Cotton council is to meet tomorrow and name the committee to act with the business men in presenting the case to the railroad officials, and the outcome awaits the result of the proposed conference, which is to be held some time during Monday.

PITTSBURG MAT FANS SEEK TITULAR MATCH

Pittsburg, Pa., February 29.—(Special.)—Pittsburg has broken into the winning column as a wrestling center. A big mat show was staged last week—the firsts how with headliners in several years—and a record crowd turned out to see the matmen work. In th main bout Joe Stecher opposed Yussif Hussane, while in the semi-final Wladek Zbyszko met Jim Londos, the Greek champion. Efforts are now being made by Pittsburg promoters to stage a titular match between Joe Stecher and Stanislaus Zbyszko.

Agar and Jordan Chosen.

New York, February 29.—John G. Agar, of New York, has been elected a member of the Rockefeller foundation, and Dr. Edwin O. Jordan, chairman of the department of hygiene and bacteriology at the University of Chicago, has been made a member of the international health board of the foundation, it was announced here tonight.

In Memory of Estopinal.

Washington, February 29.—Memorial services were held in the house today for the late Representative Albert Estopinal, of Louisiana. Addresses were made by former Speaker Champ Clark, Representative Padgett, of Tennessee, and members of the Louisiana delegation.

FOOD CREDIT IS ASKED FOR CENTRAL EUROPE

New York, Feb. 29.—Immediate appropriation by congress of a $50,000,000 food credit for the relief of central European countries is urged in a cable message received here today by John McHugh, chairman of he commerce and marine committee of the American bankers' association. The message was from Fred I. Kent, a member of the committee, who for the past seven months has been studying conditions in Europe.

The credit should be granted by special order, Mr. Kent stated, adding that "the situation is so p. . ing that every day's delay is dangerous, and the late spring before the new crop is available may be the crucial period that will determine the immediate future of all Europe."

"The British government," he said, "has agreed to advance half of any amount that the United States will provide up to a total for Great Britain of ten million sterling advance and France and Italy are studying the proposition."

"The neutrals are also considering extending help," he added, "provided the United States takes the lead."

"Prompt action by congress will therefore release a large fund," continued Mr. Kent, "that should go far toward enabling the reconstruction of industry which will make it possible for the countries aided to help themselves.

"Should all the nations interested join in the plan, it is intended that a proper portion of raw materials and food will be purchased and the mistake of feeding people without giving them something to enable them to earn their living at the same time will not be made.

"The funds advanced by each nation will be expended for goods and service furnished by its own nationals. It would seem a great pity for our country to risk losing the results of their past action by failing to meet the needs of the present hour.

"American interests in this movement, through American trade and American need for peace throughout the world, are just as great as those of the European nations which are ready to take part upon American initiative, even though their economic position has been seriously disorganized."

Radio Transmitter Tuning Is Subject Of Club Lecture

A lecture on the subject of "The Tuning of Radio Transmitters" by President H. E. Buffey, of the Atlanta Radio club, featured the semi-monthly meeting of the club held at 8 o'clock Saturday night at the Y. M. C. A. building on Luckie street.

The meeting was attended by a large number of those interested in wireless telegraphy, and much enthusiasm was evidenced.

GOLD "T'S" AWARDED BEST TECH STUDENTS

Gold "T's" have been awarded the following members of the senior class at Georgia Tech: P. K. McCash, Atlanta, average 86.32; J. R. Wikle, Atlanta, 81.92; R. D. McNiece, Thomaston, 81.88; S. Y. Guese, Brookhaven, Miss., 81.81; L. W. Pollard, Atlanta, 81.65; W. R. Glisson, Macon, 81.60; B. S. Askew, Newnan, 80.77; H. Giddens, Columbus, 80.28; W. R. Reese, Rome, 79.95; E. Holleman, Atlanta, 79.50.

Each year the ten men of the senior class who have made the highest averages during the first three years of the course are awarded gold "T's" as a recognition of their good work. These emblems are solid gold pins in the shape of a "T."

The following six men received honorable mention: J. McDonald, Lithonia, 79.45; O. Bassarath, Cuba, 79.39; L. Carr, Uniontown, Ala., 79.20; S. B. Cockrill, Atlanta, 78.62; G. D. Phillips, Charlestown, W. Va., 78.51; L. R. Brumby, Marietta, 77.95.

May Renew Lease.

(By Constitution Leased Wire.)

Washington, February 29.—The postoffice department has accepted the proposal of William and B. T. Rawlings to renew lease for present quarters on west side of Harris street, between Church and Haynes street, at Sandersville, Ga.

EVERYBODY AFRAID IN WASHINGTON

Continued from First Page.

constructor of policies. As matters are now devised there are too few in the government whose business it is to plan. Every man is held to details, to the narrower view, which comes too often to be the department view or some sort of parochial view. We need for the day that is here and upon us men who have little to do but study the problems of the time and test their capacity at meeting them.

"In a word, we need more opportunity for planning, engineering, statesmanship above, and more fixed authority and responsibility below."

Most Distinctly American.

Describing the interior department as an "abiding place for a group of unrelated governmental agencies," the retiring secretary characterizes it none the less as "the most distinctly American of all the departments" and reviews briefly the aims and accomplishments of his administration, some of the former unrealized. Construction of the Alaskan railway, opening of Alaskan coal lands by a leasing system, waterpower development legislation and a leasing system of oil and mineral lands on the public domain are enumerated among the latter.

Alaska, the secretary thinks, is hampered by too much "red tape" in Washington, which is a "state policy in many of the government bureaus. Alaska, Mr. Lane says, should be administered by a federal board and the territory policed by a constabulary, as was northwestern Canada; should have her coasts made safe for navigation and have Canadian musk-ox crossed with the native reindeer to furnish a new meat supply to the Pacific coast.

Americanization, the development of the capital as an educational center for the country; farms for soldiers and developmetn of natural resources, are among the projects Mr. Lane leaves behind him, and his report argues for the wisdom of their prosecution.

Camilla Schools Open.

Thomasville, Ga., February 29.—(Special.)—The city schools of Camilla will open Monday after having been closed for two weeks on account of influenza. The health board has decided that the disease has subsided sufficiently there to warrant the opening.

AMUSEMENTS

Chauncey Olcott.

(At the Atlanta.)

When Chauncey Olcott sings "Macushla AsHore" at the Atlanta theater tonight he is bound to attain the success of former years with this new song. Mr. Olcott's singing has always been a feature of his plays, and with the above song and three other new ones, he will surely please his admirers of many years' standing. The Atlanta engagement is for three nights and Wednesday matinee, and the play to be presented, "Macushla," is acclaimed the greatest success in Olcott's career. In the strong supporting company are Madge West, Louise Francis, Nellie Strong, Josie Claflin, Leo Stark, John Todd, John Hamilton, Joe Kennedy, James Mack and J. Arthur O'Brien. Mr. Olcott's present tour is under the personal direction of A. L. Erlanger, who has furnished his star with a production that leaves nothing to be desired.

Big Opera Organization.

(Coming to Atlanta.)

The Creatore Grand Opera company of New York, with its complete orchestra, splendid ballet and superb chorus, and last, but not least, a galaxy of celebrated artists from the Metropolitan Opera company of New York and other leading opera organizations of Europe and America, is coming to Atlanta, where they will appear at the Atlanta theater on Thursday night for an engagement of three nights and Saturday matinee. Music-lovers of Atlanta will welcome this announcement with unfeigned enthusiasm, for it is a privilege to hear this superb organization under the leadership of Giuseppe Creatore, the brilliant conductor. The operas to be given are: Thursday night, "Aida;" Friday night, "Lucia;" Saturday matinee, "Carmen;" Saturday night, "Il Trovatore." This company is regarded by critics as the foremost operatic organization in America, now on its third tour, and is always a musical triumph. Its special engagements at Washington, Boston, Pittsburg, Baltimore and other cities were enthusiastically received by capacity houses, and now that Atlanta is fortunate enough to be included in its tour there will be no exception to the rule. All applications made now will be filled before the regular advance sale and will be reserved in the order of their receipt, and honored as long as seats are available. The regular seat sale opens Tuesday morning.

CHAUNCEY OLCOTT TO SING TONIGHT; FOUR NEW SONGS

Every admirer of popular songs will be glad to note that Chauncey Olcott, who tonight begins an engagement of three night and matinee at the Atlanta theater in his greatest success, "Macushla," will be heard in four new songs.



CHAUNCEY OLCOTT.

One of the delights of the Olcott performance is the singing of Irish songs and ballads written to please the multitude that flock to the performance of this noted Irish character star.

His new songs will be: "That's How the Shannon Flows," "Macushla Asthore," (Pulse of My Heart), "I'll Miss You, Dear Old Ireland, God Bless You, Good-bye," "'Tis an Irish Girl I Love and She's Just Like You."

The lyrics of the above were written by J. Kiernan Brennen and Alfred Dublin, and the music by Ernest R. Ball, three successful writers of popular Irish songs.

There is little need to dwell on the subject of Olcott's success in the popular song line, as every man who can whistle a tune, every child that can hum a tune, every mother who "croons" her babe to sleep, will remember the artistic rendition by Mr. Olcott of his "Mother Machree."

"Macushla Asthore" is bound to rival the last named, and from the title of two of the above they are sure to prove very enjoyable.

"I'll Miss You, Dear Old Ireland, God Bless You, Good-bye," will surely awaken a memory in the hearts of the lads and lassies who came to America to make fame and fortune in the land of liberty, and "'Tis an Irish Girl I love and She's Just Like You" will be filled with the roguish blarney typical of the young Irish lad, who has a place in his heart for the little colleen whom he wishes to call wife.

NORWORTH HEADS GREAT PROGRAM AT KEITH'S LYRIC

Ned Norworth is the noted funmaker who takes top position of a pace setting bill of Keith vaudeville opening at the Lyric with today's matinee. With the capable assistance of charming Miss Evelyn Wells, he will appear in an eccentric display of variety that has made the Norworth-Wells combination widely in demand.

Francis Yates and Gus Reed are coming in "Double Crossing," an act that boasts a genuine surprise of an altogether delightful nature.

The Four Ginger Snaps will be a winning feature. They include Will Higgie, popular exponent of Russian whirlwind and jazz dancing; Dorothy Sharpe, lately of the Marion Morgan dancers; Joseph Graham and Mary Loretta in musical comedy hits.

Jack Lavier will appear as a comedian of the first water and Bob Tippo and company, including "the greatest dog alive," will offer a splendid novelty attraction.

The pictures will include the newest Town Topics, aPthe Scenic and Pathe News.

Fine Dance Romance Will Headline Bill At the Grand Today

Frank and Maxie Hughes, in "A dance romance," will prove a most delightful feature as the headliner of the Loew's grand vaudeville bill which will open at the matinee performance today. Although fire damaged two establishments in the grand building early Sunday morning, not even the lobby of the theater was damaged by the blaze.

Miss Hughes is one of the most magnetic, graceful and nimble little women on the vaudeville stage today and her partner, her brother, is equally skillful as a dancer.

Other acts on the bill will be thoroughly up to the usual high Loew standard. C. W. Wilbur and lLilian Lyke will entertain with songs and dances and will intersperse their selections with feats on the bouncing mat. Phil Davis, a blackface, will show some of the things that Al Jolson does. And there will be two other acts every bit as good.

The screen feature will bring the welcome return of Frank Keenan, an artist of the old school, who will be seen in "Smoldering Embers," in which he is shown as a ragged tramp guarding the happiness of his own son, although the boy does not know him.

WILSON IS JAILED; LIQUOR IN MACHINE CLAIM THE POLICE

G. P. Wilson, a young white man, is being held by the Atlanta police on a blanket charge of suspicion following the discovery of three gallons of whisky in an automobile he is said to have been driving Sunday morning when it crashed into a telephone pole at the corner of West Mitchell and Tattnall streets.

Wilson was thrown from the car and sustained several deep cuts on the head. After having received medical aid at Grady hospital, he was arrested and removed to the police station by Sergeant Andrews and Officer L. W. Evans.

Prof. Fitzpatrick And Wife Making Tour of Two States

Professor Z. I. Fitzpatrick and Mrs. Fitzpatrick, of Madison, Ga., who have been spending several weeks in Florida, are now on tour of several towns of that state and south Georgia, paying brief calls on former pupils of Professor Fitzpatrick. Mrs. Fitzpatrick is president of the Georgia Federation of Women's Clubs.

Mr. and Mrs. Fitzpatrick will stop in Macon to meet again the members of the faculty of Mercer university, where Professor Fitzpatrick graduated in 1870.

JUDGE Z. T. MUNSON DIES IN JONESBORO

Jonesboro, Ga., February 29.—(Special.)—Judge Z. T. Munson, age 67, died at his residence here Saturday. He was ordinary of Clayton county for nearly twenty years and was forced to resign a few years ago on account of ill health. He is survived by his wife and one son, F. C. Munson, of Jonesboro, and one grandson, F. C. Munson, Jr., of Georgia Military college.

FLU IN THOMASVILLE REPORTED LIGHTER

Thomasville, Ga., February 29.—(Special.)—There have been fewer reports of new cases of influenza in Thomasville for the past few days, and it is hoped that the wave of the disease is passing over. The very cold weather prevailing for several days seemed to have the effect of making some of the cases worse, and in two instance pneumonia followed. A good many of those who have had it are out again and most cases are reported as convalescent.

COAL MINERS STRIKE AGAINST BREAD PRICES

Brussels, February 29.—The strike of coal miners called a few days ago in the Mons fields in protest against the new bread prices and for higher wages has extended to the central district of La Louviere, 14 miles west-northwest of Charleroi, where some disorders are reported.

BRAME MAY BE NAMED SUCCESSOR TO ROPER

Richmond, Va., February 29.—Reports current in this city tonight are to the effect that S. R. Brame, for several years internal revenue collector here and for the past few months head of federal revenue agents in six states, will succeed Daniel C. Roper.

"My uncle is very fond of the works of Artemus Ward."

"Likes that form of humor, eh?"

"He doesn't know it's humor. Takes a serious interest. Thinks it a fine example of simplified spelling."—Detroit Free Press.

CHAUNCEY OLCOTT SINGS FOUR NEW SONGS IN "MACUSHLA," HIS LATEST AND GREATEST SUCCESS AT THE ATLANTA THEATER TONIGHT.

Army Essay Contest Instructions Given By Recruiting Head

"Some misunderstanding seems to exist as to the proper method of handling essays written by school children in the contest on the subject of "What are benefits of an enlistment in the United States army?" according to Colonel Wright, in charge of the local recruiting office Saturday afternoon.

"Some are being mailed direct to my office and some are being sent to other officials, instead of sending them through the regular channels as outlined by the war department when the campaign was inaugurated," he said.

To avoid the possibility of future misunderstandings Colonel Wright has issued the following instructions in a circular, which he is having sent to the school officials in his district:

"The plan for judging the essays written February 20 in the army school contest is for the three best essays from each school to be forwarded to the head of the school area.

"It is desired that all principals of schools, public or private, put the selected essays of their schools in the hands of the school superintendents as soon as possible.

"All superintendents have been requested to forward the three best essays from each area to the presidents of the several districts of the High School association, who have consented to pass upon the essays that come into their hands."

PECK'S JEWELRY SHOP ENTERED BY BURGLARS

Peck's jewelry shop, at 93 Peachtree street, was entered by burglars before daylight Sunday and several hundred dollars' worth of jewelry has been reported to the police department as having been stolen. The articles missed are a dozen rings of various values and descriptions, a dozen watches, a tray of precious stones, four watch fobs, and numerous trinkets. The burglars are supposed to have forced their entrance in the rear of the establishment. No arrests have been made.

MORTUARY

Mrs. William W. Wolfe.

Mrs. William W. Wolfe, 22 years old, died Sunday morning at a private hospital. She is survived by her husband; mother, Mrs. Lellie C. Dooley, of Atlanta, and brother, Floyd Dooley, of Topeka, Kans. Mrs. Wolfe resided at Coffeeville, Kans. The body was removed to the chapel of H. M. Patterson & Son.

Miss Tiny Mason.

Miss Tiny Mason, 35 years old, died Sunday morning at the residence, 58 Elmyra avenue. She is survived by two sisters, Misses Helen and Eloise Mason; seven brothers, B. H., M. R., I. H., E. W. and E. L., all of Atlanta; S. G., of Stone Mountain, and J. A. Mason, of Buckhead, Ga. The body was removed to the chapel of H. M. Patterson & Son.

Oliver Burle Thompson.

Oliver Burle Thompson, aged 32, died Sunday afternoon at the residence of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Thompson, at 101 Formwalt street, after an illness of several days. He is survived by his parents.

Mrs. Eva Roberts.

Mrs. Eva Roberts, aged 27, died Saturday night at a private hospital. She is survived by her husband, R. F. Roberts; two small children, Joseph and Mary Roberts; her parents, Rev. and Mrs. J. T. Cary, of Clemson College, S. C., and two brothers and five sisters.

Wade Compton Gann.

Wade Compton Gann, the 2½-year-old son of Mrs. W. C. Gann, died Saturday night at 11:15 o'clock at the residence, "Cravenwood," on the Marietta car line.

Mrs. J. E. Humes.

Columbus, Ga., February 29.—(Special.)—Mrs. J. E. Humes, popular young matron, died Saturday afternoon of pneumonia. Her husband, who is a prominent merchant of Columbus, and one child survive her.

Oliver W. Weston.

Oliver W. Weston, of Logtown, Miss., died Sunday at a private hospital. He is survived by his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Weston, of Logtown; one brother, Clement Weston, and one sister, Mary Weston, also of Logtown. The body was removed to the chapel of H. M. Patterson.

Oliver B. Thompson.

Oliver B. Thompson, age 32 years, died at the residence, 101 Formwalt street, about 8:30 o'clock last night, and the body was removed to Barclay & Brandon's chapel. He is survived by his father and mother, Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Thompson; one uncle, B. L. Thompson, and one aunt, Miss Jessie Watson.

DO YOD LOVE GOOD SONGS, WELL SUNG? HEAR CHAUNCEY OLCOTT AT THE ATLANTA THEATER TONIGHT.

SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT for the Six Months Ending December 31, 1919, of the condition of the

STANDARD LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

Of Atlanta, Ga.

Organized under the laws of the State of Georgia, made to the Governor of the State of Georgia in pursuance to the laws of said State.
Principal Office: 200 Auburn Ave., Atlanta, Ga.

I. CAPITAL STOCK.

1. Amount of Capital Stock		$125,000
2. Amount of Capital Stock paid up in Cash		125,000
II. ASSETS.		
2. Loans on Bonds and Mortgage (first liens) on Real Estate		$135,073.52
4. Loans made in cash to policy-holders on this Company's Policies assigned as collateral		32,037.56
5. Premium Notes, Loans or Liens on Policies in Force		106.74
6. Bonds and Stocks owned absolutely, par value $313,200.00 Market value carried out	322,690.44	322,690.44
7. Cash in Company's Office		64,196.97
8. Cash deposited in Bank to credit of Company		13,663.55
10. Interest due or accrued and unpaid		8,254.93
11. Bills Receivable		1,113.30
12. Agent's Balance		4,985.23
14. Net amount of uncollected and deferred premiums (deduction 20 per cent for average loaning from gross amount)		107,559.55
15. All other Assets, both real and personal, not included hereinbefore		3,936.89
Total Assets		$893,718.68
Less assets not admitted—Agents' Balance	$1,985.23	
Bills Receivable	1,113.30	
Amortization of Bonds	1,039.33	7,137.86
Total admitted assets		$686,580.82
III. LIABILITIES.		
1. Net present value of all the outstanding Policies in force	$501,357.90	
Net Premium Reserve		$501,357.90
3. Death Losses and Mutual Endowments in process of adjustment, or adjusted and not due	$ 9,536.85	
Total Policy Claims		9,536.85
10. Amount of all other claims against the Company		21,116.01
11. Cash Capital		125,000.00
12. Surplus over all Liabilities		29,570.06
Total Liabilities		$686,580.82
IV. INCOME DURING THE LAST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1919.		
1. Amount of Cash Premiums received		$332,086.97
3. Interest Received		11,949.72
4. Amount of Income from all other sources		1.21
Total Income		$344,037.90
V. DISBURSEMENTS DURING THE LAST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1919.		
1. Losses Paid	$43,944.69	
Total amount actually paid for Losses and Matured Endowments		$ 43,944.69
5. Surrender Policies		324.00
7. Expenses paid, including Commissions to Agents and Officers' Salaries		124,328.80
Taxes paid		4,065.80
9. All other Payments and Expenditures		14,971.48
Total Disbursements		$187,634.77
Greatest Amount Insured in any one risk	$5,000.00	
Total Amount of Insurance outstanding	$13,729,169.00	

A copy of the Act of Incorporation, duly certified, is in the office of the Insurance Commissioner.

STATE OF GEORGIA, COUNTY OF FULTON—Personally appeared before the undersigned, Heman E. Perry, who, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the President of Standard Life Insurance Company, and that the foregoing statement is correct and true.

HEMAN E. PERRY.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 28th day of February, 1920.

D. P. CATER.



NEW MARCH NEW MARCH

VICTOR RECORDS

On Sale Today at

Phillips & Crew's

The list below, consisting of twenty-nine selections, will show you that this is an exceptional offering. There is music to suit every mood and desire.

We have the complete list in stock and wish that you will allow us to serve you. We have just received other much desired records which have not been available for months.

Dance Records

18646 / 85c	*Apple Blossoms*—Medley One-Step	Smith Orchestra
	Carolina Sunshine—Waltz	Smith Orchestra
18647 / 85c	*Mystery!*—Medley Fox Trot	Biese and His Novelty Orch.
	Oh!—Medley Fox Trot	Biese and His Novelty Orch.
18643 / 85c	*You'd Be Surprised*—Medley One-Step	All Star Trio
	Keep Movin'—Fox Trot	All Star Trio
18636 / 85c	*Behind Your Silken Veil*—Medley Fox Trot	Yerkes Jazzarimba Orch.
	Roses at Twilight—Medley Waltz	Yerkes Jazzarimba Orch.
18648 / 85c	*To a Water-Lily*	Florentine Quartet
	Spring Song	Florentine Quartet

Vocal Records

18645 / $1.00	*Was There Ever a Pal Like You?*	Henry Burr
	You're a Million Miles from Nowhere	Harrison
45173 / $1.00	*I Might Be Your "Once-in-a-While"*	Olive Kline
	You Are Free	Olive Kline
18642 / 85c	*Now I Know*	Shannon Four
	I'll Always Be Waiting for You	Peerless Quartet
18644 / 85c	*You Know What I Mean*	Al Bernard
	Bell Hop Blues	Al Bernard
18649 / 85c	*A Wise Bird, (2) Cuckoo Music, (3) Star Child, (4) Pretty Tulip*	L. Littlefield
	The Blacksmith, (2) Buttercups, (3) Tick-Tock, (4) Violet	L. Littlefield

Red Seal Selections

64837	*That Tumble-Down Shack in Athlone*—McCORMACK	$1.00
87567	*Rigoletto—Piangi, Fanciulla!*—GALLI-CURCI- DE LUCA	$1.50
74601	*Kol Nidrei*—MISCHA ELMAN	$1.50
64845	*My Jesus, As Thou Wilt*—SOPHIE BRASLAU	$1.00
87306	*Last Tears*—EMMY DESTINN	$1.00
64847	*A La Luna* (To the Moon)—EMILIO DE GOGORZA	$1.00
64846	*Malaguena*—ALFRED CORTOT	$1.00
74602	*Rienzi Overture—Part I.*—PHILADELPHIA ORCH.	$1.50
74603	*Rienzi Overture—Part II.*—PHILADELPHIA ORCH.	$1.50



We are now in position to make deliveries on many of the choice model Victrolas.

If you are not already one of our satisfied customers, we want you to investigate our service.

PHILLIPS & CREW PIANO CO.

82 N. PRYOR ST. "Georgia's Oldest Victor Deal

STRAPS ARMY BILL NOW IN CONGRESS

Adjutant General J. Van Holt Nash Finds Measure Destructive of National Guard Policy and Infringement on State Rights.

Adjutant General J. VanHolt Nash announced yesterday that he had prepared a careful analysis of the army reorganization bill introduced into the senate by Senator Wadsworth, of New York, and that he finds it to be not only destructive of the national guard organization as a body of citizen soldiers, but also a most serious infringement on the constitutional rights of the states in the control of their own militia. He says:

Bill Provisions.

"The bill provides that the national guard of the United States shall be a part of the army of the United States: it makes the national guard the active, mobile reserve of the army of the United States (sections 2 and 3).

"This section wipes out the national guard and provides for a force which shall be a part of the army of the United States, which, force it calls a national guard and it raises the biggest question involved in the discussion of all legislation looking to the reorganization of the national guard of the United States, to wit:

"Does congress desire to deprive the states of the use of a military force for the policing of the state, which is specifically reserved to the senate under the militia clauses of the federal constitution?

"To say that we shall create a ofrce under the army clause of the federal constitution, and then by law provide for the use of that force under certain conditions, and under certain provisions by the states—thus giving the states the method by which they can secure control of this force—is to admit that the discretionary powers of the chief executives of the states in the use of the national guard as now constituted, shall be denied and that some federal authority, far away from the scene of action and unfamiliar with local conditions, shall have such discretionary power.

Why Deny States.

"Will the members of congress, from any state, vote to deny to their state the prerogatives guaranteed to the states under the militia clause of the federal constitution?

"The army reorganization bill S. 3688, was drawn under the army clauses of the federal constitution and makes the national guard a purely federal force—therefore, it destroys the national guard as now constituted and wipes out organizations with traditions of a century, and with that local esprit de corps which has contributed in no small degree to the efficiency of this splendid force.

"This new national force, which, in name only, is the national guard, created in this section of the bill, is not available for service within the boundaries of the states for the suppression of riots and insurrection, the enforcement of the law and the preservation of order, without the centralized military body at Washington which it is sought to create, and which, under this act, would control the entire military household, and the entire military policy of the country, should the provisions of this bill be enacted into law.

"The national guard which reached a high state of efficiency and made a record over seas which entitles it to the respect and commendation of the citizens of this country, was created by an act drawn under the militia clauses of the federal constitution."

A Prussian System.

General Nash finds that the provisions in the bill for universal military training are an effort, made by the regular army of the United States, to enforce on this country a system of Prussian military organization. His conclusion as to the far-reaching results of the measure if it is allowed to pass is as follows:

"If and when this bill becomes a law, the United States will have abandoned the military policy it has pursued since the government was instituted and will embark on a new policy of centralization of military policy and control in the hands of the federal government."

The National Guard association has prepared a measure which, if adopted, General Nash believes, will ultimately result in the resoration of the state military organizations which he declares were ruthlessly destroyed by the war department following the conclusion of the war in Europe with a view to reorganization of the military resources of the United States without regard to the rights of the states or of the individual.

Stomach ills

permanently disappear after drinking the celebrated Shivar Mineral Water. Positively guaranteed by money-back offer. Tastes fine; costs a trifle. Delivered anywhere by our Atlanta Agents, Coursey & Munn Drugstore, Walton and Broad streets. Phone Main.—(adv)

BACK HURT ALL THE TIME

Mrs. Hill Says Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Removed The Cause.

Knoxville, Tenn.—"My back hurt me all the time, I was all run down, could not eat and my head bothered me, all caused by female trouble. I was three years with these troubles and doctors did me no good. Your medicine helped my sister so she advised me to take it. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and the Liver Pills and used Lydia E. Pinkham's Sanative Wash and now I am well, can eat heartily and work. I give you my thanks for your great medicines. You may publish my letter and I will tell everyone what your medicines did for me."—Mrs. PEARL HILL, 418 Jacksboro St., Knoxville, Tennessee.



Hundreds of such letters expressing gratitude for the good Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has accomplished are constantly being received, proving the reliability of this grand old remedy.

If you are ill do not drag along and continue to suffer day in and day out but at once take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, a woman's remedy for woman's ills.



The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company

The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company has resumed, as of this date, the operation of its property, and now solicits, and will endeavor to handle satisfactorily, business to and from all points on or via its lines.

By virtue of its geographical location, The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, tapping as it does the large industrial centers of the interior, and connecting the principal cities of the Seaboard with those of the Mississippi River and Great Lakes, is logically in position to furnish satisfactory transportation service between the Eastern Section and the Middle and Western States.

Regular freight schedules will be established between New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington in the East, and Pittsburgh, Wheeling, Columbus, Toledo, Detroit, Cleveland, Chicago, Cincinnati, Louisville, St. Louis and other important centers in the West, and special efforts will be made to maintain regularity of service.

It will be the aim of The Baltimore and Ohio Company in the future, as in the past, to satisfy the reasonable requirements and desires of its patrons, both freight and passenger, and it solicits business solely upon that basis.

Daniel Willard

President.

March 1, 1920.

LOUIE, THE LAWYER . . . . . As Long as They Make Them



WOODMEN UNIVERSITY WANTED BY ATLANTA

Civic Leaders Invited to Attend Big Banquet at Ansley, March 12.

Leaders in Atlanta's civic and commercial organizations have been invited to attend a banquet to be given at Hotel Ansley next week, when plans will be discussed for putting forth every effort toward bringing to Atlanta the university to be established by Georgia Woodmen. The location of the university will not be decided until after the convention to be held at Valdosta some time in the next few months, and Atlanta is one of three Georgia cities mentioned in this connection.

Invitations to attend the banquet and help formulate plans for extensively carrying on the movement in the interest of this city have been extended Governor Dorsey, Albert S. Adams, Eugene Black, president of the chamber of commerce; Mayor Key, E. H. Cone, president of the Atlanta Rotary club; Clark Howell, editor The Constitution, and Major John S. Cohen, editor The Journal.

Among Georgia Woodcraft heads who have been invited are H. B. Allen, consul commander, of Americus, and R. O. Jolly, head clerk, of Carrollton.

The banquet at the Ansley, which will be given Friday evening, March 12, by Capital City camp, No. 786, W. O. W., is for the purpose of marshaling Atlanta's fullest strength in the contest for the university, and plans for giving the movement the strongest support possible will be outlined by Consul Commander G. A. Wright and Advisor Lieutenant George P. Whitman, of Capital City camp.

Harry O. Mitchell, of the university committee, will explain the line of action taken up by this body. The committee consists of Mr. Mitchell, Craddock Goins, chairman; Samuel Dunlap, M. E. Hill and George P. Whitman.

The Woodmen university will be established by the members of the order in Georgia, through per capita assessment, and it will not be necessary to solicit funds from the public. It will be open to youths throughout the state, whether they are identified with the organization or not, and free education will be provided for worthy students without sufficient means. Provisions have been made that it is to be built at a cost of not less than $1,000,000 and not to exceed $1,250,000.

SATURDAY PROVES SUCCESSFUL DAY FOR RECRUITING

Saturday proved a lively day in recruiting at the local army recruiting station, the following young men, residents of various states, being accepted for service:

Raymond Myers, Thomasville, N. C.; Joseph G. Morris, Wray, Ga.; Lon Sanfratell, Piedmont, Ala.; William A. Lovett, Pineville, Ga.; James C. Woood, Lincolnton, Ga.; Mark O. Massey, Alamo, Ga.; Frederick E. Brown, Niagara Falls, N. Y.; Henry Edward, Chicago, Ill.; Roy A. P. Marietta, Ga.

LECTURES GIVEN BY MRS. BARTLETT PLEASE AUDIENCES

The second of a series of three lectures being delivered before the Atlanta Theosophical society by Mrs. Harriett Bartlett was heard by a well-pleased audience Sunday night. Her topic was "Moses and the Fall of Jericho." Her first speech was delivered Saturday night to a crowd that taxed the seating capacity of the hall at 2½ Auburn avenue.

At the close of each lecture the speaker was showered with many questions which, judging from the satisfied expressions on the faces of the questioners, were answered satisfactorily.

A lecture on "The Religion of the Future" will be delivered by Mrs. Bartlett tonight at 8:15 o'clock in the hall of the Haynes building, 2½ Auburn avenue, corner Peachtree street.

Rev. J. D. Swaggerty Will Be Assistant At Wesley Memorial

Announcement was made Saturday that arrangements have been completed for the engagement of Rev. J. Douglas Swaggerty, of Dallas, Texas, who will arrive in Atlanta Monday morning to become assistant pastor and educational director at Wesley Memorial church. Mr. Swaggerty, who is an accomplished musician and singer, will also have charge of the music at this church. Mr. Swaggerty is also known as a Sunday school worker, and he will take charge of and direct the Sunday school music at Wesley Memorial.

Mr. Swaggerty's work will begin at once, but he will receive his formal introduction to the Wesley Memorial congregation on the first Sunday in March.

Graduating from Arkansas Conference college in 1907, Mr. Swaggerty went immediately to the Moody Bible institute, where he took a year's course in scriptural studies. He then joined the faculty of the Bush Temple Conservatory of Music, at Chicago, teaching in that institution for two seasons. Later he took a post graduate course in music under the famous William A. Willet, teaching also in that institution for two years.

Returning to the south in 1912, he taught music for three years in Oklahoma, and directed the music in some of the leading Methodist churches in that state. In 1915 he was with Rev. George S. Sexton, at the First Methodist church in Shreveport, La., and in 1916-17 he traveled with Rev. Walt Holcomb, the evangelist. He has also been a highly successful platform entertainer.

For the past two years Mr. Swaggerty has been with First church, Dallas, Texas, coming from that position to Wesley Memorial.

CHAUNCEY OLCOTT IN HIS LATEST AND GREATEST SUCCESS, "MACUSHLA," AT THE ATLANTA THEATER TONIGHT.

BECKWITH AGENCY TO OPEN OFFICES; HARRIS IN CHARGE

Joel Chandler Harris, Jr., will open southeastern headquarters of the S. C. Beckwith Special Agency of New York city, newspaper advertising representatives, in the Moore building today. The Beckwith agency has on its list such publications as The Birmingham Age-Herald, The Mobile News Item, The New Orleans Daily States, The Augusa Chronicle and many others.

Mr. Harris, who is the youngest son of the late "Uncle Remus," has been in the advertising field for some time. He was fomerly advertising manager of The Atlanta Georgian. Shortly after the United States entered the world war, he enlisted in the Emory unit. Upon returning from France, he became associated with the Johnson-Dallis company in Atlanta.

Until the "Uncle Remus" Magazine ceased publication, Mr. Harris was western adbvertising manager for that publication.

NEW PLAYROOMS SECURED FOR USE OF THE CHILDREN

Following the inauguration of the children's playroom, which was begun about the middle of last December, its activities have been considerably extended.

The idea of the playroom originated as the result of the need of protection and amusement of children while their mothers were engaged in the necessary task of shopping. While the mothers are on their tour of purchasing, the children are taken care of in the playroom.

Commencing in the rooms engaged from the War Camp Community Service, activities continued there, but owning to the fact that these rooms have to be given up on the first of next month, it will be necessary to move. However, with the increase in the number of children being brought to be kept in the playroom, the old home had already proved too small. A new place has been obtained from the Y. W. C. A., where there will be added facilities for the welfare of the children.

The club rooms in the Y. W. C. A. are being fitted up, and they will be made a model playroom for the children. Mrs. F. B. Brogdon is chairman of the playroom, assisted by a committee from the Woman's club. Prominent bankers and merchants of Atlanta are financing the project.

GOMPERS UNABLE TO SPEAK HERE; WALL IS COMING

A telegram was received Saturday by Louie P. Marquardt, secretary of the Atlanta Federation of Trades, from Samuel Gompers, head of the American Federation of Labor, announcing the inability of Mr. Gompers to accept the invitation that was extended him by organized labor to visit Atlanta on his trip back north from Jacksonville. The message stated, however, that Matther Wall, vice president of the A. F. L., and president of the Photo-Engravers' International Union, will stop in Atlanta on the return trip.

A meeting of the executive committee of the Atlanta Federation of Trades was held Saturday night, at which time it was ordered that a telegram be sent Mr. Wall, urging him to visit Atlanta and to speak in this city.

Members of organized labor in Atlanta, when assured of Mr. Wall's visit and the date upon which he is expected to be here, will arrange for an address in an auditorium that will be sufficiently large to give members of the labor movement, as well as the general public, an opportunity to hear him. The date of his visit and the arrangements for his entertainment will be announced later.

President Samuel Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, and other labor chiefs are in Jacksonville, Fla., attending a meeting of the executive council of the organization.

STATE WILL WATCH PINK BOLL WORMS

Notice has been received by the state bureau of entomology of the appearance of the pink bollworm in Cameron parish, Louisiana, and possibly, too, in Calcasieu parish. The pest is another Mexican importation, said to be even more destructive of cotton than the boll weevil, and it had not hitherto been located in any state except Texas.

Its appearance in Louisiana has given general alarm to cotton producers throughout the belt and immediate steps are being taken by the federal and state authorities to prevent, if possible, its further spread. To that end a meeting of the representatives in the house and senate from the cotton states was held in Washington yesterday on the call of Senator Joseph E. Ransdell, of Louisiana.

A general conference of entomological workers and others interested in suppressing the parasite has been called to meet in New Orleans on Thursday of this week, March 4. Dr. W. D. Hunter, of the United States horticultural board, in charge of the fight against the bollworm in Texas, will be the principal speaker at the meeting.

The Georgia board of entomology, in co-operation with the federal bureau, is taking steps to enforce drastic quarantine measures to prevent the pest from reaching Georgia.

Departmental Heads Of Morris & Company Here for Convention

Addresses by visiting departmental heads of Morris & Co. from Chicago and St. Louis featured the annual convention of sales representatives of the car route department of the company, which was held Saturday at the Hotel Ansley.

Among these officials were H. E. Stanton, manager of the smoked meat department; E. Kissling, manager of the lard department; J. W. Payton, manager of the car route department; F. E. Myers, manager of the advertising department, and C. O. Conally, district porter manager.

Local arrangements were in charge of the company's district manager, Fred Randall, of Atlanta, and Local Manager R. W. Nelson, and included several interesting features of entertainment, including a luncheon in the main dining room of the hotel, which was served at 1 o'clock.

BISHOP CARTER SPEAKS AT COLORED Y. M. C. A.

The opening meeting of the colored branch of the Y. M. C. A. which was held at the Central Avenue M. E. church yesterday afternoon, was largely attended in spite of the weather. Bishop R. A. Carter delivered a strong address. He spoke of the two classes of people in the world, those that whine all of the time and feel that everything is against them, and those who are bubbling over with life, full of hope and determination to make the world better. This latter group he classed as the doers, or the people who bring things to pass.

Prof. John Hope gave a clear statement of the membership campaign that is to begin on the first of April, and urged that Atlanta roll up the largest membership in any colored Y. M. C. A. in the entire country.

HEAR OLCOTT SING "'TIS AN IRISH GIRL I LOVE" IN "MACUSHLA," AT THE ATLANTA THEATER TONIGHT.



The New March Victor Records

ARE ON SALE TODAY AT

Goodhart-Tompkins Co.

VICTROLA HEADQUARTERS
72 N. BROAD ST.

You will find a complete list and description of them on Page 3. Here's a list of them by number and price:

RED SEAL RECORDS		DANCE RECORDS.	
64,845	$1.00	18,643	$ .85
64,846	1.00	18,646	.85
64,847	1.00	18,647	.85
87,306	1.00	18,636	.85
74,601	1.50	18,648	.85
87,567	1.50	VOCAL RECORDS.	
64,837	1.00	18,642	$ .85
74,602	1.50	18,644	.85
74,603	1.50	45,173	1.00
		18,645	.85
		18,649	.85

SPECIAL NOTICE—You may order any of these new March Records from us by mail. Simply check above with an (X) opposite the number of the record or records you want, sign your name and address below, tear out this ad and mail to us with remittance for same.

Name .....

Address .....

City ..... State .....

All Mail Orders are sent postpaid.

Goodhart-Tompkins Co.

(Retail Dept., Sou. Photo Material Company)
Kodak and Victrola Headquarters
72 N. Broad St.

BEAVERS GETS KEG, BUT NOT A DROP OF BOOZE IS LEFT

Chief Beavers is a strict prohibitionist, but he knows a good keg when he sees it.

When the chief was seeing to the dispensation of some contraband firewater which Revenue Officers J. W. Nation and G. M. Hicks had discovered early Sunday morning, in pursuit of their duties with the government's prohibition enforcement forces, there was a nice wooden keg in the assortment of receptacles.

The chief wanted that keg, but he didn't have any use for the liquified holocaust. He told the officers of the desire for the keg, and his dislike for the possession o fthe booze.

"I'd like mighty well to have that keg," said the chief. "What do you intend to do with it?"

"Slam it one in the head and let the liquor flow," was the rejoinder.

"Well, do that, and give me the keg," replied the chief.

It was done, and one of the revenue officers jestingly asked the chief: "How about leaving you a drop or so in the bottom of the barrel, chief?"

"None o' that; I want the keg."

So the liquor flowed, to the last probably splintered drop, and the chief has a brand-new keg.

People of Kirkwood Opposed to Erection Of Sanitarium There

Twenty-five residents and owners of property in Kirkwood assembled at 3 o'clock Saturday afternoon in the law offices of Leon C. Greer, 419 Atlanta National bank building, to voice their protest against the granting of permission to Dr. J. D. Manget and Dr. E. D. Highsmith to open a sanitarium at 608 Edgewood avenue, or in that vicinity.

The subcommittee that was appointed at the meeting last Tuesday for the purpose of securing signatures to the petition of protest against such action, reported that between two hundred and fifty and three hundred residents of Kirkwood had signed it.

Chairman Greer, of the protest committee, stated Saturday night that the committee would meet again Monday morning and thoroughly canvass the situation before appearing before the city council at its meeting Monday afternoon.

Big Crowds Present On the Closing Day Of Government Store

Thousand of people besieged the retail store conducted by the United States government on Stewart avenue, from the moment it opened early Saturday morning, until the doors were closed and locked late in the evening, to take advantage of their last opportunity for making individual purchases at this establishment.

All previous records were broken as to the number of sales made to individuals in one day, but this notwithstanding, the amount of money realized from the day's business was only $17,436.97, slightly, if any, over the average daily amount taken in.

The low figure in the amount of cash realized from the day's transactions were explained by officials in charge of the establishment as being due to the fact that the quantity each individual was permitted to purchase was considerably reduced.

CHAUNCEY OLCOTT IN HIS LATEST AND GREATEST SUCCESS, "MACUSHLA," AT THE ATLANTA THEATER TONIGHT.

VICTOR RECORDS For MARCH NOW ON SALE



For complete list see page 3 of this paper.

Remember VICTOR RECORDS will play on any talking machine and VICTOR RECORDS are the best made.

Come in today, or mail your order at once while our stock is complete.

BAME'S, Inc.

"THE VICTOR SHOP"

107 Peachtree Street, Opp. Piedmont Hotel

See page 3 of this paper for complete list of new

VICTOR RECORDS —for— MARCH

Come to CABLE'S today and get these records in Cable's Sealed

Victrola Records



Our seal on the record you buy ...ak GUARANTEE that the record which you ... good money for is absolutely NEW PERFECT.

Cable P... LANE.....President
...ODDARD.....Vice-President
...N W. GRANT.....Vice-President
H. LANE YOUNG.....Vice-President
Y.....Cashier
Imme... A. J. HANSELL....Assistant Cashier
...er W. B. SYMMERS....Assistant Cashier
...LLACE Assistant Cashier

THE CONSTITUTION
ESTABLISHED 1868.
The Standard Southern Newspaper.

Published Daily, Sunday, Tri-Weekly
CLARK HOWELL
Editor and General Manager.

Directors: Clark Howell, Roby Robinson, Robert Howell, Jr., E. R. Black, H. W. Grady.

THE SOUTH'S STANDARD NEWSPAPER — CONSTITUTION — WISDOM JUSTICE MODERATION — ESTABLISHED 1868

Entered at the postoffice at Atlanta as second-class mail matter.

Telephone Main 5000.

ATLANTA, GA., March 1, 1920.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

	1 Wk.	1 Mo.	3 Mos.	6 Mos.	1 Yr.
Daily and Sunday	20c	90c	$2.50	$5.00	$9.50
Daily	15c	70c	2.00	4.00	7.50
Sunday	7c	30c	.90	1.75	3.25

Single Copies—Daily, 5c. Sunday—7c.

J. R. HOLLIDAY, Constitution Building, sole advertising manager for all territory outside of Atlanta.

The Constitution Washington office is at New Ebbitt House, corner of Fourteenth and F streets, N. W. Mr. J. A. Hollomon, correspondent.

THE CONSTITUTION is on sale in New York city by 2 p. m. the day after issue. It can be had: Hotaling's Newsstands, Broadway and Forty-second street (Times building corner); Thirty-eighth street and Broadway, and Twenty-ninth street and Broadway.

The Constitution is not responsible for advance payments to out-of-town local carriers, dealers or agents.

Member of the Associated Press.
The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use of publication of all news dispatches credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper and also the local news published herein.

TRUCKS AND GOOD ROADS

For a long time the railroads of this country are going to be unable to adequately take care of the transportation demands that will be made upon them, just as has been the case during the last four or five years, and the motor truck suggests the only feasible solution of the problem of how to compensate the railroads' deficiency.

For more than three years railroad construction has been practically at a standstill; and during that time the equipment of these freight carriers has been constantly depreciating, with only such replenishment as has been absolutely necessary to keep them going. Business, of course, has suffered—but patiently, because of the extraordinary conditions that have prevailed—and it will continue to suffer until the country's transportation facilities, rail and highway combined, are brought up to a level with the demand.

Discussing this situation in a recent issue, The Kansas City Times pointed out that "profitable use of the truck so far has been confined largely to short hauls in the vicinity of large cities;" but even this "limited motor transportation of freight has been a great help in the existing congestion."

"An extended development of truck service," says The Times, "is greatly to be desired, and it is dependent upon one thing—hard roads that can be used 365 days in the year. Long hauls and 'truck trains' are frankly impossible till the good highways, state wide and country wide systems of them, are built."

Supply the country with ample highway facilities, and the truck, as an auxiliary service to that of the rail, will abundantly take care of the needs of commerce; but the first requisite is the paved, year-round highway.

"Such systems of hard roads," says The Times—

"will not come this year, nor next, not even in a decade. But as they are constructed and as the truck business grows there will be no business taken from the railroads that the railroads could adequately handle.

"It will doubtless be a long time before more railroads of any length are built in America. And there will be traffic enough for the trucks, the freight trains, the motor cars and the passenger trains. The country can make use of all the hard roads that will be built and of the most efficient railroad service that can be established."

The need for good roads in this country, permeating every rural community and linking town with town, was never greater than it is today; and public money could be expended to no better nor more profitable purpose than in building them.

CHEERFULNESS PAYS.

Andrew Carnegie, as the world knew and remembers him, had the happy faculty of being able to keep smiling, whether things went altogether to his liking or not; and he [illegible] logue, cheerfully.

[illegible] enjoyed a more [illegible]intance [illegible]on frame of mind.' That," Schwab goes on to say, "was Mr. Carnegie's philosophy; that is the way he acted with all of us boys, and that is the reason we loved him so much."

That the policy paid in dollars and cents in the long run, cannot be denied; and, while it may be true that men burdened with a perpetual grouch, especially during business hours, have been known to acquire great wealth, who will dispute that the "Carnegie way" is the best, easiest, and by far the happier?

"He had no weak sentiment as to business," Mr. Schwab goes on to say. With Carnegie, as with any successful business man, business was business; "but he believed that it was best accomplished under happy conditions."

He never was known, Schwab tells us, to humiliate and chastise a subordinate—employee or associate—for a mistake made, providing, of course, it was a "mistake of the head and not of the heart." Conversely, "he was always one to take you by the hand and encourage and approve. It was the rarest thing in the world to hear him criticise the actions of others, especially in a business sense."

And, exclaims the writer, "how every man responds with his best efforts under such conditions!" Therein lies the justification of the "sunshine" and helpfulness and encouragement and praise policy, from the standpoint of business success.

Everybody loves a cheerful man—employees most of all—just as everybody shuns the association of the "grouch."

And when the employees of a business establishment love "the chief in the front office," they naturally are all "pulling for" him and his interests. Under such conditions, the business is bound to "go" and failure is next to impossible.

OLD AND NEW DAYS

"It costs more to live now, but it's worth it!"

That is from an article on "The Good Old Days," in The Dallas (Texas) News.

When, for instance, "for $10 you could buy half a cow, and the butcher would throw in his tools and his apron."

"Those were the days," says the writer of The Dallas News article—"when a dollar was worth a lot and a man very little . . . You got a little over a dollar a day and were expected to bring up a family of ten children on it."

And so on, down the life-list—including what they didn't know then about the germs that led 'em to "the burying ground," and the thousand and one aids to sane living by which life may be prolonged today; the greater educational facilities of today and the wonderful development along all inventive and industrial lines.

The "good old days" are given all the credit due them; but of course they show up wofully lacking, in much that goes to make life splendidly worth while, when placed side by side with the good New days.

The old days did the very best they could for the home folks then, and we learned great and rewarding lessons of them; they served their turn; and "The Old Inhabitant" who lives with Memories, growlingly greets the good New days, while the world leaves him in the sand by the roadside.

"It costs more to live now," but there's more money to "foot the bill;" and whether or not we make the most of the advantages we enjoy we're in finer fettle in every respect.

"So, quit your grumbling," says The Dallas News philosopher.

Fall in line with the march of the good New days!

If "the devil's to pay in politics," the old boy's getting in bad company.

Carranza has been talking in such a peaceful way that he's under suspicion again.

As March must be tired of coming in like a lion, perhaps he'll steal in like a profiteer.

As to a false teeth makers' strike, a lot of people will never be able to grin and bear it.

They are saying, too, that winter weather in Cuba is of the delightful, bracing, mouth-smacking kind.

Still, if the women voters really "want the earth," there's nothing to do but wrap it up and give it to 'em.

If you are quite sure that "everything is going up," there's all the more reason for hitching your wagon to a star.

Maier & Ber[illegible]
Gold & Silversmiths
31 Whitehall St.
Established 1887

William Hohenzollern complains [illegible]neliness." Since "Misery [illegible]ny," he might think of [illegible]dows and orphans [illegible]y class.

[illegible]erican Dollar [illegible]f, but it's [illegible]ards tak-

G. L. LEMON AND COMPANY
901 Healey Building. Phone Ivy 4756. Atlanta
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Just From Georgia

BY FRANK L. STANTON.



The Lost Road.

I.

Whar dat road
What filled de bill—
Dat run all 'roun'
Ter de moonshine still?
It run through the valley
An' run 'roun' de hill,
But it's los' away fum de country!

II.

In de darkes' night
'Twuz plain ter see,
Whar de owl wuz hootin'
On de dead pine tree.
But de track o' de road
Is gone fum me—
Hit's los' away fum de country!

III.

Don't heah no whistle
In de lonesome place,
An' I feels lak' a sinner
What felled fum grace,
Fer de moonshine-jug
Won't show his face,—
Hit's los' away fum de country!

* * * * *

"Ole Spring Fever."

Ole Spring fever gittin' in de bones, but dey ain't nobody a-makin' of dey moans! Dey only wants ter hunt fer a peaceful place, whar de Sun will shine in dey sleepin' face. Wouldn't be so happy wid de country Trouble owns, Ez when Spring fever is a-gittin' in yo' bones!

* * * * *

The Home-Blessing.

"I'm growin' up with the country," The Garden says to you: "Only give me the seasons right, A little rain, and a little light, I'll feed the country, too!"

* * * * *

After drinking three quarts of bay rum, a bottle of milk and a dish of pickles, a Delaware man is dead. "But everybody ought to know," says the Topeka Capital, "that milk and pickles are a combination that is deadly."

* * * * *

A New Malady.

London Punch says that a man who had half a ton of coal delivered to him without warning has been removed to an asylum where he is being treated for coal-shock.

* * * * *

What's the Use?

What's the use o' talkin'
To the planets in the sky?
Mars, they say, is dryin' up,
And mighty close to "dry,"
An' the shiny Venus-lady
Wouldn't heed a "winkin'" eye,—
We couldn't say: "Heres lookin' at you, lady!"

Today's Talk

By GEORGE MATTHEW ADAMS.

(Copyright, 1920, for The Constitution.)

Folks.

Human beings are the most interesting of all creations, whether old or young, rich or poor, whether of low or high estate.

So know them!

No one succeeds without a knowledge of people. And no one succeeds without trusting people, for people are the beginning and the end of every reward that comes to people.

Some there are who go on the principle that no one should be trusted until proved worthy. I go on the theory that every one should be trusted until proved unworthy. So that a knowledge of all people is the most important knowledge to be secured.

If life was about ten times as long, then maybe there would be room for distrustful people. But it is very short—and rapid at that.

Therefore, know people in the first place. Study them everywhere, in street cars, on the corners of busy marts, in homes, offices, on trains, during travel—at all places and at all times.

The majority of people are honest and worthy.

The important traits, and abilities, and sympathies, and impulses, and feelings of every man and woman and child are about the same. We are an average lot. The great God meant it that way—so that we could all work together for good and happiness.

Folks are wonderful!

But to know them so that they become your allies in every walk of life is so much more wonderful. Set yourself not apart from people. Learn from them at every opportunity.

You never know when your ability to select accurately from the large crowd of humans out of the everyday, may mean your individual "crowned glory."

Know all the folks that you can—but trust them first.

My Feathered Friends

I.

There are some feathered friends of mine,
Who come to breakfast, or to dine:
I love them, and it would be sin to
Drive them away when from the window
I see them come in flocks together,
Despite the dismal winter weather,
To ask me, in their silent way:
"Have you got any crumbs today?"

II.

"Friends, you are welcome certainly,"
I say, "could I refuse your plea?"
Hungry you are, the wind blows cold,
None of my crumbs will I withhold:
To feed the hungry gives me bliss,
And Charity but Duty is.
To all God's children, everywhere,
Even to His creatures of the air!"

—CHARLES W. HUBNER.

Memories

(From The Stars and Stripes.)

Oft at the Big Ben's peal,
When vicious dreams have vexed me,
I wake to miss the feel
Of O. D. blankets next me.

I seem to hear the snore
Of George, the Hunkie,
That shook the billet floor,
My erstwhile bunkie.

I wonder where I'm at
It's that acurst call!
The cacaphonic blast
Of dreaded First Call.

Once more I gently snooze,
And wake to stifle
A thought of frozen shoes,
Tin hat and rifle.

I'm back in "sunny" France,
Damp, dark and muddy;
"Snap, kid!" I yell, "no chance!"
And shake my buddy.

"Outside," the corporals snort,
The rain is streaming.
"Fall in." The squads report:—
Thank God I'm dreaming!

American Federation of Labor Attacked by Dr. H. S. Bradley

Dr. Henry Stiles Bradley, former Atlanta minister, now pastor of the Piedmont Congregational church at Worcester, Mass., speaking before a large audience Sunday afternoon at Wesley Memorial church, coupled an attack on the spread of radicalism with an eloquent plea for the education of our boys and girls of Anglo-Saxon stock, declaring that they are America's hope for the future. He spoke under the auspices of Piedmont college at Demorest, Ga.

Responsibility for thesocial and industrial unrest which is manifest in this country, Dr. Bradley heaped jointly on the I. W. W., the bolshevists, the syndicalists and the American Federation of Labor.

"Two important facts are to be observed," said the speaker. "The first is that the big strikes were agitated and carried out by foreigners or hyphenated Americans. The second is that they were indorsed and supported by the American Federation of Labor.

"The I. W. W., the bolshevist, syndicalists and American Federation of Labor may not have identical programs," he continued, "but they unite in every contest. Samuel Gompers indorsed the coal strike that threatened to freeze the whole country into submission to the miners' demands. He indorsed the desertion of the Boston policemen, an act that, under military rule, would subject every participant to trial by court-martial, and death, if found guilty.

Order Given Under Duress.

"When the federal court injunction was issued against the coal strikers, the leader, an officer in the American Federation of Labor, issued the order to call off the strike, but added significantly to the strikers that the order was given under duress, and the strikers would know how to take it. If that is not sedition, it treads very close to it."

Dr. Bradley asserted that unless this tendency were resisted and beaten the government would soon no longer be a government of the people, by the people and for the people, but a government of one class, by one class and for one class.

Antidote for radicalism is to be found in the Anglo-Saxon stock, said the speaker, and declared that "the seeds of socialism and communism have never brought forth a harvest in Anglo-Saxon soil, and unless God reverses all His laws, they never will."

Dr. Bradley was introduced by Governor Dorsey, who warmly welcomed him back to his native city and state. Dr. C. B. Wilmer, rector of St. Luke's Episcopal church, presided. The closing address of the afternoon was delivered by George W. Ray, vice president of Piedmont college, his subject being "Our Efforts to Meet the Need." Piedmont college, said Mr. Ray, is the only Christian school of college grade on the south side of the mountains that furnishes to the student everything but books and clothing for $200 a year. In January the largest dormitory at the school was burned, and a public appeal is to be made for money to rebuild it. Mrs. D. S. Bagley rendered a beautiful solo at the meeting.

The address of Dr. Bradley follows in part:

Dr. Bradley's Address.

"A man asked me a few days ago what I thought was the wisest use he could make of his surplus money.

"I said 'I have a definite opinion, and I will give it to you, but before doing so I would like to have you take a look with me at the conditions and prospects of returns.

"First—Take a glance of world conditions. The allies have made peace with Germany, but a score of wars are still going on. Some nations are fighting for territory and others are fighting for a form of government.

"In nearly every nation about which we know anything revolutionary economic war is going on.

"Class war is on in Russia. The extreme party of socialists are in control. They have declared that no one shall own his home, his tools or any money. Marriage and home life are practically annulled. Any man and woman may live together as husband and wife by simply signing a paper saying that they would like to do so. Nothing is required for separation further than the statement on the part of either one that they would like to have the relation dissolved. Children born to such couples are to be the wards of the government.

Have Killed Leaders.

"The leaders of this movement have killed or exiled nearly all the men and women of intelligence, property, morals or decency in the empire.

"They declared recently that it was their purpose to destroy the governments and social order of Great Britain, France and the United States, and set up soviet rule in London, Paris and Washington, and they are trying their hardest to put their threat into execution. Each of these countries is honeycombed with emissaries and propagandists of Lenine and Trotzky.

"The disorganization and demoralization brought about by the war makes an ideal condition for these demons of anarchy and destruction, and their diabolical leaven is at work.

"Second—Take a glance at conditions in the United States. We are having on an average about 4,000 strikes per year. During the war those strikes which called out the largest number of workers were in ship building plants, which delayed us in getting troops and food to the front. In September, 1919, the mills and foundries of the United States Steel corporation were struck by 200,000 employees. Later in the year the coal miners struck.

"In some cities, Boston for example, the police deserted and turned the cities over to bums, thugs and cutthroats.

"Two important facts are to be observed here.

"The first is that the big strikes were agitated and carried out by foreigners, or hyphenated Americans. The second is that they were indorsed and supported by the 'American Federation of Labor.'

Unite in Contests.

"The I. W. W., bolshevists, syndicalists and A. F. of L. may not have identical programs, but they unite in every contest. Mr. Samuel Gompers indorsed the coal strike that threatened to freeze the whole country into submission to the miners' demands. He indorsed the desertion of the Boston policemen—an act that under military rule would subject every participant to trial by court-martial and death, if found guilty.

"When the federal court injunction was issued against the coal strikers, the leader, an officer in the American Federation of Labor, issued the order to call off the strike, but added significantly to the strikers that the order was given under duress and the strikers would know how to take it. If that is not sedition, it treads very close to it.

"When certain legislation was proposed in congress Mr. Gompers publicly declared that in case it were passed he should urge every member of the American Federation of Labor to violate it.

"Unless this tendency is resisted and beaten our government is doomed. We shall no longer have a government of the people, by the people and for the people, but a government of one class, by one class and for one class. Our industrial and social system that has not only made possible, but actually produced our railway lines, steamship lines, telephones, telegraphs, factories, public schools, colleges and universities, hospitals, orphanages, churches, courts and even decent homes, will no longer evolve and improve, but will be brought to wreck and ruin at our feet. No longer will law guarantee to each citizen life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness, but the strongest and most conscienceless brute will be master.

"What is our hope? Our hope is in men and women who think straight, see straight, have convictions and the courage to defend them.

Millions of Them.

"Are there any such people? Yes, millions of them, but they must know the facts and be prepared for service. I have already called your attention to the fact that nearly every red, radical, bolshevist and anarchist is a foreigner. You find so few Smiths, Browns, Jacksons and Boones among them that you can almost count them on your fingers.

"Our native whites are true, loyal, 100 per cent American, almost to a man. And this is not a mere accident of birthplace. It is in the blood. It is bred in the bone.

"Our Anglo-Saxon Stock.—More than 3,000 years ago the best strains of the great Aryan race were blended to make the Anglo-Saxons.

"They are the most dominant race on earth. They make up only about one-fifteenth of the world's population but they rule one-third of the earth's surface and one-fourth of its people.

"They are the most intelligent people in the world. One-half of the books, magazines and newspapers are printed in the English language, and three-fourths of the world's mail is addressed in English.

"They are the most independent, liberty-loving people on earth. The five most important documents of liberty ever penned, the Magna Charta, the Petition of Rights, the Bill of Rights, the Declaration of Independence and the constitution of the United States were all written by them. They bow the knee today to no emperor, kaiser, king, czar or soviet head.

"They are the greatest defenders and lovers of home in the world. The Anglo-Saxon's home is his castle. His wife is always his equal or, in his chivalric regard, his superior. His children are his greatest wealth and blessing. The seeds of socialism and communism have never brought forth a harvest in Anglo-Saxon soil, and unless God reverses all his laws, they never will.

"Where are they located? Abroad we find them chiefly in England and Scotland. In our country we find them wherever the early settlers from the Jamestown colony and the Massachusetts colony went. They came to this country largely in the seventeenth century from England, Scotland and the northern part of Ireland. Those from Ireland were called Scotch-Irish, but they were Anglo-Saxons. Hardly a drop of Celtic blood flowed in their veins. They moved from England and Scotland to northern Ireland and then came to America.

Came to Georgia.

"Many of them after reaching Virginia, South Carolina, Massachusetts and Pennsylvania migrated father west in search of game, adventure or boundless room for homes. They settled in the Appalachian mountains, chiefly Kentucky, Tennessee, North Carolina and Georgia.

"One may get an idea of the approximate purity of the Anglo-Saxon blood of the south by comparing the whites of Kentucky, Tennessee, North Carolina and Georgia with New York and the six New England states. In these southern states, of every 1,000 whites, 974 are of Anglo-Saxon stock, and only 26 foreign born. In New York and New England, of every 1,000 whites, 330 are native born and 670 are foreign.

"While the whites in the mountains have not kept pace with their brothers on the plains and in the cities in education, the arts and the means of comfortable living, they have deteriorated very little racially, if at all. In point of blood, capacity, intellectual and spiritual endowment, latent ability, they rank very high and need only a chance to turn their latent powers into actual accomplishment. It takes a long time to develop good human stock, and it takes a long time to destroy it.

"Wherever the boys or girls from the mountain coves are given a chance, they usually measure up to their city cousins, and often excel them.

"Today the world's liberty is threatened as it has not been in a thousand years. If it is to survive and prevail, it must have champions who believe in it and are wholeheartedly devoted to it—men to whom it is as sweet as life itself, and for whose preservation no task is too difficult and no sacrifice too great.

Folly to Temporize.

"We are rapidly aproaching the time, if, indeed, we have not already reached it, when it is folly to longer temporize, back and fill, yield and make concessions. The issue must be faced. Are we to submit to socialism, bolshevism, the rule of the class, the tyranny of the noisiest and worst, or are we to have that free and fair form of government for which the Anglo-Saxon has stood for centuries? We have yielded to intimidation, threats and bully-ragging till to continue is to stamp us as weaklings and cowards.

"The contest is to be a long one. We should prepare for a fight in which our children will have a part. Unless we do our part like men and prepare every lover of liberty and free government to do his part, our children will be the slaves and dupes of the Leninés and Bill Heywards and Lewises and Sheas and Gomperses till their day of doom.

"If I had a fortune, ten million or a hundred million dollars, I would devote it to the education of the Anglo-Saxons in the south. That I think is the wisest place to invest money.

"How woefully shortsighted we have been! We have sat by and watched millions on millions spent in the education of the negro in the south, while the hungry mind of the Anglo-Saxon has starved. You can count on the fingers of one hand the struggling colleges for the mountain whites. Berea, Maryville and Piedmont are the best known, and not one of them has adequate endowment or equipment.

"I am not saying that too much money has been spent on schools for negroes, though I do think that most of it could have been used to better advantage in different kinds of training, but I am saying that we have overlooked or neglected the biggest educational opportunity in the world in our failure to educate our Anglo-Saxon cousins."

The Vacant Chair



HEALTH TALKS

By WILLIAM BRADY, M. D.

AUTOBIOGRAPHY OF A PLAIN BABY—IX.

I SHED MY SURCINGLE.

When I was twelve days old my navel was healed and the nurse removed the dressing. Father constituted himself navel inspector, and when he saw how happy I was he instructed the nurse to discard the band. Father needed a shine and he said my belly band would serve a more useful purpose polishing his shoes than it could possibly serve keeping me warm and irritated.

You have no idea how glad I was to get rid of the blamed thing, for it was beginning to be very itchy and uncomfortable, and I had plenty of crying to do about more important matters without wasting my energies fussing over such an annoyance as that.

About this stage in the adventures of most kids a swarm of neighbors descend upon the household and paint for the mother dire pictures of what will befall the baby if the mother does not keep the poor little tike swaddled in superfluous clothing. But father knows that is all wrong. He says the sooner the belly band or surcingle is dispensed with the better for the health of the baby.

I certainly sympathize with kids who have to wear surcingles in hot weather just to please the neighbors. I sympathize with them from the botttom of my stomach, where sympathy really comes from. Dad says the belly-eoddling custom varies inversely with the degree of intelligence of the people, whatever that may mean. He says that the lower you go in the scale of intelligence the longer they keep the surcingle on the kids. Some of those wop kids and the babies of the peasant classes of immigrants in general are kept swathed in yards and yards of bell, swaddlings, cold weather and hot, and the poor helpless babies simply die like flies, mostly from heat. Babies can't stand the heat so well as older persons can. Think of having your body wound in about ten yards of heavy duck throughout the dog days! That's what the poor little wops and saplings or young poles have to stand. No wonder the babies of people like that have the highest death rate in the whole country.

The surcingle, preferably made of stockinettte, which fits comfortably and holds the dressing in place, is useful for the purpose of retaining the navel dressing. When the navel no longer requires dressing, then only the ignorant and superstitious will retain the surcingle.

Dad says those benighted immigrant folks have some sort of a delusion that the surcingle makes the baby grow strong, notwithstanding the obvious fact that the children of the immigrants are weaker and remain weaker physically than the children of native born people. The wop's notion of strength is digging in the ditch all day—but watch one at work and you will notice he wears no surcingle. He wears a belt down around the hips and not around the abdomen.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS.

Wet Hands.

Can you tell me anything that will overcome perspiring hands? My hands perspire so that I am embarrassed when I have to shake hands or dance with anyone. (A. J.)

ANSWER—Often this is rather due to some disturbance of the internal or "sympathetic" nervous system than to any local fault. You might try this lotion:

Tannic acid	1 dram
Alcohol	2 ounces
Glycerin	1 ounce
Water	3 ounces

To to be applied twice a day.

X-Ray Treatment After Cancer Removal.

Mother had cancer of the breast removed by operation two years ago. After the operation she had X-ray treatments. Recently a small lump appeared in one end of the scar. The doctor sent her back to the surgeon, who immediately began giving more X-ray treatments. I haven't a bit of faith in the X-ray. What would you advise? (C. O. W.)

ANSWER—I would advise that you let the X-ray treatments go on. It is the best possible treatment to prevent recurrence of cancer.

Dr. Brady will answer all signed letters pertaining to health. Writers' names are never printed. Only inquiries of general interest are answered in this column, but all letters will be answered by mail if written in ink and a stamped, self-addressed envelope is inclosed. Requests for diagnosis or treatment of individual cases cannot be considered. Address Dr. Brady in care The Constitution.

Serious Obligations Entailed By Mixing in European Affairs

BY FRANK H. SIMONDS.

M. Tardiau's disclosures as to the fashion in which the question of French security was settled at the Paris conference set forth clearly the position which the United States now occupies with respect of France. At the conference France asked, with the full accord of all the nations represented, security against a new German attack. Her course was dictated by the fact that twice in fifty years Germany had been guilty of unprovoked attacks upon the French, which had resulted in terrible wrongs to the French nations. Moreover, within fifty years the Germans had been guilty, under Prussian leadership, of four unprovoked aggressions, against Denmark, in 1864; Austria in 1866 and against France in 1870 and 1914.

But when the question was raised of how these guarantees were to be obtained France and her allies came to disagreement. Mr. Wilson insisted that the league of nations would suffice. To which the French responded that since it was to have no military establishment it could not suffice. Lloyd-George interjected a British protest against the creation of a new Alsace-Lorraine and thus supported Mr. Wilson. There ensued a deadlock, one circumstance in which was the president's call for the George Washington.

GAVE TO FRANCE SECURITY GUARANTEE.

Still even the George Washington threat could not prevail. Clemenceau was as unable to agree to abandoning French claims for military security as Lloyd-George would have been to surrender to the president, had Mr. Wilson demanded that the British return the German fleet and the German colonies, which constituted for British exactly the same guarantee of security that the Rhine barrier did for the French.

In the end Lloyd-George and Mr. Wilson did what they were always bound to do, if they insisted upon French modifications of the French demand for security, they promised France in the names of their respective nations that if France would agree to waive the right permanently to maintain the Rhine barrier the British and American armies would become substitute guarantees; that is, if the Germans again attacked Frace the American and British armies would automatically move to the continent, and by implication they further agreed to keep armies ready for this emergency.

Clemenceau accepted the substitute for France, with the amendment that the British and French should consent to the allied occupation of the Rhine barrier long enough to compel Germany to comply with the terms of the treaty. But although Wilson and George agreed to this, both, eager to get their own troops home, turned over to France the task of maintaining the Rhine barrier, leaving only small British and American contingents at the Rhine.

Now Germany has refused to comply with certain of the terms of the treaty. France finds herself still without American military support, since the senate has not yet ratified the French treaty putting into law the president's guarantee of French security, and, in addition, finds herself without British support because British public opinion is strongly against further continental campaigns, and has taken the direction of a sentiment for the modification of the terms of the treaty.

There is left to the French, therefore, only one course, and that is the course which the Millerand government is taking. France occupies the Rhine barrier and France is warranted under the terms of the treaty to continue that occupation indefinitely, if the Germans do not make good their treaty pledges. Therefore, France must prolong the occupation. She no longer can count on the American guarantee, the British was contingent upon the American, and, therefore, has disappeared with it.

SUMMARY OF THE SITUATION.

So the situation comes down to this. Through President Wilson we persuaded France to give up her demand for security. We persuaded her by promising her our army and navy, with those of the British, if the Germans took advantage of the absence of the Rhine barrier to attack France again, and we agreed she should stay on the Rhine indefinitely, supported by our troops and British troops, if Germany did not fulfill the conditions of peace. Germany has not fulfilled the conditions and does not mean to. Therefore, the French armies must stay and will stay, and the portion of the treaty of Versailles regulating this situation goes into the discard with much else.

In this state of affairs the American people are not free to criticise French action, to accuse France of imperialism or chauvinism, because we have failed to make good our promise to give France a security to which she was entitled. Moreover we have consented that the British should have that same degree of security, obtained by the destruction of the German fleet and the possession of the German colonies.

The only course open to the United States, if it desires to prevent French occupation of the Rhine barrier is the prompt ratification of the Anglo-French-American treaty and the constitution of an expeditionary army capable of supporting French forces immediately if the Germans attack France, and we must in addition join the French in insisting upon German performance of the treaty terms, so far as France is concerned, notably in the matter of coal. Nor can the British take any other course.

But if we are not prepared to do this, despite the president's promise, then we must withdraw our opposition to French occupation of the Rhine barrier and accept this as a matter of course following upon our own failure to ratify the treaty of guarantees. Of course, this will not undo the harm done, because we have given support to the German resistance to French policy, just as by the president's action in the matter of the Adriatic compromise we have encouraged the Jugo-Slavs to resist all proposals looking to a settlement of the Fiume dispute which have any chance of prevailing.

The Rhine and Adriatic questions raise again and in the clearest possible fashion the issue of American policy in Europe. We cannot continue to prevent settlements in Europe, however, unsatisfactory to the president's principles or to the country's notion of abstract justice, without undertaking certain obvious and really considerable responsibilities. We must, in a word, be prepared to support the Jugo-Slavs by force of arms against the Italians and the French by similar weapons, or we must announce our disassociation with European questions and by that announcement withdraw our fatal opposition to any settlement.

Even this will not undo the harm done, either in the French or the Jugo-Slav case. For, except for us, the French would have the Rhine barrier as a matter of right and the Jugo-Slavs would be led to a compromise, which, however unsatisfactory in detail, would abolish the far more dangerous possibility of an armed clash with the Italians, in which the Italians would have the tacit support of the British and the French and the Jugo-Slavs would not have the aid of an American warship or soldier.

As it stands we are preventing all settlement, encouraging new causes for hostilities, and, at the same time, contemplating not the smallest action on our part if the principles we champion by words lead to a new conflict, or, as is the possibility, to many conflicts.

Today's Birthdays

William Dean Howells, one of the foremost of American men of letters, born at Martin's Ferry, Ohio, 83 years ago today.

Walter W. Warwick, comptroller of the United States treasury, born in Scioto county, Ohio, 48 years ago today.

Dr. J. Ross Stevenson, president of Princeton Theological seminary, born at Ligonier, Pa., 54 years ago today.

Annie Sutherland, well-known actress of the American stage, born in Washington, D. C., 53 years ago today.

Dr. Harry M. Crooks, president of Alma college, born at Gilman, Ill., 51 years ago today.

STRIKE BLOCKING FRENCH RAILWAYS

Government, However, Keeps Some Trains Running—Labor Unions Consider Calling Sympathetic Strike.

Paris, February 29.—The subway and tramway employees and the omnibus, cab and taxicab drivers' unions held several meetings today and adopted in principle a proposal to call a sympathetic strike in favor of the railway men, provided they are invited to do so by the general federation of labor which has assumed direction of the present strike movement.

Delegations of the Parisian unions of railway men have requested Premier Millerand to receive their delegates. Apparently the dismissal of the railway man, Campanaud, for absence from duty to attend a union meeting, has been relegated to the background and the railway men's claims are now headed by a demand for nationalization of the railroads.

The price of bread, which was scheduled to advance from 20 to 30 per cent tomorrow, will remain stationary, the government deciding to postpone the increase until March 15th.

Improvement Reported.

Premier Millerand this morning convened the heads of the ministries affected by the railroad strike and the directors of the companies, who submitted reports of conditions on their lines. The director of the Paris, Lyons and Mediterranean system announced that there had been a marked relaxation in the situation since Friday, especially by the Paris-Marseilles lines. He said the improvement was accentuated yesterday, notably at Dijon, where 27 trains were in service.

The conferees were agreed that the reports of the directors of the railroads showed the situation as a whole to be rather favorable, with provisioning assured. In order to maintain the present stocks of coal, several economies in the use of fuel have been ordered. Cafes and public establishments will be closed at 10 o'clock p. m. with the exception of theaters and motion picture houses, which are permitted to remain open until 11 o'clock. The subways will stop running at 11:30 p. m. Other coal restrictions in effect during the war will again be put into force. Premier Millerand, receiving representaitves of the press after the meeting, said that henceforth the minister of public works would issue an official statement on the situation each morning and evening.

Only Partial Stoppage.

"This morning on the Paris, Lyons and Mediterranean there was a general relaxation in the situation, except at Lyons," the premier continued. "All through trains on the State line started. The Northern is normal except at Amiens. The Southern is satisfactory except at Bordeaux. On the whole, twenty-four hours after the general strike was proclaimed there is only partial stoppages of traffic. There is no total stoppage on any system, not even on the Paris, Lyons and Mediterranean. In fact, a general strike does not exist.

"This situation is easily explained. It must be remembered the origin of the strike was the suspension of Campanaud (a railroad employee discharged for being absent from duty to attend a union meeting), when measure of discipline was followed by an offer of arbitration by the government. There was absolutely no question in the present strike of professional demands, such demands having been put forward only after the event. A special commission is actively studying the question of a scale of wages and a statute for railroaders, whose representatives failed to attend yesterday's meeting of the commission. The strike has no connection with the question of establishing a new regime for the railroads.

"The government has received numerous offers of private initiative in provisioning. The situation offers no uneasiness. The Paris reserves are fully sufficient and an automobile transport service is ready to operate, while the postal service continues normal."

The premier affirmed the government's determination to repress any incitement to violence with the greatest coolness and firmest resolution.

The Paris newspapers are unanimous today in declaring the public absolutely out of sympathy with the railroad strike. While expressing the hope that it will come to an end swiftly, the newspapers say they consider it to be the duty of every citizen to support the government in the present struggle.

Not Much Headway.

The strike appears to be making little headway, judging from the reports received tonight in Paris. In the province the number of strikers has not increased, and on some of the roads it is said they even have decreased. No untoward incidents of any kind have occurred.

A warrant has been issued for the arrest of Leon Middol, secretary of the Paris, Lyons and Mediterranean union, on a charge of inciting soldiers to disobey orders. It is not known whether the warrant has been served.

The railroad federation this evening issued a communication saying: "From news reaching us from diffeernt points of the country, the federal council observes that the general strike movement is developing normally and is being carried out in perfect calm. Conscious of the strength of the movement and of the support of the general labor federation, the council remains in full confidence as to the issue of the struggle.

The police today arrested an extreme socialist, named Loreal, who is alleged to have been the author of an article in Le Libertaire, tending to incite young soldiers to disobedience of orders designed to keep the railroads operating.

An official note issued this afternoon says:

"With a view to mislead public opinion and deceive the railroad men who are faithful to their duties, the strike committee places at the head of its claims the nationalization of railroads and increased pay.

"Whatever may be thought of nationalization, it is purely a question for parliament alone. No corporation can be allowed to paralyze the country to impose such a measure forcibly."

ARMY ORDERS

(By Constitution Leased Wire.)

Washington, February 28.—Brigadied General Eben Swift, retired, will proceed to the following places, on temporary duty, for the purpose of delivering lectures to units of the reserve officers' training corps:

University of Georgia, Athens, Ga.; Georgia School of Techlonogy, Atlanta, Ga.; Vaderbilt university, Nashville, Tenn.

Major Duckett F. Hopkins, quartermaster corps, is detailed for duty under direction of the chief motor transport corps, Camp Jesup, Ga.

Captain Robert M. Bramlitt, quartermaster corps, is relieved from his present duties at Camp Gordon, Ga., is detailed for duty at Camp Jesup, Georgia.

War department order assigning Captain Marcus F. Mitchell, infantry, to duty with the motor transport corps at Camp Jesup, Ga., is revoked.

Captain James A. Wood, medical corps, is relieved from duty at general hospital No. 6, Fort McPherson, Ga., and will proceed to Fort Oglethorpe, Ga., for duty.

Colonel Theodore Schultz, infantry, is detailed as duty zone finance officer and deputy zone property auditor, Atlanta, Ga., in addition to his present duties.

Special orders Camp Gordon, Ga., transferring Lieutenant Colonel James Blyth, infantry, from base hospital, Camp Gordon, to general hospital No. 6, Fort McPherson, Ga., and directing, him report to the commanding officer for observation and treatment is confirmed.

AMERICAN FILMS ALARM THE BRITISH

London, February 29.—(By Special Cable Dispatch.)—The Times' film correspondent say: "An dequate and abundant supply of British films is urgently needed to compete with the unrestricted flood of American pictures that pours into China, India and Africa. Through them, the prestige of the British empire is being steadily lowered. These films represent life from an American point of view, and, naturally enough, present the United States as the first country of the world. English film producers have nothing to put out in competition with those transatlantic rivals, and the native mind quickly becomes convinced that, because Great Britain shows nothing, she has nothing to show.

"To the native, the film is the most convincing method of instruction. Thousands throng the picture theaters of the east each night. There they learn nothing of Britain.

"And there is a further and perhaps greater danger. Many of the American films present life to the native in a way that can do most deadly harm. The white man is held up to ridicule. Often native characters are shown in pictures, living on terms of complete equality with, if not superiority to, Europeans. Natives often figure as heroes with Europeans as villains, and the natives are shown making love to white women in a perfectly matter-of-fact way. Any man who knows the East and the native mind can foretell to what ghastly disaster that sort of thing must lead us. It must be checked swiftly, and the surest way of checking it is by means or English films."

TEST FOR GERMANY ABOUT WAR CRIMINALS

Paris, February 28.—The war commisson has decided to send to Germany the names of forty-six men for trial before the German courts. This, it is announced, will be a test of good faith upon which the allies have agreed.

The list, witha covering note of considerable length, has been drawn up and will be submitted to the supreme council. It is expected it will be forwarded to Berlin within the week.

The British selected the names of seven accused, mostly for submarine atrocities; France selected twelve, Belgium fifteen and Italy, Poland and Rumania four each.

The Dover Memorial; Foch Inspecting Guard of Honor



On January 26 Marshal Foch laid the foundation stone of the Dover Patrol Memorial on Cape Blanc Nez, England. Many distinguished people of both nations attended the ceremony and seamen and marines from the French and British navies formed the guard of honor. Marshal Foch is here seen inspecting the guard of honor on his arrival at Calais. The memorial is to be a companion one to that erected on Leathercote Point, near Dover, and will commemorate the work of the men and ships of the Dover Patrol during the war.

GOVERNOR COX WILL PAY AUGUSTA VISIT

Expected He Will Personally File His Candidacy for President in State.

By James A. Hollomon.
(By Constitution Leased Wire.)

Washington, February 29.—Governor Cox, of Ohio, who has announced that he will be a candidate for the democratic nomination for president, will visit Augusta, Ga., this week and while there will confer with former Congressman William M. Howard, who is practicing law in Augusta and who served in the house with Cox eighteen or twenty years ago, and with other of his Georgia friends.

It is understood that Governor Cox expects to personally file his candidacy with the state committee in Georgia and enter actively into the campaign for an instructed delegation for him at the San Francisco convention.

There is a general feeling among democrats that Governor Cox may develop into a formidable candidate at the national convention. He has never lost Ohio but once, and in 1918 when the stand pat and progressive republicans united on Willis, easily regarded as the strongest man in their ranks, he carried the state for governor over the republican fusion candidate by 12,000 votes. He is a conservative whose record has always been good, it is claimed, and who can come nearer putting Ohio's 48 electoral votes into the democratic column than any man named. Of course if the republicans should nominate Harding at Chicago on the 8th of June the chances for the nomination of Cox at 'Frisco would be materially increased.

Roper to Resign.

Next in interest to this almost certainty that Cox will contest for the Georgia vote is the announcement that Commissioner Daniel L. Roper, of the internal revenue bureau, will resign. This prospective resignation is ostensibly based upon Mr. Roper's desire to retire to private life, especially since federal prohibition enforcement has so materially increased and complicated his business. Perhaps a more plausible reason, however, is the fact that he may manage the campaign for ex-Secretary William G. McAdoo for president. While Mr. McAdoo positively declines to have his name appear on preferential primary ballots, even in his native state of Georgia, it is no secret that he is an avowed candidate for the presidential nomination, and that Mr. Roper has already and will continue to manage his interests. Of course Mr. Roper will feel a relief at getting away from the taxing duties of his important department, and he will, it is understood, eventually return to South Carolina and enter business.

Senator Harris Busy.

Senator Harris issued a statement today that he was not taking the part of any candidate in the Georgia presidential primary.

"The people expect me to attend to my duties here, and I am busy with matters affecting my constituents and the state," said he. "The people might justly resent any intrusion on my part, for they can express their own wishes in the primary without any suggestion from me."

AUSTRALIA IS HOPING FOR AMERICAN ACTION

Melbourne, February 29.—Sir Ronald C. Munro-Ferguson, the governor general, in opening the commonwealth parliament said that an early decision by the United States to share the responsibilities of the league of nations was earnestly hoped for. A mandate for the commonwealth to administer the territories captured by the Australian forces had been delayed by postponement of ratification of the treaty with Germany, he added, but its early issue was expected and legislation would be provided for adoption of the mandate.

The governor general said that production and enterprise within the commonwealth was vigorous but that much money was required to meet obligations arising from the war.

Upshaw Has Bill For Jew Chaplains In Regular Army

By James A. Hollomon.

Washington, February 29.—Congressman W. D. Upshaw, of the Fifth Georgia district, will introduce an amendment to the army reorganization bill authorizing the appointment of Hebrew chaplains-at-large—sufficient in number to serve the Hebrew soldiers in the regular army. Of course, ordinarily, there are not enough Jews in any one unit of 1,200 men to justify a regular Hebrew chaplain for that particular unit, but the amendment will provide for chaplains-at-large to be stationed at convenient geographical centers so as to serve at regular intervals all Jewish soldiers.

Of his amendment the representative says:

"According to the constitution, our government cannot be the patron of any particular form of religion, but recognizing the value of religion as the basis of that character that gives morale to both the citizen and the soldier, it is clearly within the province of the government to protect and encourage all religion that inspires reverence for God and gives morality and stability to character."

JACKSON MAN WINS MEDAL AND $1,000

J. O. M. Smith, of Commerce, Had Largest Lint Cotton Yield of U. S. in 1919.

By Fredric William Wile.
(By Constitution Leased Wire.)

Washington, February 29.—J. O. M. Smith, of Commerce, Jackson county, Georgia, captures the gold medal and $1,000 cash prize for the largest yield of lint cotton in the United States for 1919. This price was one of eighteen offered by The Farm Journal, of Philadelphia, for the best three yields of six important crops—corn, wheat, cotton, oats, alfalfa and potatoes. For each crop a gold medal and $1,000, a silver medal and $500 and a bronze medal and $250 were the prizes for the best yields. This contest was announced in 1918 at a time when everyone expected the war to last well into 1919. The purpose of the contest was to stimulate production of those crops which would help to win the war and help to feed and clothe the world after it was over.

Five acres was to be the minimum for each entry. Thirteen states captured the eighteen prizes. In the cotton contest the awards were as follows:

Gold medal and $1,000 to J. O. M. Smith, of Georgia, with 1,360.29 pounds of lint cotton per acre.

Silver medal and $500 to S. J. White, of Sumter, Sumter county, South Carolina, with 1,195.35 pounds of lint cotton per acre.

Bronze medal and $250 to William Peterson, of Clinton, Sampson county, North Carolina, with 1,040.87 pounds lint cotton per acre.

Great interest was shown throughout the country in this contest. State extension departments, farm bureaus, county agents, banks and farm organizations going the limit in an effort to land the prizes for their own localities.

The average yield of cotton for the last ten years in Georgia has been 192 pounds. The prize-winning yield is almost seven times the average for the state. This shows the great opportunity there is for the cotton grower if he uses, as Mr. Smith did, the best seed and reinforces it with good methods.

IT IS WORTH GOING MILES TO HEAR CHAUNCEY OLCOTT SING "MACUSHLA ASTHORE." A GREATER SUCCESS THAN 'MOTHER MACHREE.' OLCOTT APPEARS AT THE ATLANTA THEATER TONIGHT.

AMERICAN IS KILLED IN MILITARY REVOLT

Warsaw, February 29.—An American named Harris is reported to have been killed during the recent military revolution at Kovno, Lithuania. Harris joined the Lithuanian army a few months ago as an instructor.

The revolutionary outbreak at Kovno continues and martial law has been proclaimed. Civilians are not permitted on the streets after 8 p. m.

Harrisburg, Pa., February 29.—Word has been received by Mrs. Samuel J. Harris, of this city, telling of the death of her son, First Lieutenant Samuel J. Harris, Jr., from wounds received while helping to suppress a mutiny in Kovno, Russia. The message came from Commander Gade at the headquarters at Riga.

Lieutenant Harris was a student at Dickinson college, Carlisle, at the time of his first enlistment. He served a year on the Mexican border. Later he re-enlisted and went overseas with the 112th regiment, 28th division.

London, February 29.—A wireless dispatch from Warsaw under date of Saturday says that the recent revolt of Lithuanian troops at Kovno occurred on February 22 when several units who had agitated for deferred pay were ordered to assemble and confer with the government representatives. The men refused to obey the orders on the advice of bolshevik agencies from Shavli, 77 miles north-northwest of Kovno, and directed machine gun fire against the government building throughout the day and night, the dispatch says. At the same time, artillery bombarded the railway station and various parts of the town.

The dispatch does not give the number of casualties but says that in semi-official circles in Lithuania it is believed the revolt was the result of bad relations between the officers and men.

ONE OF THE SEASON'S BEST OFFERINGS. CHAUNCEY OLCOTT IN "MACUSHLA" AT THE ATLANTA THEATER TO-

HARRIS AND CRISP IN "LITTLE CONGRESS"

(By Constitution Leased Wire.)

Washinton, February 29.—Senator William J. Harris and Representative Charles Crisp, of Georgia, were elected honorary members of the "Little Congress," at their regular meeting tonight, it being formed by the secretaries to the members of the senate and house. The Georgians were elected because of their former service here as secretaries when Senator Harris was with the late Senator A. S. Clay and Congressman Crisp was with his father, Speaker Crisp.

CHAUNCEY OLCOTT IN "MACUSHLA" HAS ACHIEVED THE GREATEST SUCCESS OF HIS CAREER. AT THE ATLANTA THEATER TONIGHT.

WHY DO YOU TRY TO HIDE THOSE LITTLE PIMPLES

Or Cover a Dark, Sallow, Muddy Complexion With Face Powder and Rouge.

How embarrassing it is for one to have pimples appear on face, neck, arms or hands. One little pimple is bad enough—mars the attractiveness of a pretty face.

You can quickly remove pimples and other skin blemishes by touching the spot or applying Black and White Ointment to the part affected. This simple but effective home beauty treatment removes, not only pimples but clears a dark, sallow, muddy complexion, and leaves the skin soft, white and radiant.

All who have used Black and White Ointment are delighted with the results and keep a box always on their dressing table. Black and White Soap should also be used and will be found a delightful aid to the Ointment.

Both Black and White Ointment and Soap can be found at all good drug stores and toilet counters—25c each a package, or the manufacturers will send postpaid on receipt of 50c.

A sample, literature and Black and White Birthday and Dream Book will be sent you free if you will clip and mail this advertisement to BLACK and WHITE, Box 913, Memphis, Tenn.—(adv.)

BLACK AND WHITE OINTMENT
Clears the complexion

GREENSBORO TO HAVE FOREIGN TRADE MEET

Representatives From South Atlantic States Will Formulate Commerce Plans.

By James A. Hollomon.
(By Constitution Leased Wire.)

Washington, February 29.—Representatives from the south Atlantic states will hold a foreign trade conference at Greensboro, N. C., on March 12 under the auspices of the "Leage of Cities."

This conference has been called to formulate a program by which the south Atlantic states of North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia and Florida will fight the discriminations which have hitherto held their commerce in check. Invitations to this conference are being issued by Matthew Hale, president of the South Atlantic Export company, and by the Greensboro Chamber of Commerce, as the host chamber, to all the commercial organizations of the four south Atlantic states.

The purposes of this conference are fourfold: First, to secure the establishment of additional through rate routes and service from the middle west to the south Atlantic ports; second, to prepare a program which will remove the discrimination in inland freight rates now existing against certain cities in the south Atlantic states; third, to formulate a program for the continuance of the present export freight rates from the middle west to the south Atlantic, which may be canceled when the railroads are returned to corporate control; fourth, to secure the establishment of a branch office of the department of commerce for the south Atlantic states.

In issuing this call for a conference Matthew Hale, who is also president of the South Atlantic Maritime corporation, said:

What Is Necessary.

"In order that the south may claim her own in foreign trade and that the vision of southern statesmen may be realized, it is essential that the unused rail facilities available for western traffic be utilized immediately. The establishment of new export freight rates from the west and the esablishment of regular steamship service from the south Atlantic ports give the opportunity to establish all these additional through freight routes and to abolish the discrimination in inland freight rates and recognize the principle that the south Atlantic states are entitled to a share of the nation's commerce."

It was through co-operative action of the same nature and under the same leadership that these expert freight rates and regular steamship service from the south Atlantic ports to Latin America were obtained. Since the entire railroad rate situation and general railroad policies are in a state of flux, a program to accomplish these desired ends must be formulated immediately in order that the situation will crystallize in favor of the public interests of the south Atlantic.

Since this freight rate situation effects every manufacturer and producer in the south Atlantic states, a large delegation of these manufacturers and producers is expected at Greensboro, as well as a large delegation of traffic men.

$1,000,000 LAND DEAL REPORTED IN LONDON

London, February 29.—(By Special Cable Dispatch.)—The Duke of Westminster is negotiating for the sale of an important though small part of his London property for $1,000,000. Two prominent business men, directors of an extensive restaurant enterprise, are prospective purchasers. The property, which includes shops and a well-known license house, will be demolished, and a large restaurant will be erected on the site.

Romance in the building trade of Harrogate, one of Britain's most popular inland resorts, is reflected in a property deal, one of the biggest in the history of the north of England. Almost 600 separate properties have been purchased by the Bradford syndicate, involving approximately $41,000,000. These properties formed the estate of Alderman James Chippindale, who had been three times mayor of Harrogate. About fifty years ago Alderman Chippindale, in partnership with his brother, Amos, began building in a small way. He erected homes big and small in different parts of the town, mingling shrewdness with a bold enterprise which almost in every case carried him to success. He is regarded as the Dick Whittington of Harrogate, but in place of a cat he has had a trowel of almost uncanny power.

ENGLETT IS ARRESTED ON CHARGES OF THEFT

H. P. Englett, aged 17, of 1 Loomis avenue, was arrested Saturday by detectives Hornsby and Howell, charged with theft, and is being held at police headquarters pending futher investigation.

It is said the youth confessed to a dozen or more burglaries which occured in Atlanta recently. When arrested, the officers found on his person several articles of jewelry, including watches and rings.

DRINK OR DRUG

POISONING requires ELIMINATION. The Neal Treatment acts as an ANTIDOTE for these poisons, eliminates them from the system, creates a loathing for drink or drugs and overcomes the diseased condition. (No Hyoscine used.) Dr. J. H. Conway, 10 years with the "Keeley," physician in charge. Address Neal Institute, 229 Woodward Ave., Atlanta, Ga.

60 Neal Institutes in Principal Cities

We Make Free Examinations

—Often it requires expert examination to reveal tooth troubles. We are glad to make these examinations FREE, and to give you HONEST WORK at the LOWEST possible prices.

Palace Dental Rooms
5 W. ALABAMA ST.
Phone Main 1946
Open Daily 8 to 6



PLATES
Made and Delivered Same Day

Gold Crowns and Bridge Work as low as $3
Silver Filling $1
Set of Teeth $5
OLD PLATES made like new $1 to $3
All other work low in proportion and all work GAURANTEED

Public Convenience

Coincident With Return Of the Railroads to Their Owners

SOUTHERN PACIFIC LINES

HAVE RE-ESTABLISHED

A FREIGHT AND PASSENGER OFFICE AT

ATLANTA

L. J. SPENCE, Director of Traffic, 165 Broadway, NEW YORK, N. Y.

D. ASBURY, General Agent, Healy Building, ATLANTA, GA.

Beautiful Wristlets That Are Real Timekeepers

The wrist watch that adorns milady's arm must be a thing of beauty, of course—

But more than that, it must be also a DEPENDABLE TIMEKEEPER if she is to find genuine pleasure in its possession.

The wrist watches we are showing have been selected with this in mind. We offer only those movements that we know to be thoroughly reliable.

The timekeeping reliability, the exquisite design and rare individuality of the wrist watches on display here, will simplify the usual difficulties of your selection.

An inspection of our stock will prove to you we have decidedly the best values and greatest assortment to be had in the South.

Write for 1920 illustrated Watch and Jewelry catalogue.

Maier & Berkele, Inc.
Gold & Silversmiths
31 Whitehall St.
Established 1887

G. L. LEMON AND COMPANY
901 Healey Building. Phone Ivy 4704. Atlanta, Ga.
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

How Many Opportunities Have You Missed?

Remember how many times you could have made a considerable amount of money had you only been able to have laid your hands on a thousand dollars that day?

But you didn't have the money, and by the time you could get it, it was too late.

Why not begin this pay-day to accumulate that thousand dollars, so that you will be able to take advantage of the next opportunity?

Start Your Savings Account Today. A dollar is enough if you can't spare more to start with.

Citizens & Southern Bank

OFFICERS ATLANTA BANK

FRANK HAWKINS, Chrm. of Board — MILLS B. LANE.....President
W. W. BANKS.....Vice-President — J. N. GODDARD.....Vice-President
A. M. BERGSTROM....Vice-President — JOHN W. GRANT.....Vice-President
THOMAS C. ERWIN..Vice-President — H. LANE YOUNG.....Vice-President
W. V. CROWLEY.....Cashier
HENRY COHEN....Assistant Cashier — A. J. HANSELL....Assistant Cashier
W. H. FITZPATRICK...Asst. Cashier — W. B. SYMMERS....Assistant Cashier
JNO. E. WALLACE Assistant Cashier

IN THE REALM OF WOMAN'S AFFAIRS

Society

Child Welfare Meeting.

A special meeting of the child welfare committee of the Atlanta Woman's club has been called for this afternoon at 3 o'clock. Important matters will come up for discussion at this meeting, it was announced Sunday night by Mrs. Charles Goodman, secretary.

STATE DEVELOPMENT MEETING AT TIFTON

Governor Issues Call for Important Session There on Thursday.

Tifton, Ga., February 29.—(Special.)—The most important meeting of state-wide interest for organization for effective and permanent work in developing Georgia ever held, it is declared by those intimate with the purposes and plans of the conference, has been called for March 4 at Tifton. Representatives from many state-wide organizations and activities will be present and the scope of the conference extends to comprehensive, well grounded plans for crystalizing a movement that shall effect "general information by Georgians of Georgia, development of and improvement of Georgia, and giving nation-wide publicity to Georgia."

Governor Hugh M. Dorsey has issued the call for this meeting, and, after alluding to previous conferences on the subject, his call says: "It was the unanimous opinion that the time is ripe for a great forward movement in Georgia, a uniting of every agency in a real state-wide effort to promote to the fullest extent our matchless resources and opportunities.

"Only about one-third of Georgia's tillable area is under cultivation; drainage is needed in many sections in the interest of agricultural production and improved health conditions; her mineral and water power resources are almost untouched; the utilization of her manufacturing possibilities have barely begun; her live stock industry, with the ability to produce beef, pork and mutton at minimum cost, is in its infancy.

"We need quickly a system of permanent roads, an expansion of our public school system to match that of any other state. Our own people need to be led to make full use of the opportunities at their disposal on every hand.

"Georgia needs and can easily support, without crowding, double her present population. She needs new settlers of the right character from other parts of the country to make use of her unoccupied lands. Thousands of good Americans are going to Canada because they do not know of the superior opportunities in Georgia. It is time we should tell the world about them."

AVOID "FLU" BY STERILIZING YOUR NOSE

Last Year's Experience Proved Ol. Eucalyptus (Eucapine Salve) Is Most Effective Preventative Known.

Get out your jar of Eucapine Salve, or, if you have none, go to the nearest drug store at once and get a family jar of this well-known nose and throat steri... Sterilize morning, noon and night by sniffing the Eucapine up into the nostrils and rub a little on the back of your tongue, whence it will spread to the throat and nostrils, thus sterilizing the nose and throat.

The chief ingredient of Eucapine Salve is Oleum Eucalyptus, the non-poisonous antiseptic whose power to prevent influenza was first discovered in the London Epidemic of 1891, and was so effective in the epidemic of influenza throughout America last year. In addition, Eucapine Salve contains just enough camphor, menthol and oil of white pine to make it soothing, healing and delightful to use. Even the babies enjoy it. Ask any well informed physician and he will tell you that Eucapine, though originally designed for the mother's use with her children in colds, croup and to prevent pneumonia, is the best and most agreeable antiseptic you can use to sterilize the nose and throat of young and old alike. 50c per jar at drug stores, or by mail from the manufacturers, Piedmont Laboratories, Inc., Clinton, S. C.—(adv.)

HEAR OLCOTT SING "'TIS AN IRISH GIRL I LOVE," in "MACUSHLA," AT THE ATLANTA THEATER TONIGHT.



DANCING

Mon., Wed. & Sat.

Private lessons in fashionable ballroom dancing, day or night, by appointment, at studio or your home. Ivy 5786.

Lane's

Peachtree and Cain Streets.

SHAKE INTO YOUR SHOES

Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder to be shaken into the shoes and sprinkled in the footbath. The Plattsburg Camp Manual advises men in training to use Foot-Ease in their shoes each morning. It prevents blisters and sore spots and relieves painful, swollen, smarting feet and takes the sting out of corn and bunions. Always use Allen's Foot-Ease to break in new shoes.

MORPHINE AND ALL DRUG ADDICTIONS

PAINLESSLY, EFFICIENTLY AND SCIENTIFICALLY CURED AT THE FLATAUER SANITARIUM, APALACHICOLA, FLA. (Formerly of Atlanta, Ga.)

Our wonderful Cure for the Drug Addiction has been discovered over three years ago and since then we have cured some of the most hopeless cases of ten years' standing and more.

No rackets in our cure.

Our Sanitarium is located in our private home, one of the finest in Florida. All accommodations are first-class, same as in a first-class hotel.

Correspondence solicited. All Communications strictly confidential. Highest of references.

Address all correspondence to

FLATAUER SANITARIUM

Apalachicola, Florida

Mother and Baby She Wants to Sell



Mrs. Anna Kalman, a factory worker, of New York city, offers her week old child for $1,000 with the sole condition that the pruchaser must be a Jewish family

"Cinderella's Daughter"

By HAZEL DEYO BATCHELOR

SYNOPSIS.

At boarding school the paths of Virginia West and Katherine Foster merged and then divided. Virginia married a poor man and Kathleen broke her engagement to a poor man. Immediately Virginia began to meet problems, while Kathleen's life was entirely free of worry. Poverty and the sordid problems of life lost Virginia many of her illustions. Her mother married again and went to Japan and Virginia had no one to turn to but Jimmy's mother, who did not understand the girl at all. Then came Jimmy's illness and death and the birth of the baby. At first Virginia was prostrated under everything, but slowly that magical something that was youth began to stir in her, and she decided that life was not over after all.

CHAPTER XLII.

Virginia Has Her Way.

It came to Virginia in the night with a sudden burning conviction that there was just one thing that she could do and that was act. The thought of going on the stage filled her with delicious fear. She knew nothing about it save through stories she had read, but she realized that she was without talent in any other line, and that there was a chance of making good in this one way. All night she tossed from side to side and turned the matter over in her mind and by morning she was convinced that she ought to try and see what she could do.

At breakfast she seemed to have more determination and firmness about her than usual. Mr. Anderson finished his second cup of coffee and was about to go to his study when Virginia stopped him. "I want to tell you and mother something," she began.

He dropped back in his chair.

Virginia's announcement that she was going to the city to look for a job was received in stony silence by Mrs. Anderson, who had more or less expected something of the kind.

"And what do you propose to do with Barbara?" she asked abruptly.

"I was coming to that. I thought that perhaps you would keep her just until I got settled. I can take care of her after that."

"But, my dear," expostulated Mr. Anderson, mildly. He did everything mildly. His entire outlook on life was tentative, and although he did not know it, everything he did was governed and held in check by his more positive wife, who always planned beforehand just what he should do. "My dear, what do you propose doing? You've never worked. It seems like a risk that you oughtn't to take. You're very young, you know."

"But I can't stay down here for the rest of my life," Virginia protested. "I want to live. I must get away."

"Some people are made to be sacrificed, my dear," said Mr. Anderson. "Perhaps it's your duty to stay here. You could be a great help to mother."

"Not if I couldn't be happy," Virginia insisted. "Oh, please try to understand." Something in the intensity of the remark awoke a long-lost dream in the heart of Mr. Anderson. Once he had been young, with all of life before him, with fierce dreams and fierce longings smouldering in his heart. Life had changed him sadly and he had become weak and easy-going, but once he had been as determined as Virginia was this moment.

"Well, mother," he said, turning to Mrs. Anderson, "I guess we'll have to let the child have her way. You're a woman, Virginia," he said, turning to the girl, "and you must do whatever you thing best." Unconsciously he squared his shoulders and held them more erect as he walked off to his office, leaving Mrs. Anderson staring after him in amazement.

Virginia wrote that very day to Bill Lyons. She told him that she was determined to get work, and that she had an idea of something she could do. She asked him if he would get her a place where she could stay, and Bill answered her letter immediately, promising his help. He met Virginia at the train and with him was a tall, very smartly-dressed young woman. She had a small hat which came down over her eyes and a heavily-dotted veil, and Virginia did not know that it was Kathleen until she was kissed lightly and caught the fragrance of the delicate French perfume that hung about Kathleen always. Then quite suddenly and incongrously Virginia felt shabby. Her blue suit was smartly tailored, but it had been dyed black and somehow Virginia did not feel comfortable in it. She felt travel-weary, too, and there was a freshness about Kathleen that smacked of scented baths, the confidence born of silken lingerie, and careful grooming of one's entire appearance.

"I just made Bill bring me," Kathleen was bubbling delightfully.

Bill had grasped Virginia's bag and caught both her hands for a moment in a strong, comforting clasp. She looked up into his very blue eyes and they were full of protection. But vaguely she wished that he had come for her again. Why was it that at every turn of her life Kathleen seemed to appear and to play an important part?

SOUTHERN CASKET MAKERS TO MEET IN CITY THURSDAY

Members of the Southern Club of Casket Manufacturers will hold a two days' business meeting next Thursday and Friday, and the sessions will be featured by lectures from prominent casket manufacturers of Cincinnati and New York.

The sales force and organization of the various southern casket manufacturers will be invited to attend Friday's meeting for participation in the discussion of conditions as they affect the casket trade. Secretary Charles R. Fox, of Atlanta, will have charge of local arrangements.

VALDOSTA TO SECURE BIG LIVE STOCK MEET

Valdosta, Ga., February 29.—(Special.)—There is a probability that the first international exposition of the Southern Swine Breeders' and Southern Cattlemen's associations next fall will be held in Valdosta. The chamber of commerce is in receipt of a letter advising that this city will be considered as the first meeting place of the associations at a joint session of the executive committees of the two organizations in Montgomery Wednesday. Various officers of the two associations will visit Valdosta at the conclusion of the Montgomery meeting.



MAKES HAIR WITH A THOUSAND LIGHTS

A Dainty Toilet

Dirt and dust cannot withstand the rich, suddy, bushels of lather of

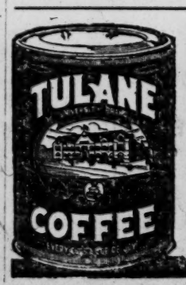
SHUCO Shampoo

One to three teaspoons applied to the well-moistened hair, then rubbed into a bubbling lather, makes the hair feel and look as silk. Leaves the hair clean, fresh, brilliant, fluffy and wavy.

A delightful acquisition to your toilet.

A Hundred Times Better Than Soap

60c at your druggist's



TULANE COFFEE

PURE coffee: air-tight cans: STRENGTH and FLAVOR sealed in. French Drip method gives that rich, delicious coffee YOU WANT.

AMERICAN COFFEE CO. OF NEW ORLEANS LTD.

Household Quiz

By Alice Gitchell Kirk.
(Home Economics Expert and Lecturer.)

Questions.

1. What are towel straps and how are they used in the linen closet?
2. What is the quickest way to remove a label from a bottle?
3. What is a good substitute for celery in cooking?
4. What is the preferred material for babies' bands, shirts and stockings?
5. How may linen be kept from turning yellow when laid away for some time?
6. Do you know why raw eggs are the most easily digested of all foods?
7. What is the scientific explanation of the reason why so many people sing in the bathroom?

Answers to Saturday's Questions.

1. Every woman who cooks or plans food for her family must be well aware of the adequate amount and kind that will supply each member with just what is necessary for growth and strength.
2. Meats may be preserved by refrigerating, freezing, drying, canning, pickling and smoking.
3. When the bread is coarse-grained, either the flour is of poor quality or the dough some time during the porcess of rising became too warm. The latter is more often the case.
4. Strong bones and teeth depend on a proper percentage of calcium compound. Calcium-oxide or lime as it is commonly called, is found in many foods.
5. The best home method of cleaning a fountain pen is to fill a glass with water, open the pen and let it soak upside down all night. Then rinse well, wipe dry and fill.
6. The name of the piquant sauce used by the Chinese on chow mein or chop suey is "soy," which adds an agreeable flavor.
7. The true fragrance of coffee can only be secured by grinding it as fine as granulated sugar. The buyer should see that this is done, for if coarsely ground the coffee has to be boiled in order to get the strength and this ruins the flavor.

(Copyright, 1920, for The Constitution.)

WILSON IS ATTACKED FOR ADRIATIC COURSE

Coatesville, Pa., February 29.—President Wilson's participation in the Adriatic controversy was made the basis for an arraignment of the league of nations by Senator Poindexter, republican, Washington, here today in a speech in which he pointed to that dispute as indicative of the futility of the idea that "peace can be brought to the world merely by giving up the independence of the several nations and uniting them all under one central authority."

"Here is a question," Senator Poindexter said, "to be settled by the very nations who have been selected out of all the other members of the proposed league for places on its council. They are not able to agree withthe United States, or rather with the president. How can it be assumed that these same nations, bound together in the solemn covenant and constitution of a ratified league, could agree to any greater extent than now?"

Settlement of the Adriatic question, "somehow whether there is a league of nations or not," was certain, he said, adding "it is just such differences that lead to war."

"As the matter now stands," the senator said, "the United States and its people can be relieved of the burden of the demand that the league be ratified. If the demand had been granted, we could not withdraw in a lesser time than two years, during which time we would have been drawn into the inevitable consequences of the conflict. It is a blessing to the United States and to the world that the president has been saved, against his will, from being compelled to remain in such conflicts."

"The uselessness of the United States undertaking to improve conditions in the world by participation in European affairs," also is illustrated by the Adriatic controversy, Senator Poindexter insisted.

"No good has come of it," he declared. "On the contrary, the friendly affection which the peoples of western Europe felt for the United States, on account of the great services our nation had rendered them in their war for independence, has been changed into almost universal ill feeling. This is the actual result of the attempt of a rank outsider to impose its will upon other people's affairs."

Further criticism of the president was voiced by the senator in declaring that "peace would long ago have been restored to all parts of Europe, as well as to America, but for the insistence of the president in forming a union between our nation and European nations and making ourselves partners in European controversies and European associate in the settlement of American affairs," adding that should our "meddling" bring about war the American people would not justify the additional taxation and the enlistment of men to participate in it.

Senator Poindexter asserted that American participation in European controversies must necessarily mean the participation by Europe in the adjustment of American questions, "such as the Mexican question." Such provision, he declared, was "abhorrent to those who are familiar with American doctrines, and can only lead to bitterness and unnecessary conflict."

ATLANTA LABEL LEAGUE TO MEET IN LABOR TEMPLE

Celebrating the first anniversary of the Atlanta Label league, an entertainment will be given Wednesday evening in the Labor temple. This event will also be participated in by the Retail Clerks' union.

A general educational program has been arranged for the entertainment, that will consist of an address by John J. Manning, secretary of the label trades department of the American Federation of Labor, music, moving pictures and recitations. Refreshments will also be served.

An address will also be delivered by President Ross Copeland, of the Georgia Federation of Labor, and some fine music will be given by Coroner Paul Donehoo, who recently added to his fame by winning success on the vaudeville stage.

The Atlanta Label league is made up of 22 organizations, and its aim and purpose is to boost goods carrying the union label. The organization is allied with the Atlanta Federation of Trades. Representation from each of the affiliated unions is through three delegates for each local.

The members of the labor movement and the general public are invited to attend the anniversary entertainment next Wednesday evening.

TO CELEBRATE 100TH BIRTHDAY ON MARCH 10

Savannah, Ga., February 29.—(Special.)—Mrs. Georgia Nathan, Savannah's oldest citizen, is to celebrate her 100th birthday anniversary March 10, and at the special invitation of Mayor Stewart, she will be honor guest at a reception to be held in the city hall. She will name her own hour to be present, and hundreds will visit the city hall to pay her honor. Home events for that day will include a reception and a dinner, the cake with a hundred candles having already been baked for the occasion.

Your Home and You

BY HELEN KENDALL

Tack-Proof Walls in the Boys' Room



The mother of four was showing a guest over the house.

"I credit myself with a veritable invention in this room," she said' pushing open a door. "It is a tack-proof wall."

The guest made the proper response—echoing the phrase with question mark attachment.

"It's Ted's room," said the mother. "If you've ever lived in the house with a boy you know what the walls of his room look like when he gets thorugh with his various enthusiasms, one by one. First he tacks up twigs with cocoons on them, or birds' nests, pieces of snake skins and the like. Next he covers his walls with magazine pictures of baseball stars, followed in a year or two, or perhaps simultaneously, by motion picture actresses. Before this era is quite over he adds high school pennants, class photographs and magazine covers of dreamy-eyed girls. Every time he re-decorates he puts up new tacks and leaves yawning gaps where the previous ones were.

"I went through several years of this with Junior in our other house. When we built this one Ted was just coming on, and I invented the tack-proof wall. As you see, it is covered from picture molding to baseboard, with natural colored burlap. In a box on his writing desk I keep a spply of big, strong bank pins. With these he pins to the burlap all the magazine covers, pennants, invitations and souvenirs he wants to. He can change things about as often as he wishes and not spoil the looks of his wall, for the natural colored material does not fade, and when it gets too soiled I have it cleaned. I insist upon framed pictures being hung from the picture molding, but beyond that he can go as far as he likes, and I assure you that there have been times when every square inch of the wall was covered!

"The burlap not only protects my walls from mortal wounds, but it is an extremely attractive background, and I have a theory that a boy's room should express as much taste as the rest of the house, if he is to be trained in the appreciation of line and color. No cast-off plush rockers, ricketty desks and pictures that nobody else wants shall go in my boy's room. Although inexpensive, his bed, chairs, study table and chiffonier are attractive in finish and suited to his size. Many a boy has a school desk adjusted for him. A boy's room is his sanctum and it should have a great deal of thoughtful care given to it."

(Copyright, 1920, for The Consttution.)

:: :: Home Cooking :: ::

BY MRS. M. A. WILSON

Queen Victoria's Former Cuisiniere

Copyright, 1920, for The Constitution.

The mother desires to feed her children for their physical well-being today so that they may reach their maturity 100 per cent efficient in health.

To furnish suitable and nutritious food at the present high prices is by no means an easy problem for the mother of moderate means. Now in order to obtain the maximum amount of nutriment, the mother must plan a diet of at least a week for a real working basis.

This means that you should plan the meals entirely separate and apart from the rest of the family. This includes the children from 9 months to 15 years of age. Wholesome, plain, well-cooked foods should be the portion of every child. It should be given in sufficient amounts to replace the energy that has been expended and to build up a reserve as well as furnish the material for growth of body structure.

Foods that are not suitable for children or that are injurious or difficult to digest are stimulants, such as tea and coffee, and seasonings such as vinegar, catsups, spices, pepper, mustard, horseradish, pickles, etc., fried foods, pastries, veal, pork, sausage, kidneys, cornbeef, dried or canned meats, greasy or overrich stews or gravies. Well-cooked cereals, well-cooked macaroni, good home-made whole wheat bread, milk, eggs, fish, baked potatoes and plenty of green vegetables, fresh and dried fruits, simple custards and puddings. All these will furnish an abundant diet for the growing youngster.

Candy has no place in the child's diet. An excessive amount of sugar causes an irritation of the delicate lining of the stomach and thus sets up a fermentation and causes intestinal disorders. Candy and large amounts of sugar spoil the appetite for the plain, well-cooked and wholesome foods and prevent the child from eating sufficient food, because the sweetmeats themselves give the child a feeling of having had enough to eat.

Children who are permitted to have large amounts of candy and sugar are frequently subject to many of the childish diseases; this is due to the fact that eating liberally of sweets lowers the vitality of the body.

The child's craving for sweets may be satisfied by a reasonable portion of figs, dates, seeded raisins, apples, oranges, plenty of good creamery butter. All these foods are essential to the growing child. Stewed fruits and a green salad should be included in the daily menu.

SOME SIMPLE GOODIES FOR THE CHILDREN.

Gingerbread.

Three-quarters cup of New Orleans molasses,

Six tablespoons of shortening,

Two cups of flour,

Two level tablespoons of baking powder,

One-half teaspoon of cinnamon,

One-quarter teaspoon of ginger,

One teaspoon of nutmeg,

One cup of water.

Beat to mix and then pour into well-greased and floured pan and bake in a moderate oven for thirty-five minutes.

Cocoanut Pudding.

Scald two cups of milk, and while the milk is heating place in a mixing bowl

One-half cup of fine bread crumbs,

One-half cup of cocoanut,

Three tablespoons of sugar,

One tablespoon of butter.

Pour the scalding milk over the crumbs and then let cool. Add the yolk of one egg and then turn into a baking dish and bake in a slow oven for twenty minutes. Use the white of egg by placing it in a bowl with one-half glass of currant jelly and then beat until the mixture holds its shape. Pile in the pudding and serve.

Chocolate Cornstarch Custard.

Place in a saucepan

Two cups of milk,

One-half cup of cold water,

One level tablespoon of cornstarch,

Five level tablespoons of cocoa.

Stir to dissolve the starch and then bring to a boil and cook slowly for fifteen minutes. Now add

Six tablespoons of sugar,

One tablespoon of vanilla.

Beat to mix and then rinse the custard cups with cold water. Pour in the cornstarch and set aside to chill. Turn from the cups and then when cold serve with a thin custard or fruit whip sauce.

Old-time Rice Pudding.

Place in a saucepan four tablespoons of well-washed rice and then add

One and one-quarter cups of boiling water.

Cook until the rice is soft and then add

Two cups of milk,

Six tablespoons of sugar,

Two tablespoons of butter,

One well-beaten egg,

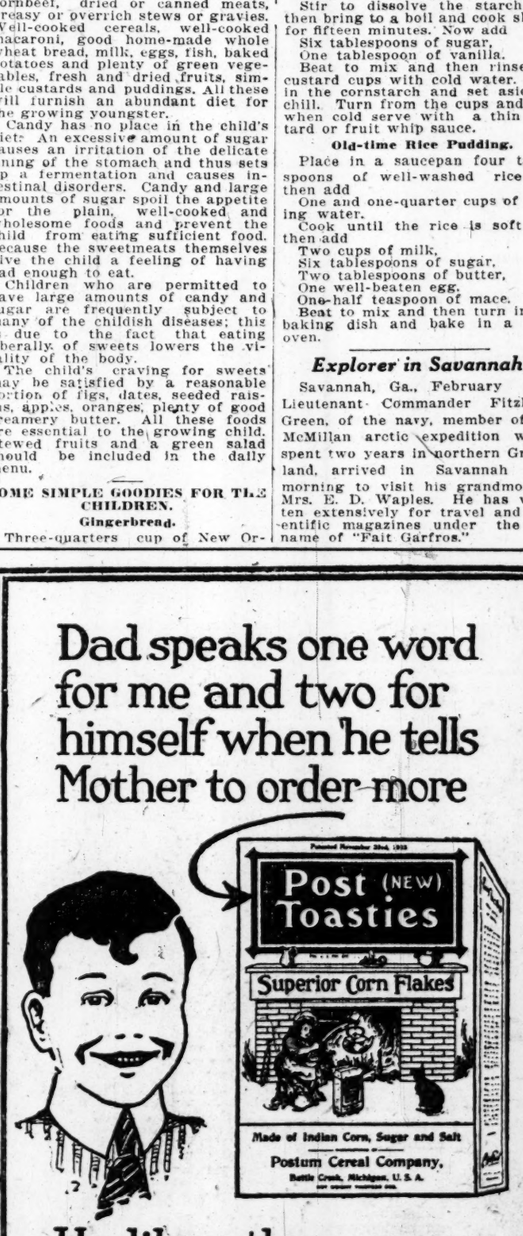
One-half teaspoon of mace.

Beat to mix and then turn into a baking dish and bake in a slow oven.

Explorer in Savannah.

Savannah, Ga., February 29.—Lieutenant Commander Fitzhugh Green, of the navy, member of the McMillan arctic expedition which spent two years in northern Greenland, arrived in Savannah this morning to visit his grandmother, Mrs. E. D. Waples. He has written extensively for travel and scientific magazines under the pen name of "Fait Garfros."

Dad speaks one word for me and two for himself when he tells Mother to order more



He likes them same as I do — Bobby

Made by Postum Cereal Co, Battle Creek, Mich.

Woman Explorer and Writer Will Speak to Women Tuesday

Ida Vera Simonton, explorer and writer, will speak to a mass meeting of Atlanta women at the Atlanta theater Tuesday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Miss Simonton spoke to a large congregation at the North Avenue Presbyterian church last night when she explained the spiritual significance of the work the people of this country were being asked to do in the Near East Relief work.

She described the influence which Christian missionary work had already accomplished in that part of the world, here telling particularly her operations along this line in her African explorations, from which she has drawn for her successful books.

"I am bringing to the women of this section the message from the Near East—a message from the most cruelly put-upon people in the whole world," said Miss Simonton.

"It is a message from women to women, so many things which more surely appeal to the hearts of good women.

"Therefore, I have asked that my meeting of Tuesday afternoon be for women only.

"There is so much I have to say that I could not say to a mixed audience."

Miss Simonton is a volunteer worker in the American Committee for Near East Relief, and she is assisting in the Atlanta campaign.

Many organizations are aiding in collecting the fund, and among them a small entertainment given several weeks ago, under the direction of Mrs. W. S. Elkin at the Georgian Terrace hotel, the sum of $275 was secured.

The headquarters of the Atlanta work are room 1009, Flatiron building. L. E. Platt is director. F. V. Dennison is collector for the state, room 1111 Flatiron building.

Last Night's Dreams; What They Mean Did You Dream of Arguments?

Dr. Johnson once awoke from a dream in which he had held a learned argument with an adversary who had completely worsted him. He was much chagrined until his faithful Boswell reminded him that he himself must have furnished not only the argument, but its refutation. To dream of having an argument, say the mystics—not a quarrel, but a friendly discussion—is a sign that justice will be done to you. If you have a lawsuit and are in the right you will win the case. In business your work will be appreciated at its full worth. If you have a new enterprise on hand and win the dream argument your venture will succeed and much profit will accrue to you. This dream is also a warning to be chary of entering into arguments while awake. To a married woman it is a warning not to nag her husband and to the unmarried it is an omen that their "lovers' quarrels" will all be patched up. On the whole the dream is a favorable one occupied with the warning, advice—don't talk too much.

The scientists admit that there are dreams "in which the most complicated intellectual operations take place, in which proof and refutation are offered, puns and comparisons made just as in our waking thoughts." But, they say, when such dreams are analyzed it will be found that "all of this is dream material and not a representation of intellectual activity in the dream." All speeches which occur in the dreams are "unchanged, or only slightly modified, copies of speeches which are likewise to be found in the recollections of the dream material. Often the speech is only an allusion to an event contained in the dream thoughts; the meaning of the dream is quite another one." A man may hold a logical argument in his dream, but the dream itself never uses logic in its make-up.

(Copyright, 1920, for The Constitution.)

SCHOOL-DAYS ARE JOY-DAYS

for youngsters whose bodies are made strong and sturdy by rational exercise and proper food. The boy that is stuffed with foods that have been robbed of mineral salts is a dull boy. Shredded Wheat is the perfect food for growing children because it contains all the brain-making, tissue-building material in the whole wheat grain. A breakfast of two Shredded Wheat Biscuits with hot milk gives a zest for study and play—costs only a few cents.



A Laundress That Won't Fail You

The wash day problem has become a real one. You can't do such work yourself and dependable help is almost impossible to find. But

The Laundry Queen

Electric Washer

takes care of all the actual work just as perfectly as a really good maid would do. It washes, wrings and rinses—works quickly and well—gets the clothes out spotless, in double quick time.

And it costs less than Five Cents a Week to run

UNIVERSAL MOTOR CO.

STATE DISTRIBUTORS

LIVE DEALERS WANTED

44 Madison Ave. ATLANTA Main 1487

Sports — Boone Announces All-Prep Choice

Edited by Cliff Wheatley

MOVIE OF A STREET SNOW SHOVELER — By Briggs



Coach Boone Selects All-Prep Quint

Peacock School Director Honors Murray, McGarrity, Laird, Venable and Carter on His Mythical Team—Was Successful Season.

By COACH BOONE.
(Peacock School.)

Monday the 1920 prep basketball season comes to a close, to take its place in that part of oblivion known as history. In asserting that it was a successful year, I am not taking into consideration the success of the various teams that composed the league, but I am basing my opinion on the fact that the fans of Atlanta took greater interest in the activities of the prep schools of the city than in any previous year, and this support has been evidenced in every game played.

At just about this time, when the curtain is about to descend, fans who have kept up with the situation turn their thought to the selection of the best combination that could be arranged among the players of the league. And in line with the general thought, I am about to present a team that, in my opinion, is composed of the five best players in the Atlanta Prep league.

In doing this, I might precipitate a discussion, and I wish to refrain from "stirring up" anything. This team is simply my selection. My reasons for picking the five young athletes that I name below are based on observation of their work in several games during the season, and a profound conviction on my part that they make up the most powerful combination in the circle of prep school teams.

At center, Mercer Murray of G. M. A. is head and shoulders above any other player of that position in the league. Possessed of accuracy, speed and aggressiveness, this player has won an enviable niche in the Atlanta Prep league's Hall of Fame.

There are several splendid forwards in the league, but in my opinion, there are two stars that shine brighter than the rest of the stellar system. I refer to Laird and McGarrity. In Laird, of Peacock, and Cautal nEd McGarrity, of Boys High, it can be said, without fear of contradiction, that all the qualities that make expert basketball players are to be found, and they both deserve places on the team. Laird is the most accurate foul-goal shooter in prep circles, in addition to being very fast and aggressive. He was used to good advantage during the season as "side-line" player, and in this position added much to the success of his team.

Venable of Peacock, and Carter, of G. M. A., offer the best material for the all-prep guard positions. Vehable has been playing center throughout the year, but his natural place is at stationary guard. He is not a goal-ringer, but at keeping the opposing player from ringing up a counter, Venable hasn't a superior in the Prep league.

Carter, the other player I selected as guard, has made himself a powerful factor in the pennant-winning race of the Georgia Military academy, and I am of the opinion that, with few exceptions, other coaches of Atlanta will agree with me in this nomination. I am fully aware of the fact that some dopesters will name Staton, of Boys' High, to share the guard places with Venable, but I believe that Carter is faster than Staton, and covers the floor better, than his chief rival for the position on the mythical quint.

Sparks, of Peacock, is a good forward and a good guard, but he lacks some of the qualities that would make of him all-prep in either place. For that reason I am going to create a position on my all-prep team and install Sparks on that throne. Therefore, he is the all-prep utility player on this selection.

BARRACKS
New in proportions and design.
2½ inch points
With the reinforced Oblong Cable-Cord Buttonhole.
Always ask for
Lion Collars
OLDEST BRAND IN AMERICA
UNITED SHIRT & COLLAR CO. TROY, N. Y.

It'll Be Fighter Versus Fighter When O'Dowd and Murphy Clash

By CLIFF WHEATLEY

We can't say it's a case of "Greek meets Greek," because both of the fighting gentlemen sound Irish. And that'll be the tenor of this lettered concoction. If O'Dowd and Murphy aren't Irish, then their battling methods seem entirely out of place. As we have it, never having seen either of the boys in the arena, and through necessity forced to take the dope spilled forth by the sporting writers that have seen the lads stripped for fiery action, both are fighters from the fabled word "go!"

O'Dowd fought shy of the gutter, went up the pugilistic ladder, because he possessed that rare quality of tearing in and trusting to luck. That the fickle dame has been with him through all his fistic encounters is the very reason Uncle Sam delivers him letters with "Mr. Mike O'Dowd," Middleweight Champion of the World." Mike won his laurels because he was the most aggressive scrapper in his class.

Was in Army.

Another likable feature we notice about the champion on his way to Atlanta for J. Hume McDonald's fight card Friday night is the fact that he stayed away from the shipyards. The nearest he ever got to a shipyard during the war was when the transport he was going to France on passed through the Brooklyn harbor. Mike O'Dowd will be hailed in Atlanta because he is a fighter of the Argonne vintage and the champion boxer of his class. Two very likable features, at that, and which will combine to make one Michael O'Dowd welcomed to Georgia's capital city with the opened arms of the fans, unanimous in admiring the spirit the boy shows in the ring, in addition to respect for one that dodged bullets, when so many other ringmen were dodging the draft.

"Stockyards" Tommy.

And now the other side of the boxing controversy must come in for consideration. First, let's get it absolutely straight in our minds who this Tommy Murphy is. Emphatically he is NOT the Murphy that fought under the sobriuet of "Harlem Tommy," and who cut quite a swath, only to have it lead into the darkest corner of that part of history known as Oblivion.

This is "Stockyards Tommy," one of the "good" boys of his class and a resident of that part of the United Deserts set down in the dictionary of American slang as Chi. Before he started out to whip every fighter in the middleweight class Murphy let his efforts begin at home and he mounted the boxing ladder in his home village in exactly nothing flat. Since then he's been looking for other worlds to conquer, he has gazed upon the champion's belt worn by Mike O'Dowd and found it entirely becoming to his own figure. And Atlanta will be the scene of the struggle.

"Stockyards" Tommy Murphy embarked on a prize-fighting voyage for the same reason a fish starts out to swim a minute after it's born. He liked to fight, and when the opposition gave out around Cook county Tommy sought other arenas. He's not a fighter that wins his battles on points and neither is O'Dowd. Both boys start in fighting when the gong for the opening round adds to the noise of the ringside. And from that minute on the affair becomes an exhibition of giving and taking honest-to-goodness men's sized blows.

Both Pack Wallops.

Each possesses a wallop of sufficient caliber to make a knockout entirely within the range of possibilities for the fray next Friday night. This isn't an extravagant statement, or is it asserted without some foundation on facts? O'Dowd has the longest string of knockouts, but the stockyards fighter has a mighty good record of battles in which he applied the well-known dreaming potion.

And now to give the promoter his dues. J. Hume McDonald is arranging the affair and we have Mr. McDonald's assurances that the card will probably be the best he has put on in Atlanta. To the hundreds of fight fans that will witness the bill at the Auditorium Friday night this is all that's necessary.

Other Attractions.

For the people that don't think the main attraction is worth the price of admission Mr. McDonald has signed Larry Avera and Eddie Hanlon as an extra inducement. Neither of the boys need any introduction to Atlanta fans, as both of them have appeared as headliners on several of Mac's cards and have hundreds of supporters around the big town. These boys will battle for ten rounds.

This is one of these cases found so seldom in boxing circles where two fighters simply disagree and want to scrap it out. In other words, it's a real grudge battle, with great stress laid on the grudge. The boy Avera is one of the battlers of Walk Miller's stable and Mr. Miller is confident that Larry will have little difficulty in putting Eddie Hanlon's numerous leagues in that dim land of Nod.

Grudge Fight.

"If Larry Avera can't whip Eddie Hanlon, I'm ready to give up my connection with the game," is Walk's confident shout, and—"If I can't put Avera away, I ought to quit," Eddie chirps. There it is, gentlemen. If that isn't "grudge," Colonel Noah Webster never had anything to do with telling the meaning of words.

Tickets for the fray go on sale this morning at Chess' Place, the Rex and Silverman's. Mr. McDonald stated last night that he had received applications from many out-of-town fight lovers for the affair, and he regards this as an indication that the battle is being watched with interest throughout the south.

• • • •

The Prep Season Closes Today.

After the game this afternoon, the 1920 basketball season of the Atlanta Prep league passes into history. The season as a whole has been one of the most successful since the league was organized. It hasn't been the most successful, because several of the teams were below their usual standard. Marist and Tech High were off stride during the whole year, and this feature was a disappointment, as fans have learned to expect great things of these two schools.

One-Year Ruling.

Several changes in the regulations of the league will have great influence in directing the success of the association in the years to come. We regard as foremost the recent enactment of the one-year rule in prep athletics. Contrary to the general belief, this ruling does not go into effect until next September, when the gridiron candidates don their pads.

It had been rumored that the regulation became effective with the opening of the baseball season, and much anxiety was expressed by the supporters of the various prep aggregations. The new legislation provides that students entering high school from the grammar grades will not be affected, and are eligible for positions of the athletic teams of the high school they elect to enter.

It puts a ban on students that transfer from one school to another, stipulating that the player must attend his second school one term before he is permitted to win a letter in any branch. There are doubtless several disadvantages to the ruling, but the higher tone it lends prep athletic activities offers ample excuse for the legislation.

• • • •

Coach Boone's All-Prep Quint.

On other columns of this page is shown Coach Boone's all-prep basketball selection. Coach Boone, as directing genius of the Peacock school's fast basketball team, is eminently fitted to pick an all-prep team, and his choice in this instance presents without doubt the strongest team that could be assembled from the roster of the Atlanta Prep league.

Coach Boone's team is almost identical to the one picked by Lieutenant "Jokie" Clayton, swimming instructor and track director at the Georgia Military academy, which was published in a recent issue of The Constitution. Using these two coaches as a basis, it appears that the mythical quintet will honor the following players: Murray, G. M. A., center; McGarrity, Boys' High, forward; Laird, Peacock, forward; Carter, G. M. A., guard; Venable, Peacock, guard.

• • • •

The Colored Baseball League Being Organized.

Tuesday afternoon will decide whether or not a Southern league, composed of negro teams in eight of the largest cities of the south, will be organized. L. R. Lautier, one of the officials of the colored team that swept the south last summer, will represent the local club at the meeting. Plans of organization provide that the schedule of the new league will in no way conflict with the home playing dates of the Atlanta Crackers. The two teams, working in conjunction, would provide baseball every day for the fans of Atlanta, and from present indications, it will take that much of the national pastime to satisfy the desires of the fans, weary of only hearing the fables of the Stove league, with no chance to see how the players would look in action. The Atlanta colored team has been incorporated with a capitalization of $10,000, and little difficulty in securing a place for this city in the league is anticipated by those having the matter in hand.

• • • •

All Hail, the Conquerors Return From Victory.

Proud of their victory over the university Saturday night, the quitent of the Atlanta Athletic club arrived in the home town yesterday, and declared they were ready for the opening of the national championship tournament on the 10th of March. Winning from the Athenians has always been about the biggest night's work any quint ever undertook, and the club team has a well-earned right to feel elated over the result of the battle.

Filled with determination to make the hardest fight possible for the national championship, the club quint starts the week tonight with a hard work-out on the Auburn avenue court.

Tillmon Goes After Britton's Welter Fighting Crown

Under Jack Reddy's Guiding Hand, Minnesota Boy Is Camping on the Champion's Trail.

St. Paul, Minn., February 29.—(Special.)—Johnny Tillman, one of the best welterweights in the country, one of the few mitt artists who can say he has never been knocked down, is on the warpath again, after having just recovered from a long siege of yellow jaundice, and Jack Britton's title is his goal.

For this campaign Johnny has a new manager and a brand-new style of boxing. His new pilot is Jack Reddy, the St. Paul fight impresario, and his new style is something that the welterweight champion is to discover when they meet.

Tillman has met Britton three times and has outpointed him twice. Reddy has seen the champion box more than twenty times, and after seeing Johnny's plan of campaign, he announces his confidence that the welter title will come to Minnesota before long.

Reddy was directing the affairs of Mike O'Dowd when the present middleweight title-holder tried to lift the crown from Britton's brow, and that time he says he formed his own idea of the line of attack that would be most effective against the champion. Tillman has reached precisely the same conclusion, although independently, and they have joined forces for the purpose of seeing j[illegible] how far their ideas will take [illegible] in the direction of the 145-pound throne.

Tillman has met all the leading lightweights and all the leading welters, and it is seldom that a decision has been given against him. Before he entered the service he set a good example for all his brother boxers by giving 10 per cent of his ring earnings to the Red Cross, an example that was followed by several other leading fistic stars.

He is not, however, asking for recognition on that account. He proposes to demonstrate in the ring that he is Britton's master and he will camp on the trail of the titleholder.

Curtain Rings Down On Prep Basketball 1920 Season Today

Tech High-Boys' High Game This Afternoon Promises to Be Bitter Struggle.

By Roy E. White.

With three big games this afternoon, the 1920 basketball season of the Atlanta Prep league comes to a glorious close.

Tech High-Boys' High, Fulton High-Commercial High, and Marist-G. M. A. are the three games that will be dished out for the cage fans of the city this afternoon by the artists of the prep league.

Fans will make no mistake in seeing either of the games. In the Tech High-Boys' High struggle, a fight of the giants is promised. Years ago, intense rivalry started between the two institutions, and it's been getting worse every year. This time the climax will be reached. Dope is a good thing to use some time, but don't trust that kind of animal when teams of these two schools go into battle with each other.

We will recall, back yonder in the old year when the Junior Smithies' football team ruled great favorites over the Boys' High gang, predictions of several touchdowns difference, with the dope on Tech High, were freely offered. The story can be condensed. Tech High won by a lonesome field goal. Therefore, bet if thou so desirest, but trust to luck and not to dope.

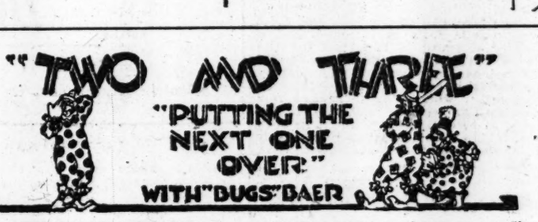
Now the trend of the stury runs to the Marist-G. M. A. game. The College Park Cadets come in from their native lair to partake of this encounter, and they bring a good sized part of "dope" with them. G. M. A. is unquestionably the best team in the Atlanta Prep league, an dhas been playing the kind of basketball all the year that championship quints are made of. Marist will offer a mighty struggle, but unless dope gets spilled in unheard of quantities, the beanboys' struggle will be in vain.

The Fulton High-Commercial High game will be a consolation battle. Lowest in the prep league standing, the two teams go on the floor with the dope evenly divided. These quints have both fought hard during the season, but they were outclassed from the start. Both have won large numbers of supporters, if they haven't games, and these loyal fans will turn out to see the supremacy between the quints firmly established.

With this assortment of games, cage fame lovers of Atlanta have contests that are bound to prove corkers, every one of them. As luck would have it, the six teams are fairly well matched, and, with the possible exception of the Marist-G. M. A. game, none of the battles will pro[illegible] cut-and-dried affairs.

Speaker Declares Pitcher Sothoron Uses Freak Delivery

Now that the American league has ruled against the use of freak deliveries, critics are wondering what Pitcher Sothoron, of the St. Louis Browns, will do with his delivery. Sothoron was never rated as a spitballer or an emery baller, nor even as a shine baller, but he is said to have a peculiar method of dolivery that lies dangerously close to the illegal line. Tris Speaker says Sothoron has a unique method of loading the seams of a ball and making them as smooth as polished glass. The Cleveland pilot says he will make a test case of Sothoron's delivery the first time the Brown star faces the Indians.



EFFICIENCY EXPERTS.

THE RIGHT WAY to end all wars is to put 'em in charge of efficiency experts. Nothing that an effish bird has charge of lasts very long. Everyting on earth has a use and a place, but you'd have to drive three Weejee Boards tandem to discover the answer to this cuckoo. Efficiency is a new rash that has broken out in big business.

IF A MERCHANT prince is annoyed by his business, he puts the works in charge of an effish hound. In a week, there ain't no business to annoy him. The first thing that the effish duke does when he wheels into an office is to fire everybody who looks as if he has authority enough to fire the effish gent.

HE CUTS DOWN the overhead expenses by the same method that the Indians cured the pioneers of dandruff. By scalping. Turn an expert loose in a Chinese laundry and he immediately fires all the Chinese. He pulls the spokes out of wheels, the cogs out of gears and breaks the teeth from saws. When there ain't anybody left in an office to fire, the expert hires new sapps who can do one-third of the work at one-half the salary. He cuts down the expenses by eliminating the receipts. After he is through with the outfit, the brass knob on the front door will last forever, and the "Welcome" on the doormat doesn't mean a thing. Then he goes home and plays horsey with his fair-haired baby with a conscience as clear as ocean water and just as salty. Wood alcohol is a tonic for that guy.

EVERY OFFICE IS about the same. There is the office boy who can answer one question wrong twice. Youth is the only thing that bars him from the senate. Then there is the blonde stenographer who chews gum in three speeds and reverses without stripping the gears. She wears eleven-dollar shoes, but is good to her mother. She can take dictation backward and typewrites it the same way. Three or four clerks who think that a loose-leaf ledger is the Third Testament, and the boss make up the rest of the gang.

THE OLD BOAT has been sailing along for centuries, everybody drinking out of one Lily cup without getting more than their pro rata share of the flu and wages. The boss inherited the works from his father, whose father wished it on him. Saturday afternoons off and two weeks' vacation in the summer. All legal holidays including Washington's Birthday and gum boils. When the clerks hitched up with the A. E. F. the boss paid their salaries for the duration of the fighting in Europe, but balked at the scrapping in congress. Nobody ever stole another guy's umbrella, showing that it was an innocent outfit, on rainy days, anyway.

DURING A LULL in common sense the boss paged an efficiency expert and the panic was on. When he got through with the office it would have made a fine bowling alley. There ain't any clerks left to eat up wages. There's no correspondence to chew up valuable ink, and no safe for a burglar to riffle. The spiders have another nest. The expert experted plenty. The woodprint on the wall, dated 1859, and showing the home factory when it was a mere ashbarrel, is right up to date.

BUT THE BOSS is cheery, oh, as the effish expert has promised to get him another job.

IT WAS A FORTUNATE thing that the Ten Commandments were written before some efficiency bandit had a chance to cut 'em down to about two or three.

Monday Is Last Day For Schools In Prep League

By Roy E. White.

They have saved the best for the last. The Boys' High basketball team meets the Tech High five Monday and the curain rings down on the [illegible] prep league season. Two other games of importance are scheduled for the final day.

Fulton High will meet Commercial High on the "typists" court, G. M. A. plays Marist on the Marist court and at Fulton court, and last but not least Tech High meets Boys' High on the Boys' High court in the city auditorium. All games are slated to begin at 3 o'clock.

Boys' High and Tech High have met once before, Boys' High winning by a very close score of 23 to 21, but that game was played on the Y. M. C. A. court, so now the Smithies say that they are going after the Boys' High five with a vengeance.

Some fans of the city have already brought to mind the fact that Tech High has beaten the Boys' High five in the last contest of the season, between the two, for three years back. Not only have the Smithies won the last game, but the sad part of it is the game was played on the Boys' High court each time.

Will history repeat again this year? If so, a winner is very easily picked, but if the old dope is upset, like it has been on nearly every occasion this season, Boys' High should win the combat. Taking that small word "if" out of the way and there is no dope left.

Man to man, Boys' High probably has the edge, for in Captain McGarrity they have one of the best leaders in the league. Mack also knows how to shoot a basket, having negotiated it for no less than 133 points all told during the regular league playing season to date.

McGarrity has been ill for several weeks and is not in the best of condition now, but says that he will play Monday.

Captain Green Warren, of the Tech High five, has been out of commission practically all season, due to an injury received in the G. M. A.-Tech High game early in the year.

Stewart, who took his place, has been going at a fast clip, but illness struck him several weeks ago and he has not been able to play up to his usual standard since. Mathewson will probably play the other forward position for Boys' High, with Merritt as his opponent.

At center Staton will be found on the Boys' High side, while Williams will represent Tech High. These men are about equal, Williams having the edge in shooting, with Staton having the advantage in guarding.

At guards Coach David will probably use Simpson and Albright, while Tech High will have Wright and DiCristina representing the Purple and Gold five. At guard there is practically no difference between the four, either one will stack up about equal with the other.

The other game between Commercial High and Fulton High should result in a victory for the "typists" inasmuch as they defeated the county lads by a good margin in their first meeting. The pennant-winning G. M. A. cadets should have very little trouble with Coach Joe Bean's Marist quint.

Kilbane to Receive Fortune for Battle In New Jersey on 19th

Johnny Kilbane is expected to receive the record amount for a boxer in New Jersey in his battle with Johnny Murray, booked for March 19, at Patterson, N. J. Kilbane has been guaranteed $8,500, with a privilege of 37½ per cent of the gross receipts. The feather champ expects to receive close to $15,000 for his end, which will be a new high-water mark for eight-round engagements.

CHAUNCEY OLCOTT, SUPPORTED BY AN IDEAL CAST, WILL BE AT THE ATLANTA THEATER TONIGHT IN HIS GREATEST SUCCESS, "MACUSHLA."

Jack Kearns Is to Blame Says Spink

Writer Asserts Champion's Manager Told Many Different Tales About Dempsey's Life. Champ's Golden Flood Might Stop.

By Al Spink.

The United States government, the American fighters just returned from the European battle fields, great American newspapers and other people are now, for obvious reasons, on the trail of Jack Dempsey, champion pugilist of the world.

Is Jack or was Jack a slacker?

Is Jack Dempsey an American?

Or is he William Harrison Dempsey, of somewhere in West Virginia?

Or is the man now known as Jack Dempsey a Levantine Jew hailing from New York's east side?

The questions the government is asking and the "Fancy," that crowd which follow the fighting game, never seem to tire of asking.

Today Dempsey is in a peck of trouble, and the golden harvest which only the other day seemed within his easy reach, is now in the gloaming. It may disappear altogether, for Jack is just now in a critical position.

The United States government's draft review department at Washington is gathering all sorts of evidence in relation to Dempsey in its attempt to prove that he gave different answers to different questions put in different cities to him during war-time by members of the various draft boards.

From New York the army, navy and civilian board of boxing control has wired to the San Francisco draft board requesting a photographic copy of Jack Dempsey's questionnaire as taken from him in that city during war-time.

They have also wired to another point where Dempsey signed a questionnanre, in which he eswore that he was sending money to his wife through his father at Salt Lake.

The same board has also wired certain posts of the American legion asking for information on which they based charges of Dempsey's answering falsely to questions asked of him while before the various draft boards.

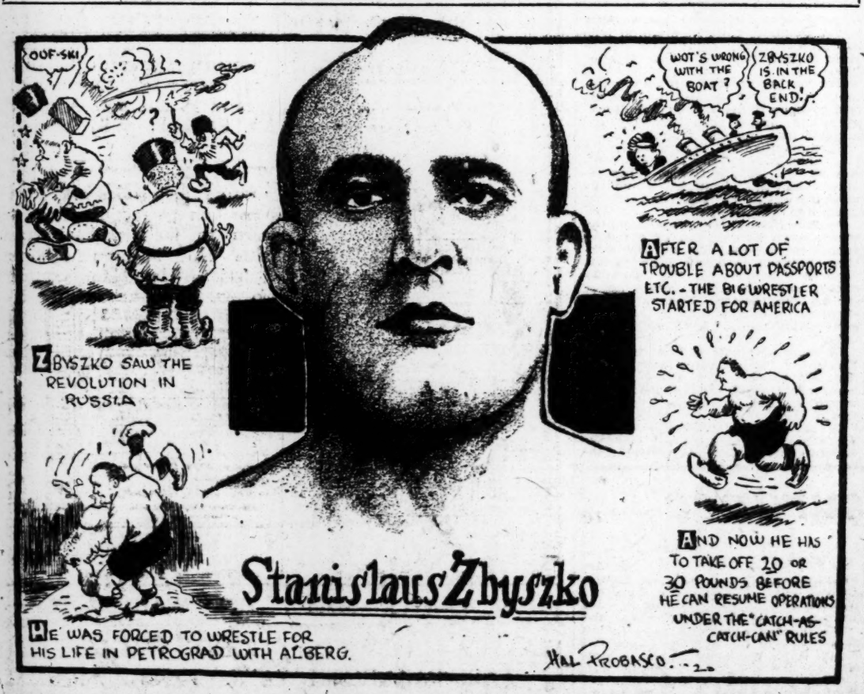
This brings Dempsey into a very serious predicament, for the government board is the court of last resort in cases of this sort, and has

Continued on Page 10.

ONE OF THE SEASON'S BEST OFFERINGS. CHAUNCEY OLCOTT IN "MACUSHLA" AT THE ATLANTA THEATER TONIGHT.

Don't Discard It—Varnish It
Pee Gee Re-Nu-Lac
renews and restores with a single operation the effect of natural woods in a varnish stain.
A small can of Re-Nu-Lac, a brush, a half hour, will take years off the appearance of an old piece of furniture.
Why not try it on your porch furniture instead of buying new?
The Campbell Paint Store
Owned by
The R. O. Campbell Coal Company
Main 149 228 Marietta St.

Zbyszko Back in U. S.; Wrestled for His Life in Russia



Stanislaus Zbyszko, the first of the Zbyszko brothers to star in the wrestling game, recently returned to the U. S. after an absence of ten years. Among the thrilling experiences he had while in Russia during the war was that of saving his life by throwing Aberg, another famous wrestler, to prove that he (Zbyszko) was really a great mat artist and not an imposter and spy.

RAILR

Arrival
Atlanta
senger
The
as infor

ATLANTA

Arrive
6:05 a
5:25 p

ATLANTA

Arrive
12:40
7:50
7:00
2:40
10:35
8:4
3:5

A

6
6
6

BRADSTREET'S WEEKLY NATIONAL CLEARING

Bank clearings in the United States for the week ending February 26, as reported by telegraph to Bradstreet's Journal, New York, aggregate $7,000,957,000, against $8,921,929,000 week before last, and $5,720,492,000 in this week last year. Canadian clearings aggregate $263,365,000, as against $267,371,000 week before last, and $172,599,000 in this week last year.

Following are the returns for last week, with percentages of change shown as compared with the same week last year:

	February 26.	Inc.	Dec.
New York	$3,804,345,000	13.2	.....
Chicago	562,517,000	9.9	.....
Philadelphia	402,156,000	20.3	.....
Boston	292,884,000	19.1	.....
Kansas City	215,957,000	32.7	.....
St. Louis	148,300,000	19.2	.....
San Francisco	128,035,000	28.0	.....
Pittsburgh	156,314,000	24.8	.....
Cleveland	110,024,000	52.7	.....
Detroit	82,809,000	33.3	.....
Baltimore	71,276,000	7.8	.....
Los Angeles	63,633,000	84.3	.....
Cincinnati	59,597,000	21.1	.....
New Orleans	59,254,000	23.5	.....
ATLANTA	57,430,000	39.6	.....
Richmond	56,336,000	39.3	.....
Omaha	53,284,000	13.6	.....
Los Angeles	63,633,000	84.3	.....
Minneapolis	36,215,000	28.8	.....
Seattle	37,033,000	32.6	.....
Buffalo	37,400,000	111.2	.....
Portland, Ore.	28,862,000	19.0	.....
Dallas	40,020,008	89.5	.....
Denver	40,088,000	66.6	.....
Milwaukee	27,090,000	12.0	.....
Memphis	25,532,000	70.0	.....
Houston	24,918,000	88.6	.....
St. Paul	14,758,000	.....	8.1
Louisville	14,575,000	.....	18.9
Fort Worth	17,445,000	83.1	.....
St. Joseph	16,812,000	1.8	.....
Nashville	19,858,000	44.5	.....
St. Lake City	14,207,000	32.6	.....
Wash'g'n, D. C.	13,749,000	12.1	.....
Indianapolis	16,969,000	44.4	.....
Toledo	12,437,000	40.9	.....
Columbus	10,866,000	11.3	.....
Oklahoma	11,471,000	40.7	.....
Wichita	10,938,000	37.9	.....
Providence	10,898,000	30.1	.....
Des Moines	12,169,000	44.0	.....
Spokane	10,991,000	.....	12.8
Norfolk	9,615,000	42.3	.....
Sioux City	10,236,000	13.3	.....
Tulsa	10,777,000	28.9	.....
Rochester	8,100,000	30.4	.....
Savannah	8,805,000	63.2	.....
Akron	11,810,000	118.5	.....
Oakland	8,582,000	28.6	.....
Hartford	7,452,000	21.1	.....
Galveston	6,902,000	106.5	.....
Total, U. S.	$7,000,957,000	18.1	.....
Tot. outside N. Y.	$3,106,612,000	24.9	.....

EASIER TENDENCY IN COMMODITIES IS WELL DEFINED

The easier tendency to prices of the principal commodities continues quite well defined, for, while the changes were somewhat more evenly divided last week than of late, 46 declines comparing with 30 advances in the quotations received by Dun's Review, the articles in which recessions occurred were, as a rule, of most importance.

More liberal receipts, due mainly to improved transportation conditions, together with reports of coming imports from Europe, had a very depressing effect on dairy products, and more or less concession was made on butter, cheese and eggs. The movements in the grain markets were somewhat erratic, corn, oats, rye and barley advancing and declining with unusual rapidity, reflecting light arrivals at primary points and conflicting reports in connection with the future demand from Europe. Live meats were easy for the greater part of the week, but there was no material alteration in quotations. The reactionary feeling in provisions continued, largely owing to the falling off in orders from abroad, and lower prices were established on almost all products.

The strength of the iron and steel markets is fully maintained, and a better demand is reported for the minor metals, with the general trend of prices upward. While cotton goods lack some of the buoyancy formerly displayed, there are few indications of any material recession in prices, but sentiment in both the hide and leather markets is conspicuously less confident than earlier in the year.

ANOTHER DECLINE IN FOOD PRICES, BRADSTREET SAYS

Last week's index number, based on the prices per pound of thirty-one articles used for food, is $4.92, which compares with $5 week before last and $4.62 for the week ending February 27, 1919. Last week's number shows a loss of 1.6 per cent from week before last, but a gain of 6.4 per cent over the like week of last year.

NORMAN MAYER & CO.

Cotton Commission Merchants

NEW ORLEANS.

Members of
New Orleans Cotton Exchange
New York Cotton Exchange
Associate Members of Liverpool Cotton Association
New Orleans Futures Brokers' Association

Orders solicited for purchase or sale of cotton for future delivery. Special facilities for receiving and delivering cotton on contract.

Copies of "The Cotton Boll," our weekly market publication, mailed free upon request.

H. R. CALEF
STOCKS AND BONDS
HEALEY BLDG. IVY 4807

How We Aid Cotton Traders

Our Service Explained in Pamphlet B. Sent upon request.

Johnston Bros.

Members N. Y. Cotton Exchange.
27 William St., New York
Personal Attention by a Member of the Firm to Your Inquiries and Orders.

Free on Request

"The Coming Cotton Crop"

Moss & Ferguson

One Wall Street, New York.

Members New York Cotton Exchange.

We Solicit Business in "Cotton Futures"

THE NATIONAL CITY COMPANY NATIONAL CITY BANK BUILDING NEW YORK

Railroad Bonds And Short Term Notes

The following securities are offered subject to prior sale and change in price

Issue	Yielding about %
Atlantic Coast Line Rr. Co. conv. deb. 4s reg. Maturing Nov. 1, 1939	7.15%
Baltimore and Ohio Rr. Co. prior lien gold 3½s. Maturing July 1, 1925	7.25%
Baltimore and Ohio Rr. Co. first mtge. 4s. Maturing July, 1, 1948	7.00%
Canadian Pacific Ry. spl. inv. fund reg. 6s. Maturing March 2, 1924	7.45%
Central of Georgia Ry. 10 year secured 6s. Maturing June 1, 1929	7.30%
Chesapeake and Ohio Ry Co. conv. 4½s. Maturing Feb. 1, 1930	8.25%
Chicago, Burlington and Quincy joint 4s. Maturing July 1, 1921	8.85%
Chicago, Indiana and Southern Rr. Co. 4s. Maturing Jan. 1, 1956	5.70%
Chicago, Mil. and St. Paul Ry. Co. conv. gold 4½s. Maturing June 1, 1932	8.15%
Chicago Mil. and St. Paul gen. and ref. 4½s. Maturing Jan. 1, 2014	7.40%
Hocking Valley Ry. Coll. trust 6s. Maturing March 1, 1924	7.75%
Illinois Central Rr. Co. coll. Tr. 4s reg. Maturing Nov. 1, 1953	6.50%
Illinois Central Rr. Co. ref. mtge. gold 4s. Maturing Nov. 1, 1955	5.85%
Norfolk and Western Ry. Co. conv. 6s. Maturing Sept. 1, 1929	5.80%
Nor. Pac. Ry. Co. prior lien Ry. and land grant gold 4s Manufacturing Jan. 1, 1997	5.35%
Pennsylvania Rr. Co. general mtge. 5s. Maturing Dec. 1, 1968	5.70%
St. Paul Union Depot guaranteed 5½s. Maturing Dec. 15, 1923	6.10%
Virginian Ry. Co. first mtge. gold 5s, series "A" Maturing May 1, 1962	6.10%

Further information regarding any of these issues may be had upon request

The National City Company

Correspondence offices in more than fifty cities

Atlanta—140 Peachtree St.

Telephone 7541 Ivy

Bonds, Short Term Notes, Acceptances

SECURITIES SALES CO.
INVESTMENT SECURITIES
PHONE IVY 2200 Direct wire to our New York Correspondent Hayden, Stone & Company GRANT BLDG ATLANTA
Members of New York Stock Exchange.

THE CLANCY KIDS

Don't Push Too Hard—Remember the Horses Are In Front.

By PERCY L. CROSBY





The A. B. C. of Finance BONDS

By CAMPBELL M. KRENSON

Atlanta Correspondent Guaranty Trust Company of New York.

A shareholder in a corporation is a partner in the business. He accepts the risks with the chances for the gains, and he has a voice in the selection of the executives, and in the determination of the broad policies of the concern. A bondholder is not an owner, but a creditor. The engraved certificate which he holds is identical in principle with the collateral note he may have accepted from one of his customers in lieu of cash payment. Just as the note gives him no right to interfere in his customer's business, so long as it is solvent, the bond gives him no right to interfere in the conduct of the issuing corporation so long as the interest is paid and the other terms of the bond are complied with.

Not only business and industrial corporations issue bonds; governmental units, from townships or cities up to national states put forth their good faith to their payment. Bonds of governments, whose ability to pay is beyond question, are considered the safest form in which capital can be invested, and, in consequence, the interest return is comparatively low. In general it might be said that low interest rates on bonds usually indicate a well-secured investment. Such a statement, however, is subject to this modification—that bond issues, in matters of rates, as in other features, must meet the condition prevailing in the investment money market at the time of their issue.

Government Bonds.

Government bonds are usually issued to pay the cost of large public enterprises—including war—the carrying through of which may reasonably be expected to increase the taxable wealth or prevent it from shrinking, and so promote the safety or prosperity of the state. The proceeds of the sale of corporate bonds are ordinarily used for plant enlargement, installation of new machinery or other permanent or near-permanent investment. If it were a mere matter of buying raw material from the sale of which, in finished form, the money invested could be quickly released, an ordinary promissory note would be sufficient.

The transaction in such a case would be a matter for the commercial banker. The return from the installation of new machinery, or the building of a new plant, is, however, a matter of months or years. Bank loans cannot ordinarily be made in such circumstances, because bank credit must be kept liquid, and therefore the industrial corporation must have recourses to the investing public, which means it must issue bonds.

Maturity Next.

After the rate has been fixed upon, the issuing corporation must decide upon the maturity, as it is called, of the bonds to be offered. Securities with a maturity of five years or less are usually called not bonds, but notes. Notes are common during periods of high money rates when it may be reasonably expected that the rates will decrease within a few years. So, if the current interest rates were 6 or 7 per cent, the corporation would not care to issue twenty-year bonds if there were a reasonable expectancy that the rate would decrease in a few years. Other factors determining the maturity might be the maturity of previous issues, the relation of the sinking fund requirements to the gross earnings of the business, and the general opinion as to business developments for the near future.

The remaining factor, and one which is of immediate importance to the investor, is the security offered. Mortgage bonds are those which are backed by a formally executed mortgage on the property of the issuing corporation. If, then, the debtor fails to meet the obligations imposed by the bonds, either as to interest payments, the maintenance of a sinking fund, if such a fund is called for by the terms of the bond, or as to the payment of the principal when it is finally due, the bond holders may take action through the trustees under the mortgage, and as provided in the indenture, to safeguard their interests. There may be first mortgage bonds, second mortgage bonds and other junior issues. In such cases the claims of the holders of the first mortgage bonds are satisfied first and those other of the others in rotation.

Not all bonds are secured by mortgages. Debenture bonds are not so secureed, a debenture being, by definition, an unsecured promise to pay. Some debentures have, however, been secured under mortgages subsequent to their issue and still retain the original name. They are sometimes used by corporations which have mortgage bonds outstanding whose terms preclude the execution of a second mortgage. The fact that they are unsecured by a mortgage, of course, does not necessarily impair their value.

Income Bonds.

On several occasions bonds have been issued, the income from which was not guaranteed. These so-called "income bonds" depend for their earnings on the company issuing them earning sufficient to pay the interest when due. In the event of a poor year holders of such bonds receive no return on their investment. Income bonds take precedence over preferred stock in the matter of dividend payments.

Opportunity for sharing in the growing prosperity of a corporation is sometimes offered to its bondholders by the issuance of what are known as convertible bonds. Such bonds offer the holder, at his option, and, of course, under certain restrictions, the right to turn in his bonds and take in return for them stock of the company.

Buyers of bond are often offered their choice between registered and coupon bonds. Registered bonds are bonds whose ownership is recorded with a registrar, usually a bank or trust company. Interest payments are usually made by check drawn to the order of the owner as recorded and mailed or otherwise dispatched to him by the corporation itself or by the bank or trust company appointed to perform that service. Registered bonds are thus practically secure against theft and other loss, for they can be replaced if necessary. When ownership of such bonds changes certain formalities must be complied with and a record of the change noted on the books of the registrar. Some bonds can only be registered as to principal, the interest being paid by means of coupons.

Coupon bonds, on the other hand, bear, attached to the certificate itself, a series of coupons, each of which when detached and presented on the interest date to the corportation or to its appointed fiscal agent is good for the amount of interest called for. Because many banks will collect coupons for their customers upon payment of a small collection charge they are frequently deposited in a bank by the holder as currency or checks are deposited. No record can be kept of the ownership of coupon bonds, because they are made out to bearer and may change hands without restriction.

Wheat and Flour Exports.

Wheat, including flour, exports from the United States and Canada for the week ending February 26, reported to Bradstreet's, aggregate 3,470,467 bushels, against 2,436,053 bushels week before last, and 3,269,371 bushels in this week last year. For the thirty-five weeks ending February 26, exports are 196,383,754 bushels, against 251,987,731 bushels last year. Corn exports for the week are 56,551 bushels, against 261,644 bushels week before last and 114,590 bushels in like week of 1919. For the thirty-five weeks ending February 26, corn exports are 2,419,722 bushels, against 13,376,007 bushels for the same period last year.

JACK KEARNS IS TO BLAME

Continued from Page 9.

the authority to impose even a death penalty.

There is an old saying that you can fool some people some of the time, but that you can't fool all of the people all of the time.

Jack Kearns, Dempsey's manager, set out with his protege trying to fool all the people. He told them all sorts of stories about Dempsey and his beginning, stories that were swallowed by some people, hook, line and sinker.

Kearns, whose right name is McKernan, figuring that anything that happened out on the Pacific slope was so much Greek to residents of that part of the country lying east of the Sierra Nevada mountains, told strange stories about his new find. These stories described how Dempsey was born in the mountains of West Virginia, and of how his right name was William Harrison Dempsey.

And the farther east Kearns went with Dempsey the stranger the stories he told of his man. Kearns little knew then, nor does he know to this day, that when he was telling these stories about Dempsey in the Morrison hotel in Chicago, for example, there were men in that hotel at that very time who knew more about Dempsey than he did, and who had seen Dempsey fight long before Kearns had got his first view of him.

But having started out on a campaign of misrepresentation, Kearns had to keep it up, and by keeping it up he has landed both Dempsey and himself in a heap of trouple.

Perhaps through ignorance and a lack of understanding of the amenities of life, Kearns has so often offended he has brought down the wrathof many on the head of his champion and himself.

At Salt Lake City, where Dempsey was known as the son of a native son, Kearns, one day during wartime, refused to allow Jack to appear at a benefit for the Salvation Army, and when the lasses asked for an explanation, Kearns bawled them out and said to them things no gentleman would have said to a lady.

Of course, Kearns did not mean it. He simply did not know any better, but his act brought down on the head of himself and his boxer the wrath of the Salvation Army the world over.

It is uncanny incidents of this sort that has arrayed all sorts of people against Kearns and Dempsey.

Title Insurance

The law of real estate exhibits the most intricate of questions and they often arise when least expected and require the most painstaking treatment.

It is a mistake to presume because some one has loaned money on a piece of property that the title is without defects. Many people have come to grief because of such presumption.

Every transaction in real estate should be under the supervision of a competent specialist. We employ only title experts, and have been in the title insurance business for over 22 years.

Atlanta Title Guarantee Co.

15 East Alabama Street

Failures Last Week.

Commercial failures last week in the United States, as reported by R. G. Dun & Co., are 130 against 124 week before last, 111 in the preceding week, and 136 the corresponding week of last year. Failures in Canada number 17 against 16 week before last, 8 the preceding week, and 11 last year. Of failures this week in the United States, 51 were in the east, 38 south, 29 west and 12 in the Pacific states, and 57 reported liabilities of $5,000 or more, against 51 week before last.

Big Suit in Thomas.

Thomasville, Ga., February 29.—(Special.)—A damage suit for $50,000 that will be tried at the March term of city court here brought by Louis P. Dollar against the city of Thomasville. Dollar claims that he was injured to that amount by a fall from an electric light pole in June, 1918. This case has been tried and non-suited and re-tried and taken to the court of appeals and sent back to be tried again.

Rebuild Warehouse.

Meigs, Ga., February 29.—(Special.)—The large brick warehouse that was destroyed by fire last fall will be rebuilt at an early date, according to a statement made by H. L. Allen, local contractor. It has not been definitely decided whether or not the new warehouse will be rebuilt where the old one stood, but the contract calls for a building that will be more modern and better arranged than the old one was.

Classified Rates

One time.....15c a line
Three times.....12c a line } Each
Seven times.....10c a line } Issue
Thirty times or more....9c

Advertisements under the following classifications will only be inserted when cash accompanies the order.

For Rent—Rooms, Furnished or Unfurnished.
Wanted—Boarders.
Wanted—Board.
For Rent—Rooms Furnished.
For Rent—Rooms Unfurnished.
Wanted—To Rent Rooms Furnished.
Situation Wanted—Female.
Situation Wanted—Male.
Wanted—To Rent Rooms Unfurnished.

No phone orders accepted for advertisements that are to appear under "cash in advance" classifications.

Above rates for consecutive insertions only.

Count six ordinary words to each line.

No advertisement accepted for less than two lines.

Courteous operators, thoroughly familiar with rates, rules and classification, will give you complete information. And if you wish, they will assist you in wording your want ad to make it most effective.

The Constitution will not be responsible for more than one incorrect insertion of any advertisement ordered for more than one time.

Discontinuance of advertising must be in writing. It will not be accepted by phone. This protects your interests as well as ours.

Accounts opened for ads (excepting those classifications that are cash with order) by telephone to accommodate you if your name is in the telephone directory. Want ads taken by telephone are to be paid for immediately upon application, bill to be presented by mail or solicitor the same day.

TELEPHONE 5000 MAIN.

PERSONAL

KINDLING WOOD for sale cheap. Union Box Mfg. Co., Glenn street and Southern railway.

MATERNITY Sanitarium, private, refined, homelike. Homes provided for infants. Mrs. Mitchell, 22 Windsor street.

LOST AND FOUND

$50—REWARD—$50

FOR ARREST and conviction of thieves who stole 1918 Ford touring car, motor No. 2152274, license No. 18-817, from 59 Juniper street February 25. Notify AUTOMOBILE UNDERWRITERS DETECTIVE BUREAU, 1317 Hurt Bldg. Atlanta, Ga.

$50 REWARD $50

For arrest and conviction of thieves who stole 1919 Hudson speedster. Motor No. 80058, factory No. 70—46632, license No. 59, from in front of Capital City club February 24. Notify Automobile Underwriters' Detective Bureau, 1317 Hurt Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

LOST—Auto wheel and new tire. Return Folsom's Garage. Liberal reward.

$100 REWARD for stolen 1919 Ford, motor No. 3944360, from in front of 29 Norcross street, December 28, 1919. C. M. Settle, 391 Peters street, Atlanta, Ga.

ONE mule has taken up at my place. Owner can get same by identifying and paying expenses. A. A. Dease, Rex, Ga.

LOST—Brooch with solitaire diamond in center. Reward. Telephone West 2048-J.

HELP WANTED—Male

WANTED—Office boy at once; good salary and excellent opportunity for advancement. Apply 732 Candler Building.

COLORED—CHAUFFEURS, MOTORCYCLE RIDERS, JANITORS, BUTLERS, PORTERS, COOKS, WAITERS, DISHWASHERS, BUSBOYS, HALLBOYS, LABORERS, FIREMEN, $10 TO $25 PER WEEK. 160½ AUBURN AVENUE.

WANTED—Competent manager for country retail coal and lumber yard handling general line building material and supplies. Give full details as to age, previous experience and salary expected. Address M. C. King, Copperhill, Tenn.

DELICATESSEN clerk wanted. Must be experienced. Good pay and steady position to the right party. 321 Peachtree St.

YOUNG men for railway mail clerks, $110 month. Experience unnecessary. For free particulars examinations write R. Terry (former government examiner), 70 Continental Bldg., Washington.

INTERNATIONAL CORRESPONDENCE SCHOOLS WILL TRAIN YOU FOR POSITION YOU WANT. 27 ARCADE BLDG.

NEWS AGENT wanted. R. R. service; good run. Crescent News Co., 34 E. Hunter.

WANTED—Men and boys for pleasant outside work; a few to travel; good pay to hustlers. See Mr. Lathrop, 918 Austell Building.

OFFICE BOY for insurance company. 1009 Grant Bldg.

YES—Professor Branning guarantees to teach you the barber trade in few weeks; chain of shops; good wages. 14 E. Mitchell.

YOUNG man wanted as news agent on trains. Union News Co., Terminal Station.

WANTED—White or colored tight barrel coopers; best job in the south. Dallas Cooperage Company, Dallas, Texas.

CARD distributor; house to house; salary. 130-A Peachtree. Room 20.

HELP WANTED—Male

WANTED—LABORERS; GOOD WAGES; CAR FARE PAID BOTH WAYS. TAKE BUCKHEAD CAR. APPLY JAMISON & HALLOWELL, PEACHTREE AND SEABOARD RAILROAD.

HELP WANTED—Male

TEN HIGH-CLASS ARCHITECTURAL DRAFTSMEN. ALSO DRAFTSMEN WITH GENERAL EXPERIENCE ON THEATER WORK. SALARIES UP TO $75 PER WEEK. ALSO A JUNIOR DRAFTSMAN. POSITION PERMANENT, WITH BRIGHT FUTURE. PROSPECTS EXCELLENT FOR A RELIABLE YOUNG MAN. C. K. HOWELL, THEATER ARCHITECT, 35 POPLAR ST. IVY 485.

ENERGETIC YOUNG MAN TO DRIVE LAUNDRY TRUCK. TROY LAUNDRY, 210 HOUSTON STREET.

WANTED — BOY 12 TO 16 YEARS OLD; MUST BE NEAT AND BRIGHT. GOOD PAY FOR ONE WILLING TO LEARN AND WORK. CALL IVY 5446.

WANTED — SNAP FLASK-MOLDERS. GOOD PAY. THE MURRAY COMPANY, CORNER FOSTER STREET AND SOUTHERN RY.

COLORED laborers wanted. Patillo Lumber Co., 2 blocks off Highland Ave. Southern Railway.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS ENGRAVER. PERMANENT POSITION. STATE EXPERIENCE AND SALARY EXPECTED IN FIRST LETTER. ADDRESS WERTHAN BAG CO., HOUSTON, TEXAS.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED ASSISTANT PAPER CUTTER FOR POWER MACHINE. THE PUBLISHERS' PRESS.

WANTED—Three young men as news agents. Apply Van Noy Institute Co., Terminal station.

BECOME publicity director for corporations and individuals, the new profession. Big pay. Our booklet free. American Publicity Association, Kellogg Bldg., Washington, D. C.

WANTED—Men, 18 up; railway mail clerks. Commence $110 month. List positions free. Franklin Institute, Dept. 55-B, Rochester, New York.

MARBLE CUTTER—Wanted, a good all-round workman for general cutting, lettering and tracing; $6 a day, 9 hours. Arkansas Marble Co., Fordyce, Ark.

WANTED—Immediately, experienced foreman for handling reinforcing steel in construction of reinforced concrete building; good pay to right man. Write or wire Stone and Webster, Columbus, Ga.

WANTED—Men and boys to learn to play on the steel guitar; no charge for first lesson; guitar given free to those interested. Hawaiian Music Studio, 33½ Whitehall street.

MEN learn barbering; more pay, light work; wages earned. Call or write Moler Barber College, 61 North Forsyth street Atlanta, Ga.

HELP WANTED—Female

EXPERIENCED OPERATORS TO MAKE OVERALLS, SHIRTS AND PANTS. WE PAY THE HIGHEST UNION SCALE. APPLY AT ONCE. MARCUS LOEB & CO., INC., 76 TRINITY AVENUE.

THE Butterick Publishing Company requires the services of several girls between the ages of 16 and 19. Apply to Mr. Stillwell, 79-89 Marietta Street.

WANTED—Experienced operators; also ladies with experience on power machines to learn to make ladies' straw hats. Now in our new home. American Hat Manufacturing Co., 47 Trinity avenue.

WANTED—Young lady billing clerk, billing experience not neccessary. Must have good speed on typewriter. Federal Rubber Company.

GOOD cook for small family can get good job. Apt. No. 9, 518 N. Boulevard.

THREE young ladies of neat appearance between ages of 18 and 25, to work in city or travel; salary and commission. Apply Manager, 1319 Hurt Bldg.

WANTED—To give you a guitar free. Call today and learn to play your first piece in 30 minutes. Hawaiian Music Studio, 33½ Whitehall street, upstairs.

WANTED—Experienced dictaphone operator. Apply 291 Peachtree street.

COOK wanted; references required. Apt. 12. 745 Ponce de Leon avenue.

HELP WANTED—Female

WANTED—YOUNG LADIES INTERESTED IN NURSING TO TAKE UP TRANING.

RAWLINGS Sanitarium, Sandersville, Ga., offers a three years' course in "General Hospital Work," including theory and practical work in obstetrical and gynecological nursing, with sterilizing room and operating room technique.

Books furnished free and an allowance of $15 per month with full maintenance is made first year and $18 per month second and third years to each nurse. Enter now for spring term; new classes forming.

Graduates are eligible for the state board examination for the R. N.

Full information apply
MRS. M. F. JAMES, R. N.,
SUPERNTENDENT NURSES.

COMPETENT stenographer for law office. Apply in own handwriting, stating experience and salary expected. Address X-734, Constitution.

COMPETENT YOUNG LADY DICTAPHONE OPERATOR. PERMANENT POSITION TO RIGHT PARTY. PLEASANT AND CONGENIAL SURROUNDINGS. CALL MANAGER, IVY 3571.

A FORELADY TO TAKE CHARGE OF MIDDY BLOUSE DEPT., WANTED. ONE WHO HAS EXPERIENCE, AND IS THOROUGHLY FAMILIAR WITH THE RUNNING OF A MIDDY FACTORY. GOOD SALARY AND STEADY POSITION. APPLY GIVING REFERENCE IN FIRST LETTER, TO STRIPLING-JENKINS CO., FORT WORTH, TEXAS.

COOK WANTED—First-class cook can get good place and good wages, with room on place. Apply Classified Advertising Window, Business Office, The Constitution.

COOK WANTED—First-class cook can get good place and good wages with room on place. Telephone Hemlock 61.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED MILLINERY MAKERS AND PREPARERS. APPLY 93 WHITEHALL STREET.

6 PORTERS, 12 maids, 4 laundresses, cooks, yardmen, butlers, chauffeurs and all kinds of help wanted at 51½ South Broad street.

STENOGRAPHER wanted. Must be experienced. Shorthand unnecessary. National Clothiers, 98 Whitehall street.

FEMALE, COLORED—2 girls to take dishes off tables. Come ready to work. Jack's Cafeteria, Peachtree Arcade.

MIDDLE-AGED woman, white or colored, to help with housework and care for two children; one who can stay at nights if necessary. Good salary. Phone Main 4754-W.

FEMALE colored second cook. Come ready to work. Jack's Cafeteria, Peachtree Arcade.

WANTED—General servant and nurse. Apply 50 West 14th street. Wages $8.50 with car fare.

WANTED—A white nurse to live in the house and help with care of 2 small children; good salary to right party. Phone Hemlock 3481. 56 Penn avenue.

WANTED—Lady manager for hotel. Apply 110 Ivy street.

WANTED—A cook; also a maid. Mrs. F. G. Hodgson, Ivy 8718.

WANTED—Good, clean, reliable white girl to help with children and house duties; good home and good salary to right party. Apply in person or by letter, 879 North Boulevard. Mrs. W. J. Williams.

WANTED—Stenographer; short hours, easy work; salary according to ability; must start in at once. Apply F. E. Fowler, 219 Peters Bldg.

COLORED—5 GIRLS TO PUT ON LABELS. NO SUNDAY WORK. 8 SETTLED MIDDLE-AGED WOMEN TO WORK AT NIGHT, 25 FOR HOTEL MAIDS, CAFE COOKS, DISHWASHERS, WAITRESSES, NURSES, LAUNDRESSES, $7 TO $15 PER WEEK. 160½ AUBURN AVENUE.

WANTED—A refined Christian woman for superintendent of boarding home for business women; experience and love for the work requisite. Address applications to Mrs. W. L. McCalley, 60 Westwood avenue, Atlanta, Ga.

BE A TELEPHONE operator, $12 per wk. at start. Miss Prince, 25 Auburn ave.

STENOGRAPHER wanted. Do not apply unless competent. 1010 Hurt Bldg.

Help Wanted--Male, Female

WANTED
Six or eight good duck weavers.
Two or three good duck loom fixers.
Twister room help of all kinds.
Compressor runners.
FIRST-CLASS houses. Electric lights and water in each house. Most up-to-date girls' hotel in the south; board reasonable. Free clinic daily; visiting nurses, church and Sunday school. Moving pictures and swimming pool. Best wages in the south.
OVERSEERS IN CHARGE
H. B. Williams, Day Twisting; John Reed, Day Weaving; T. L. D. Craddock, Night Twisting; C. E Boddie, Night Weaving.
C. P. Gray, Superintendent,
J. U. Thomason, Asst. Superintendent
BIBB MANUFACTURING COMPANY
COLUMBUS, GA.

IF YOU NEED HELP OF ANY KIND CALL IVY 85.

COLORED — Dishwashers. Come ready to work. Jack's Cafeteria, Peachtree Arcade.

Help Wanted--Male, Female

WANTED
Carding, spinning and spooler room help.
Cheap house rent. Water and lights free. Apply
W. H. MOONEY,
Superintendent,
Bibb Manufacturing Co.,
Columbus, Ga.

Salesmen and Solicitors

Truck Salesman

A REAL live truck salesman can form a good connection with one of the livest new companies in Atlanta. A chance to make some real money is offered to the man who can produce the goods. For interview give address and phone number and past experience. Address Manager, care Constitution.

SALESMEN TO TRAVEL FOR REPRESENTATIVE AUTOMOBILE ACCESSORY HOUSE, IN GEORGIA AND ALABAMA, TO CALL ON THE JOBBERS AND DEALERS. SALARY OR COMMISSION. ADDRESS S. HARRIS, DIST. MANAGER HART-BELL CO., INC., 349 ST. JAMES BLDG., JACKSONVILLE, FLA.

SALESMEN.

LARGE importing house carrying laces, embroideries, handkerchiefs, cotton piece goods, linens, etc., will require on or before July 1, thoroughly experienced traveling salesmen for the states of South Carolina, Georgia and Florida; must have large following in the respective states and be thoroughly conversant with the lines; only those who have been successful and are still successful in these territories need apply, giving full particulars as to territory actually covered, sales record for past five years and financial terms. Box W. N., 104 East 14th street, New York.

WANTED — A SALESMAN WITH ENERGY AND PEP FOR AUTOMOBILE ENGINE PARTS. P. O. BOX 275.

STOCK SALESMEN

IF YOU are interested to sell high-grade industrial security of concern that is instead of one that is going to be, get in touch with us; $3,000,000 already subscribed. Entering 1920 with $2,500,000 advance orders for products. If you are producer with capacity for $100 per week or better, this is your opportunity to connect with money-making proposition.

SOUTHERN MOTORS MANUFACTURING ASS'N, Ltd.
6th Floor Beatty Building
Houston, Texas.

OFFICE assistant and salesman. Investment securities. (East Coast Fisheries Products Co.) I. M. Taylor & Co., 140 Peachtree St.

WANTED—Three good retail sewing machine salesmen. Ford car furnished; good contract. Address L. L. White, East Point, Ga., Box 208.

SALESMAN WANTED — For the Book of Knowledge. Apply The Grolier Society, 21 West Peachtree, Room 210.

TEACHERS

WANTED—Teachers of all classes, summer and fall terms. 306 Walton Bldg., Atlanta.

ACME TEACHERS' AGENCY, Healey Bldg., Atlanta, constantly placing teachers.

Situation Wanted—Male

COMPETENT, experienced licensed drug man, age 30 years, in a managerial capacity, open for proposition, or would invest in good suburban proposition. Address Druggist, care Constitution.

DISCHARGED sergeant wishes position as chauffeur with firm or private family; can do repair work; with references. Nothing less than $25 considered. X-865, Const.

INCOME TAX returns correctly made out by an experienced accountant. Prices reasonable. Address X-858, care Constitution.

EXPERIENCED salesman, city and country, now employed, desires change; best of references. Address X-782, care Const.

BUSINESS CHANCES

TO THE MAN of moderate means who desires a means of climbing the ladder of prosperity, now is your time to become identified with a new organization of large opportuities. Come in at the start and grow with us. Address X-862, Constitution.

WANT the tobacco growers to place their orders for Bemis Tobacco Transplanters in time to insure delivery, as we could not supply the demand last season. The Bemis Tobacco Transplanters set your tobacco when the plants are ready, waters every plant at the root, saves the labor of ten hands. Mail your order today to Carter Distributing Co., Lake City, S. C.

VULCANIZING

ESTABLISHED business for sale. Terms to good party. Address X-812, Constitution.

OUR new list of "150 Business Opportunities" is now ready for you. Get one today. Lightfoot's, 4 North Pryor street. Ivy 7044.

FOR SALE—Will sell my delivery service outright. Running daily and making money. Ill health reason for selling. Phone I. 7030.

MANAGERS—State, for factory output; $1,000 required; income $6,000 to $10,000 annually. J. H. Overton, Marion hotel.

FOR SALE—Up-to-date meat market doing $800 per week cash business. See Pupess, at 153½ Whitehall street, Room 2.

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous

EXPERT safe opening and repairing. Largo stock new and second-hand safes. Atlanta Safe Company, 44 West Mitchell street.

CASH registers. We buy and sell used cash registers; all sizes; some practically new. Bargains. Terms to right party. Phone Ivy 1595. 58-60 Decatur safet.

RAILROAD SCHEDULES

Arrival and departure of passenger trains Atlanta Terminal Station and Union Passenger Station.
The following schedule figures published as information and not guaranteed.
(Central Standard Time.)

Atlanta Terminal Station.

ATLANTA, BIRMINGHAM AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD.

Arrives—		—Leaves
6:05 am	Waycross-T'asville-Bruns	7:15 am
5:25 pm	Waycross-T'asville-Bruns	10:00 pm

ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD

Arrives—		—Leaves
12:40 am	New Orleans-Montgomery	6:00 am
7:50 pm	Newnan-Columbus	7:10 am
7:00 pm...	Montgomery—Local	8:05 am
2:40 pm	New Orleans-Montgomery	1:25 pm
10:55 am...	Newnan-Columbus	4:05 pm
8:40 am...	West Point—Local	5:50 pm
3:50 am	New Orleans-Montgomery	6:40 pm

CENTRAL OF GEORGIA RAILROAD

Arrives—		—Leaves
6:20 am	Savannah	7:50 am
6:20 am	Albany	7:50 am
6:20 am	Macon	5:00 pm
6:20 am	Thomasville	11:00 pm
6:20 am	Tallahassee	11:00 pm
6:25 am	Valdosta	11:45 pm
6:25 am	Jacksonville	8:00 pm
7:40 am	Jacksonville	11:45 pm
10:50 am	Macon	4:00 pm
2:10 pm	Macon	12:30 pm
3:50 pm	Savannah	9:40 pm
8:40 pm	Macon	11:00 pm

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAILROAD

Arrives—		—Leaves
11:30 pm...	Cincinnati-Louisville	6:40 am

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILROAD

Arrives—		—Leaves
9:00 pm.	Hamlet-Monroe—Local	6:10 am
8:15 pm...	Birmingham—Local	8:10 am
4:00 pm.	New York-Washington	12 noon
4:00 pm	Richmond-Norfolk	12 noon
9:40 am	Abbeville—Local	4:00 pm
10:00 am.	Piedmont, Ala.—Local	4:10 pm
11:45 am.	Birmingham-Memphis	5:10 pm
8:00 am.	New York-Washington	8:25 pm
8:00 am.	Richmond-Norfolk	8:25 pm

SOUTHERN RAILROAD LINES

Arrives—		—Leaves
5:25 am.	New York-Washington	1:00 am
5:15 am.	Jacksonville	12:05 am
5:20 pm.	Jax'ville-St. Petersburg	12:20 pm
11:50 pm...	Cincinnati-Chicago	5:35 am
10:35 pm	Kansas City-Birmingham	6:15 am
8:35 pm	Chattan'ga-Rome—Local	6:40 am
4:40 pm.	Charlotte—Local	6:30 am
9:10 pm.	Columbus—Local	7:20 am
7:45 pm	Brunswick-Macon—Local	7:50 am
2:00 pm	Macon	12:20 pm
6:05 pm	N. Y.-Wash'ton-Rich'nd	11:40 am
6:15 pm.	New York-Washington	12:20 pm
8:00 pm.	Greenville—Local	12:55 pm
11:05 am	Chattanooga-Rome—Local	3:00 pm
8:10 am	Toccoa—Local	4:45 pm
11:20 am	Columbus—Local	4:45 pm
11:15 am.	Fort Valley—Local	4:55 pm
10:50 am.	Macon—Local	5:00 pm
12:05 am.	Detroit-Cleveland-Cincl.	5:35 pm
12:45 pm.	Birmingham	5:15 pm
12:15 pm.	Cincinnati	4:35 pm
7:35 am.	Macon-Jacksonville	7:00 pm
7:45 am.	Asheville-Charlotte	10:40 pm
7:50 am	Shreveport-Birmingham	10:20 pm
6:00 am	Jacksonville-Brunswick	10:50 pm

Following Southern Railroad trains arrive and depart from Peachtree Station and do not enter Terminal Station:

Arrives—		—Leaves
3:00 pm.	Birmingham	11:30 am
11:25 am.	Washington-Richmond	3:12 pm

WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD

Arrives—		—Leaves
7:40 pm.	Chicago-St. Louis	8:00 am
7:40 pm.	Nashville-Chattanooga	8:00 am

Union Passenger Station.

GEORGIA RAILROAD

Arrives—		—Leaves
1:55 pm.	Augusta	5:45 am
6:10 pm.	Augusta-Columbia	12:15 pm
3:25 pm.	Augusta	9:00 pm
*7:30 am.	Monroe	*6:10 pm
7:50 am.	Charleston-Columbia	7:40 pm
7:50 am.	Augusta-Wilmington	7:40 pm

* Daily except Sunday.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAILROAD

Arrives—		—Leaves
4:55 pm	Knoxville via Blue Ridge	7:20 am
10:15 am.	Copper Hill—Local	3:20 pm
12:30 pm.	Cincinnati-Louisville	4:00 pm
12:30 pm	Knoxville via Cartersville	4:00 pm

WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD

Arrives—		—Leaves
7:25 pm.	Nashville-Chattanooga	8:30 am
10:30 am	Rome-Chattanooga—Local	5:10 am
8:00 am.	Nashville-St. Louis	8:30 pm

TAXICABS

UNION TAXI SERVICE
18 E. Wall. Main 3407.

BELLE ISLE—TAXICABS
IVY 166. 4 LUCKIE ST. IVY 5190

BRYANT TAXI SERVICE
Ivy 82. ANSLEY HOTEL. Ivy 5293.

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous

FOR COTTON SEED MEAL
FOR FEEDING AND FERTILIZING
WIRE OR WRITE
THE GALVESTON EXPORT CO., INC.
GALVESTON, TEXAS

FERTILIZERS and materials, wholesale. W. E. McCalla, 2 N. Pryor, Atlanta.

For Furniture and Refrigerators
STOVES, rugs and linoleum, go to Boorstein's, 33 N. Pryor street. Ivy 1611.

PIANOS—Cable and Howard, slightly used. Special bargains. Walter Hughes Piano Co., 88 North Pryor street.

DIAMOND, 2½ karats; perfect; extra fine quality. Must sell. P. O. Box 437.

NOW is time to smoke EEM tobacco for colds, catarrh, bronchitis and influenza. Your druggist, or EEM Co., Atlanta, Ga.

FOR SALE—Scrap lumber. Apply 15 Collins St.

SODA FOUNTAINS—Several bargains, new and slightly used soda fountains; also carbonators; easy terms. Write for prices. C. F. Posberg, P. O. Box 442, Atlanta.

PRACTICALLY new 10-piece walnut dining room suite; cost $600; sell for $275. Solid mahogany bedroom suite, $175. 392 Capitol avenue. Main 4978.

SAVE FUEL. COOK WITH A FAVORITE RANGE. SOLD AT 32 DEC. ST. I. 1339.

TO SELL or buy lumber, write, for prices on short leaf pine boards, framing, flooring, ceiling, shingle, oak, poplar. E. E. Lowe & Co., Atlanta, Ga.

For Furniture and Refrigerators
stoves, rugs and linoleum, go to Boorstein, 33 N. Pryor St. Ivy 1161.

DIAMOND pawned for $1,200; perfect; very fine color; worth $3,000. Sell ticket for $800. Address X-848, Constitution.

SECOND-HAND wheelbarrow, shovels and picks. Apply Watchman, 78 Inman circle.

ARMY repaired shoes, $2, $2.50 and $3.50. 500 Whitehall street, Atlanta.

SAFES, new and 2d-hand, all sizes. Hall's vault doors. C. J. Daniel, 408 4th Natl. Bk

GATE CITY COAL CO. for good coal and heavy hauling. Main 666-J. Mr. Hutt.

WANTED—Miscellaneous

BOOKS SECOND HAND, in any quantity; private libraries a specialty. Ivy 452. Tomcat's Book Shop, 92 North Forsyth street.

HIGHEST PRICES PAID FOR USED FURNTURE. UNITED FURNITURE STORE, 73 SOUTH PRYOR. MAIN 74.

CASH—FOR old gold and silver. McDuffie, 148 P'tree St.

WE PAY good prices for used furniture; better class preferred; office fixtures and anything you may have in your way.
JACOBS' AUCTION AND SALVAGE COMPANY
51 DECATUR ST. M. 1434

We buy House and Office FURNITURE
Refrigerators and stoves. Boorstein, Ivy 1611.

I BUY HOUSE AND OFFICE FURNITURE
refrigerators and stoves. Boorstein, I. 1154.

WANTED—To buy some second-hand showcases and scales. Main 589.

FURNITURE Bought for cash E. B. Gibson, M. 4647.

WE PAY CASH for used furniture. Wonder Fur. Co. M. 3157.

WE PAY HIGHEST CASH PRICES FOR USED FURNITURE. MAIN 156

OLD clothes, shoes and ladies' clothes. Call L. Pfeiffer, 130 Decatur. Main 2862.

HOUSEHOLD goods bought by Central Auction Co. 10-12 E. Mitchell M. 2424

I NEED a dining room and bedroom suite. Will take any kind, provided they are nice ones. Main 74.

WANTED—Healthy white kitten. Mr. King, Ivy 3849

WANTED—False teeth. We pay high as $6 for full sets. Mail. Don't matter if broken. Western Metal Company, Bloomington, Ill.

AUCTION SALES

AT AUCTION

SEVERAL CONSIGNMENTS FROM STORAGE, CONSISTING OF A VERY FINE LOT OF HOUSE FURNISHINGS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. THERE IS AN ELEGANT AMERICAN WALNUT TEN-PIECE DINING SUITE, VERY FINE PARLOR AND LIVING ROOM FURNITURE UPHOLSTERED IN DAMASK AND GENUINE LEATHER, LOT OF FIBRE FURNITURE, MAHOGANY LIBRARY TABLE, ELEGANT BRASS BEDS, FELT MATTRESSES, SPRINGS, FEATHER PILLOWS, ETC. THERE IS ALSO A NEW SAMPLE LOT OF FURNITURE, CONSISTING OF DINING AND BEDROOM FURNITURE, VERY FINE IVORY BEDROOM SUITE, ODD ROCKERS AND CHAIRS, KITCHEN CABINET, CHIFFOROBE, & MANY OTHER THINGS TOO NUMEROUS TO MENTION. WE ALSO HAVE TO OFFER A VERY FINE LOT OF NEW SAMPLE RUGS OF ALL KINDS. DON'T MISS THIS SALE IF YOU ARE IN NEED OF REAL FURNITURE. SALE 10:30 A. M., TUESDAY, MARCH 2.

CENTRAL AUCTION CO.,
10-12 E. MITCHELL ST.

AUTOMOBILES

AUTOMOBILE PAINTING.

AUTOMOBILES PAINTED, TOPS RECOVERED, SEAT COVERS PUT ON, ETC. REASONABLE RATES.
J. W. Goldsmith, Jr.-Grant Co., Inc.
229 Peachtree Street.

FORD CARS PAINTED
EXCLUSIVE FORD PAINT SHOP AND UPHOLSTERING.
BELLE ISLE
380 PEACHTREE ST.

NOW is the time to get that CAR PAINTED for spring. We will make it look like a new one.
W. E. BRADLEY CO., INC.
Main 4036. 125 Decatur St.

AUTOMOBILE REPAIRING

JOHN M. SMITH CO.
AUTOMOBILE COACH WORK
CARS REPAINTED.
Tops recovered and repaired. Wheels springs and axles repaired.
120-122-124 AUBURN AVE.

ACME AUTO RADIATOR CO. Radiators repaired, bucket seat backs, etc. 161 Marietta St. Ivy 267.

VULCANIZING—RETREADING

TIRE bargain. We save you money. Clifford Cates Co. 165 Whitehall St.

IGNITION AND STARTING.

HOPE MOTOR CO., 143 Marietta street. Ignition lighting and starting systems installed. All makes cars.

AUTO TOPS AND PAINTING.

AUTOMOBILE painting, tops recovered, tailor made seat covers, trimming repairs. Springs, axles and wheels repaired.
A. C. MILLER & CO.
33 Gilmer St.

REPAIR PARTS FOR FORD CARS.

BEST quality retailed at wholesale prices. Front spring, $2.25; rear spring, $7.85; radius rod, $2.25; latest improved radiator, $21.75; best inner tubes, $2.18 up. Complete catalogue free. Mail orders shipped by first train. Golden Eagle Buggy Co., 32 Means street, Atlanta, Ga.

AUTO REPAIRING AND STORING.

WE guarantee better repairs in less time at lower prices; 15 yrs.' exp.; open all night. Palmer's Garage, 185 Whitehall. M. 2698.

TIRES.

$1.00 AUTO TIRE SALE $1.00

FOR 30 DAYS INCLUSIVE
A 6,000-Mile
Guaranteed Tire for $1.00

28x3	List Price, $16.40—Two for	$17.40
30x3	List Price, $17.25—Two for	$18.25
30x3½	List Price, $20.00—Two for	$21.00
32x3½	List Price, $21.85—Two for	$22.85
34x3½	List Price, $32.00—Two for	$33.00
31x4	List Price, $32.50—Two for	$33.50
32x4	List Price, $32.85—Two for	$33.85
33x4	List Price, $33.00—Two for	$34.00
34x4	List Price, $33.25—Two for	$34.25
35x4	List Price, $46.00—Two for	$47.00
36x4	List Price, $48.00—Two for	$49.00
32x4½	List Price, $40.15—Two for	$41.15
33x4½	List Price, $41.45—Two for	$42.45
34x4½	List Price, $42.75—Two for	$43.75
35x4½	List Price, $44.70—Two for	$45.70
36x4½	List Price, $45.35—Two for	$46.35
37x4½	List Price, $58.00—Two for	$59.00
35x5	List Price, $52.50—Two for	$53.50
37x5	List Price, $55.60—Two for	$56.60

PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

Tire prices are going up on account of the increasing cost of labor and materials. BUY NOW
WE SHIP TIRES ANYWHERE
Money Refunded if Tires Are Returned Unused Within 10 Days.

Tire Co. of Atlanta
58-60 Houston Street
Phone Ivy 132 Atlanta, Ga.

STANDARD make seconds. Amalgamated Tire Stores Corp., 295 Peachtree street.

ELECTRIC REPAIRING.

SIMS Magneto Service station. All kinds elec. repairing done. E. H. Odom Bros. Atlanta. Gill stop-leak piston rings. $1 each

BODY BUILDING AND REPAIRING.

NEW BODIES BUILT, $75.00 UP. WRECKED BODIES repaired at small cost. CAPITAL CITY BODY AND FENDER CO. 90-A Walton St., Main 1033, Atlanta, Ga.

AUTOMOBILES

FOR SALE.

WE WILL SELL YOUR CAR FOR YOU OR BUY YOUR CAR AT OUR PRICE.
WE PAY CASH
FOR USED CARS

1914	Buick Touring	$ 185
1919	Saxon; run 3,000 miles	685
1919	Briscoe Touring	285
1918	Chevrolet Touring	285
1918	Oldsmobile "6" Touring	485
1918	Jordan Sport Model	1,485
1916	Dodge Touring	485
1917	Chevrolet Roadster	285
1916	Mitchell "6" Touring	185
1917	Maxwell Touring	285

Cash, Terms or Trade.
USED CAR CLEARING HOUSE.
Second Floor, 181 Marietta St. Main 4231.

FORDS BOUGHT AND SOLD
TERMS.
ROBINSON'S MOTOR EXCHANGE
BUCKHEAD, ATLANTA.

WE PAY CASH
FOR GOOD USED CARS

1919	Dodge Roadster	$ 750
1919	Buick "6" Touring	1,375
1918	Willys-Knight Touring	1,050
1917	Buick Little "6" Touring	950
1918	Dodge Sedan	975
1918	Velie Roadster	900
1919	Overland "90" Touring	575
1918	Overland Country Club	650
1919	Maxwell Touring	375
1917	Chevrolet Touring	250
1916	Dodge Touring	450

We buy, sell or trade good used cars.
Terms to responsible parties.
J. M. HARRISON & CO.
8-10 IVY ST. IVY 3136.

FORDS

1919	Ford Touring	$575
1919	Ford Roadster	575
1918	Ford Touring	525
1917	Ford Touring	475
1920	Buick Little Six Tgуring; good as new, with extras	1,500

Cash Paid for Cars.
FULLER, ELROD & POWELL.
32 Madison Ave., in Front Terminal Station. MAIN 2704.

WE HAVE no stock for sale, but those willing to risk $50 in a gilt-edged commercial proposition, with good prospects of making many times that amount, not in the far distance, but this year, will make no mistake to write immediately. Address X-864, Constitution.

ONE 1918 Saxon 6 for sale, $400. This car is equipped with new tires, top and paint. One 1917 490 Chevrolet for $300. These cars in first-class mechanical condition. Cash or terms to responsible party. Apply 200 Ivy St. Ivy 6271.

USED CAR BARGAINS

1917	Overland Roadster	$250
1918	Hupmobile Touring	850
1917	Dodge Touring	700
1919	Maxwell Touring	675
1919	Dort Touring	950
1917	Ford Sedan, with starter	550

LEGG & PICKETT.
118 Marietta Street. Ivy 868.

1918 Dodge touring. Joseph G. Blount, 885 Peachtree street. Ivy 4152.

SEE US for used cars. Georgian Terrace Garage.

WE rebuild and paint used Stutz cars. See us. We might have what you want.
STUTZ COMPANY OF GEORGIA.
224 Peachtree St.

FORD CARS
BELLE ISLE
380 PEACHTREE ST.

WE CAN RECOVER YOUR TOP ON SHORT NOTICE. WE CARRY ALL MAKES OF AUTO TOP MATERIAL. ATLANTA AUTO TOP & TRIMMING CO., 155 AND 157 EDGEWOOD AVENUE.

1	Cadillac	$300
1	Hudson Limousine	550
1	Mitchell Touring	300
1	Buick Cut-down	275

NATIONAL SALES CO.,
153 Marietta St.

USED cars at bargains. J. G. Lewis Motor Co., 232 Peachtree street.

WILL sacrifice my 1918 490 Chevrolet for $400 cash or terms to responsible party. This car is equipped new tires. Apply 176 Ivy St.

GOOD used cars. J. W. Goldsmith, Jr.-Grant Co., Inc., 229 Peachtree.

USED cars and trucks. Southern Nash Motor Co., 46 East North avenue.

OAKLAND used cars; good line to select from. So. Oakland Co., 272 Peachtree.

Ford DODGE, Buick "6" rd., light Dodge truck. I pay cash for Fords. Ford Auto Ex., 30 Wall. Main 5297.

ELECTRIC coupe and charging board, in first-class condition; will sell cheap. Owner leaving city. Car can be seen at 45 Auburn avenue. Phone Ivy 1702.

FOR SALE—Second-hand electric automobile at a bargain. H. A. Minor, 35 East North avenue.

1919 COLE 8 at sacrifice. Owner leaving city. Car not damaged; highest cash offer. 107 Park street. Phone West 673-W.

FOR SALE—Jordan roadster; Distell wheel, cord tires, driven 1,600 miles; sacrifice for cash. Apply Apartment, 17, 120 Ponce de Leon. No phone.

USED CARS—Lexington Atlanta Motor Co., 217 Peachtree street. Ivy 4940.

USED cars bought and sold. J. M. Harrison & Co. Complete Auto Service, 8-10 Ivy st.

FOR SALE—Ford car, equipped with demountable rims, 4 new cord tires, recently overhauled, in fine-class condition. Price $400. Ivy 1690 or P. O. Box 963, Atlanta, Georgia.

FOR good autos see Bun-Dimmitt Co., 230 Peachtree st. Ivy 5409.

USED TRUCK AND CAR BARGAINS. THE WHITE CO., 65 IVY STREET.

FORD—1918 model; good mechanical condition; one-man top; sell cheap to quick buyer. Call, 3 p. m., 313 Cherokee avenue.

Used Cars BARGAINS. Willys-Overland, Inc., 451 Peachtree.

FORD Autowa bodies for Ford cars for sale by Mercantile Sales Co., 408-9 Gould building. Agents wanted.

USED CARS BEAUDRY MOTOR CO. 169-171 Marietta St.

USED CARS SEE Atlanta Cadillac Co., 183 Peachtree st.

USED CARS HILL-HOLDEN CO. 246 P'tree. Ivy 1694

Used Cars PARKER-HOLLAND CO., 319 P'tree St. Ivy 1967.

REAL USED car value. Taylor Motor Co., 238 Peachtree street.

Used Cars CHAS. W. TWAY CO., 181 Peachtree. Ivy 5164.

USED CAR bargains. The Automotive Co., 76 W. Peachtree st.

Used Car bargains. C. C. Baggs Auto Co., Main 2843.

Used Cars Of value. Hopkins Motor Co., 238 P'tree. I. 6941.

USED Fords bought and sold. J. M. Pharr, 23 S. Forsyth st. M. 2981.

USED cars and trucks. Tegder Motor Co., Paige dealer. 322 Peachtree.

EDUCATIONAL

GREGG shorthand is adopted by Tennessee, Oregon, Oklahoma, for exclusive use. It is taught in 80 per cent of all the schools and colleges. Special "Gregg" instruction, and you will complete it in a few months. Enroll now for your spare time. Cap. City Com. College, 904 Austell Building, G. A. Hawkins, Principal.

SEEDS AND PLANTS

COTTON SEED LONG STAPLE
SMALL quantity Webber No. 49. This cotton sells at 80 cents lb. $6 per bu. f.o.b. Grantville, Ga. P. O. Box 236.

PRUNING trees and flowers. Agt. for all kinds trees and flowers. L. A. Dozier. W. 1850.

PEAS FOR SALE.
500 BUSHELS Whippoorwill peas, $5.50 shipping point in lots of 25 bushels and up. S. B. Kinard, Jackson, Ga.

THE FANCIERS' DEPT.

POULTRY.

SINGLE-COMB RHODE ISLAND REDS. RED EGGS for hatching, $5 per 15, from dark, brilliant red birds and finest Rhode Island Red type and even color. This stock is from New York and Chicago prize winners and have a reputation for winter layers. Clar. Beauford, 28 Rogers avenue. Bell phone West 1446.

FOR SALE—Pit games, four hens and one cock; Lunday's Round Heads, price $12. R. H. Crawford, Tiger, Ga.

FISHEL strain White Rock cockerels, $2.50, $3.00; eggs, $2.50. Uwharrie Farm, Ashboro, N. C.

Use Constitution Want Ads.

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

MULES FOR SALE BY CITY OF ATLANTA TWELVE TO FIFTEEN HEAD TO BE AUCTIONED OFF TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH 2, BEGINNING AT 10 A. M., AT THE FORT ST. STABLES OF THE SANITARY DEPT.

Mules! Mules!
50 COUNTRY fat mules, all weights and ages, from 5 years up; prices from $50 up. We have the kinds you want. Vittur's Horse and Mule Co., 127 Walton street.

FOR SALE—Pair large horses, weight 2,650 lbs., price $200; also several cheap mares from $50 up. Vittur's Horse and Mule Co., 127 Walton street.

FOR SALE—Horses and mules; also farm wagons and harness, cheap. Vittur's Horse and Mule Co., 127 Walton street.

FOR SALE—Pair large mules, $175; also pair mules, weight 1,000 lbs., $150. Vittur's Horse and Mule Co., 127 Walton st.

HORSE, 1,100 lbs.; good farm horse; sound, 6 years old; gentle; reason for selling. See me at once for bargain. X-791, care Constitution.

Typewriters and Supplies

TYPEWRITERS
ALL kinds, at lowest prices. Factory rebuilt and fully guaranteed. Your money's worth or your money back. Typewriters rented, non-visible, three months for $5.00; visible, three months for $7.50 and up. Call phone or write for catalogue C-70. American Writing Machine Company, 48 N. Pryor street, Atlanta, Ga. Phone Ivy 7340.

WHEN the typewriter needs repairs call an expert. K. M. Schell, Underwoods a specialty. 13½ W. Alabama street. Main 2705.

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

Mules! Mules!
50 COUNTRY fat mules, all weights and ages, from 5 years up; prices from $50 up. We have the kinds you want. Vittur's Horse and Mule Co., 127 Walton street.

AUTOMOBILES

FOR SALE.

Packard Twin Six
DRIVEN LESS than 7,000 miles; A-1 mechanical condition. 3-35 standard touring; driven by owner only.
ADDRESS X-821, CONSTITUTION.

FORD SERVICE

AUTHORIZED
FORD SERVICE
NIGHT AND DAY
JAMES H. PRICHARD MOTOR CO.,
677-9-81 Whitehall St. Phone W. 2100

AUTO ACCESSORIES

TO YOUR INTEREST
WE REMEDY AUTOMOBILE TROUBLES of all kinds. If you have tried us, you know our class of work. If not, give us a trial and be convinced.
Special Department for all kinds Auto Electrical Repairs.
Large stock of electrical and carburetor parts.
Write for list of services we represent.
Southern Auto & Equipment Co., Inc.
(Established 1905)
AUTOMOTIVE ENGINEERS
111 S. Forsyth Street. Atlanta.

WIRE WHEELS

WIRE WHEEL WORK
PARTS AND REPAIR SPECIALISTS
BRIGMAN MOTORS CO.
207 IVY STREET. PHONE IVY 2246.

BUSINESS CARDS

ANY FIRM—ANY SERVICE
LOOK for the heading denoting the particular service or article you desire. Or better, read each of them and get many suggestions as to household and business conveniences that you are now doing without simply because it has never occurred to you that the services offered were so easily to be commanded.

A DAILY FEATURE.

ALL MAKES TYPEWRITERS BOUGHT, SOLD, REPAIRED.
WE BUY ALL MAKES
SELL OF
REPAIR TYPEWRITERS.
ATLANTA TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE.
71 S. Pryor Street. Atlanta, Ga.

BUILDING—REPAIRING—PAINTING.
TINTING, covering, small or large; prompt-ly, reasonably and satisfactorily done. Estimates free. S. W. Sullivan, Hem. 1968.

BUILDING AND REPAIRING.
ALL kinds of house repairing, composition roofing and garages my specialty; old roofs repaired; reasonable. W. J. Armstrong. West 1054-W.

BARGAINS IN FURNITURE.
COAL ranges, cook stoves, gas stoves, etc., bought, exchanged. Main 1652-J. 224 Peters street.

CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS.
F. P. HEIFNER
CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER
606 Peters Building.

CONTRACTING—PLUMBING—GAS FITTING.
O. K. SPRINKLE CO.—IVY 6140.
Repair Work a Specialty. 51 Ivy Street.

CHIROPODIST.
DR. FRANK E. PARKER—CHIROPODIST.
MAIN 1670. 237-239 ARCADE.

DENTAL WORK.
DENTIST DR. H. Jensen, Dr. C. E. Battle, 78½ Whitehall st.

ELECTRICAL CONTRACTORS.
BRYAN ELECTRIC CO.
DEALERS IN NEW AND USED ELECTRIC MACHINERY.
63 Edgewood Ave., Atlanta, Ga.
WIRING DEPARTMENT,
Bell Phone, Ivy 1790.
SHOP DEPARTMENT,
Bell Phone, Ivy 1780.

GIBSON MANDOLINS.
GIBSON mandolins, Holton cornets, etc. We buy, sell, exchange and repair. SOUTHERN DRUM CO., Auburn and Ivy.

HOUSE PAINTING—CALSOMINING.
FOR HOUSE painting, rooms calsomined at living prices. Call L. M. Moffett, Phone Ivy 2216-W or Main 3347.

LOCK—GUN REPAIRER.
KEYS Made any time, anywhere. M. 351. 5 S. Forsyth street.

MATTRESS RENOVATING.
SHIRLEY MATTRESS CO., 807 Marietta. Ivy 3158. High-grade mattress renovating, work guaranteed.

MOVING—STORAGE.
COCHRAN Transfer & Storage Co., light and heavy hauling. 45 E. Mitchell St. Main 5595.

FLANAGAN BROS. move, pack and ship anything anywhere at the right price. Try us. M. 2877. 51-53 Central avenue.

PLUMBING AND REPAIRING.
CUT RATE Plumbing. Ivy 267. Hamilton.

INTERIOR DECORATING.
INTERIOR decorator; consultation invited. Studio 67 Avary drive, Ansley Park. Hemlock 720-W. Eric Thrasher.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENT REPAIRING.
XCELO Musical Instrument Service. SOUTHERN DRUM CO., Auburn and Ivy.

OLD HATS MADE NEW.
OLD HATS made new; satisfaction guaranteed. Mail orders given prompt attention. ACME HATTERS. 20 EAST HUNTER ST.

PLUMBING.
CAPITAL PLUMBING AND HEATING CO., 52 South Forsyth. M. 4134. Repair work given prompt attention.

PLUMBING AND HEATING.
IF YOU need a plumber for quick service, call us. Main 5227. Prompt attention given all repair work.

ROOFING—PAINTING—REPAIRING.
YES—We guarantee all work. Roofing, painting and repairing. We are in position to give quick service. Southern Repair Co., 8½ West Alabama. Main 3383.

PAPERHANGING, TINTING, PAINTING.
WALL paper to select from. Guaranteed work. Greengold, I. 5911. 113 Edgewood.

PAINTING.
EXPERT painting and tinting. Prompt service. White labor. Ed. C. Mitchell, W. 9-J.

REPAIRING, UPHOLSTERING AND REFINISHING.
FURNITURE—Built, repaired, upholstered, refinished. Cabinet work, reasonable. Johnson Bros., 886 Marietta St. Ivy 2318.

ROOFING AND REPAIRS.
ROOFING
ANY KIND OF ROOFS PUT ON. NEW OR REPAIRED.
WORK GUARANTEED
WALKER ROOFING CO.
273 Marietta St. Ivy 3865; Ivy 8662

ROOFING AND PAINTS.
BUY YOUR ROOFING AND PAINTS FROM JACOB BUCHMAN, WHOLESALE DISTRIBUTOR.
45 S. Broad St. Phone M. 3347.
"We Will Save You Money."

ROOFING.
SEE ME before you do any roofing. George O. Barnett, 72-74 Marietta street. Phone Ivy 2350.

ROOF REPAIRING.
Mooney REPAIRS all kinds. 12 months' guarantee. Reasonable. Hemlock 1056.

ROOFING, PAINTING, REPAIRING.
COMMERCIAL ROOFING CO.
8 Wall St. Phone Ivy 4427.

ROOFING
NEW ROOFS Put on leaking roofs. Guaranteed. W. 158.

TRUNKS AND SUIT CASES.
ROUNTREE'S 77 Whitehall Street. M. 1576.

TYPEWRITERS.
TYPEWRITERS bought, sold and repaired. W. S. Smith, 217 Arcade. Main 4469.

FOR SALE—Machinery

NEW LATHES IN STOCK
FOR IMMEDIATE DELIVERY
SUBJECT TO PRIOR SALES

2—16-in. by 8-ft. Sidney
2—16-in. by 10-ft. Sidney.
1—20-in. by 10-ft. Sidney.
1—17-in. by 10-ft. Heavy Duty Sidney.

All of the above lathes have quick change gears and three-step cone D. B. G. Heads.
1—18-in. by 6-ft. Champion (used).
The above is a partial list only. We have a complete line of machinery and tools.
SEEGAR MACHINE TOOL COMPANY
34 S. Forsyth Street.
Phone M. 3103, M. 4802

MUSICAL

WE TEACH you to play your first piece in 30 minutes on the steel guitar; a guitar given free to pupils. Hawaiian Music Studio, 33½ Whitehall street, upstairs.

MONEY TO LOAN

WHEN YOU NEED $25 OR MORE
WE WILL LOAN IT TO YOU AT THE LAWFUL RATE.
Guarantee Loan Company
308 Atlanta National.
M. 440. Phones. Atl. 722

MONEY TO LOAN AT 5%
ON LIBERTY BONDS, household goods and personal property of all kinds. We make loans from $10 to $500. Strictly confidential.
Southern Security Co.
212 ARCADE BUILDING.
Main 619.

AUTOMOBILES

FOR SALE.

Packard Twin Six
DRIVEN LESS than 7,000 miles; A-1 mechanical condition. 3-35 standard touring; driven by owner only.
ADDRESS X-821, CONSTITUTION.

FORD SERVICE

AUTHORIZED
FORD SERVICE
NIGHT AND DAY
JAMES H. PRICHARD MOTOR CO.,
677-9-81 Whitehall St. Phone W. 2100

AUTO ACCESSORIES

TO YOUR INTEREST
WE REMEDY AUTOMOBILE TROUBLES of all kinds. If you have tried us, you know our class of work. If not, give us a trial and be convinced.
Special Department for all kinds Auto Electrical Repairs.
Large stock of electrical and carburetor parts.
Write for list of services we represent.
Southern Auto & Equipment Co., Inc.
(Established 1905)
AUTOMOTIVE ENGINEERS
111 S. Forsyth Street. Atlanta.

WIRE WHEELS

WIRE WHEEL WORK
PARTS AND REPAIR SPECIALISTS
BRIGMAN MOTORS CO.
207 IVY STREET. PHONE IVY 2246.

BUSINESS CARDS

ANY FIRM—ANY SERVICE
LOOK for the heading denoting the particular service or article you desire. Or better, read each of them and get many suggestions as to household and business conveniences that you are now doing without simply because it has never occurred to you that the services offered were so easily to be commanded.

A DAILY FEATURE.

ALL MAKES TYPEWRITERS BOUGHT, SOLD, REPAIRED.
WE BUY ALL MAKES
SELL OF
REPAIR TYPEWRITERS.
ATLANTA TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE.
71 S. Pryor Street. Atlanta, Ga.

BUILDING—REPAIRING—PAINTING.
TINTING, covering, small or large; promptly, reasonably and satisfactorily done. Estimates free. S. W. Sullivan, Hem. 1968.

BUILDING AND REPAIRING.
ALL kinds of house repairing, composition roofing and garages my specialty; old roofs repaired; reasonable. W. J. Armstrong. West 1054-W.

BARGAINS IN FURNITURE.
COAL ranges, cook stoves, gas stoves, etc., bought, exchanged. Main 1652-J. 224 Peters street.

CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS.
F. P. HEIFNER
CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER
606 Peters Building.

CONTRACTING—PLUMBING—GAS FITTING.
O. K. SPRINKLE CO.—IVY 6140.
Repair Work a Specialty. 51 Ivy Street.

CHIROPODIST.
DR. FRANK E. PARKER—CHIROPODIST.
MAIN 1670. 237-239 ARCADE.

DENTAL WORK.
DENTIST DR. H. Jensen, Dr. C. E. Battle, 78½ Whitehall st.

ELECTRICAL CONTRACTORS.
BRYAN ELECTRIC CO.
DEALERS IN NEW AND USED ELECTRIC MACHINERY.
63 Edgewood Ave., Atlanta, Ga.
WIRING DEPARTMENT,
Bell Phone, Ivy 1790.
SHOP DEPARTMENT,
Bell Phone, Ivy 1780.

GIBSON MANDOLINS.
GIBSON mandolins, Holton cornets, etc. We buy, sell, exchange and repair. SOUTHERN DRUM CO., Auburn and Ivy.

HOUSE PAINTING—CALSOMINING.
FOR HOUSE painting, rooms calsomined at living prices. Call L. M. Moffett, Phone Ivy 2216-W or Main 3347.

LOCK—GUN REPAIRER.
KEYS Made any time, anywhere. M. 351. 5 S. Forsyth street.

MATTRESS RENOVATING.
SHIRLEY MATTRESS CO., 807 Marietta. Ivy 3158. High-grade mattress renovating, work guaranteed.

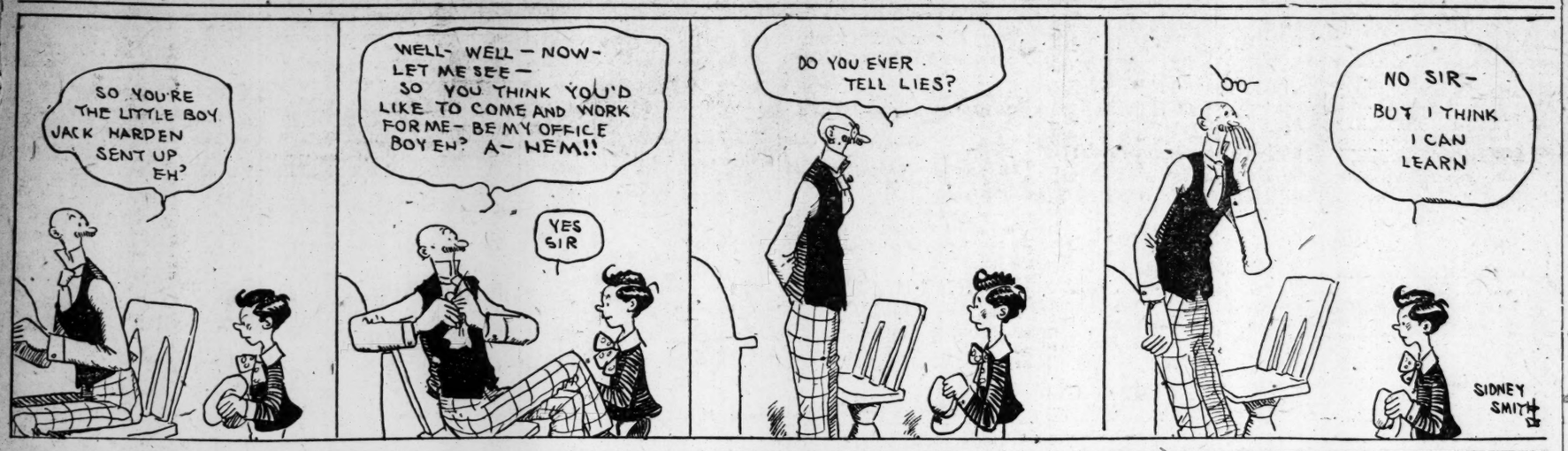
MOVING—STORAGE.
COCHRAN Transfer & Storage Co., light and heavy hauling. 45 E. Mitchell St. Main 5595.

FLANAGAN BROS. move, pack and ship anything anywhere at the right price. Try us. M. 2877. 51-53 Central avenue.

PLUMBING AND REPAIRING.
CUT RATE Plumbing. Ivy 267. Hamilton.

INTERIOR DECORATING.
INTERIO

THE GUMPS—NOW, WILL YOU BE GOOD?



Diamonds of Quality

In view of the increasing demand for Diamonds, and the general scarcity of Diamonds of quality, we are fortunate in being able to offer a selection that has never been surpassed in our history.

Added to the beauty of stones of the first quality is found all the artistry and finesse of the most expert craftsmen in exclusive mountings.

We will, if you like, send a collection of stones to your home, in the city or elsewhere so that you may make your selection under the most favorable circumstances.

DAVIS & FREEMAN
DIAMONDS
47 Whitehall, Atlanta
The Store of Dependability.

ITCH!
Money back without question if HUNT'S Salve fails in the treatment of ITCH, ECZEMA, RINGWORM, TETTER or other itching skin diseases. Try a 75 cent box at our risk.
COURSEY & MUNN, Druggists.

Hand Sapolio
Sapolio Toilet Soap
Cleanses Invigorates Softens the Skin

Notice to Contractors.

Sealed bids will be received at the office of the undersigned until Monday, March 8, at 3 p. m., for furnishing all labor and material for traffic signs and signposts for the City of Atlanta. Specifications can be obtained from the undersigned.

The right is reserved to accept or reject any or all bids, and to waive technicalities.

W. E. CHAMBERS,
Purchasing Agent, City of Atlanta, City Hall.

Notice to Contractors.

Sealed bids will be received at the office of the undersigned until Monday, March 1, at 3 p. m., for furnishing the labor and material during the year 1920, as listed below:

(a) Curbing, Granite and Cement.
(b) Sidewalks, Cement and Hexagon Tile.
(c) Guttering, Granite Block or Rubble.
(d) Sand.
(e) Cement.
(f) Sewers, brick and cement.
(g) Sewer Pipe and Specials.
(h) Asphalt.
(i) All other contracts usually advertised for.

The right is reserved to accept or reject any or all bids, and to waive technicalities. Specifications can be obtained from the undersigned. W. E. CHAMBERS, Purchasing Agent, City of Atlanta, City Hall.

NEW STOCK ISSUE OF FOURTH NATIONAL BANK OF ATLANTA.

Notice is hereby given that shareholders of the Fourth National Bank of Atlanta have the right to subscribe for the same number of shares of the new stock, authorized by a stockholders' meeting held February 24, 1920, as they shall own of the existing stock at 2 o'clock p. m., Central time, on March 4, 1920, as shown by the books of said bank, said new stock to be paid for at $200 per share by stockholders or their transferees on or before 2 o'clock p. m., Central time, on March 22, 1920.

This 24th day of February, 1920.
CHARLES I. RYAN, Vice President.
By order of the board of directors.

Notice to Contractors.

Sealed proposals will be received by the State Highway Department of Georgia at the office of said Department on the seventh floor of the Walton Building, Atlanta, Ga., until 10 a. m. on Friday, the 12th day of March, 1920, for the furnishing of all labor, material, equipment and other things necessary for the erection of a bridge over the Flint River and portion of approach where the same is crossed by the Atlanta, Griffin and Americus Road, about 18 miles from Thomaston, otherwise known as Georgia Federal Aid Project No. 93.

The said bridge is to be constructed of steel, to be 500 feet long and 16 feet wide. Approach 1,534 feet long are to be constructed of earth. The following are the approximate quantities:

Contract No. 1.

260,414	Lbs. structural steel.
438.7	Cu. Yds. Class "B" Concrete reinforced.
133.8	Cu. Yds. Class "B" Concrete plain.
13,543.5	Lbs. Reinforcing steel.
182.0	Cu. Yds. wet excavation.
44,524	M. ft. B. M. Lumber, floor, etc.

Contract No. 2.

2.2572	Acres Clearing and Grubbing.
39.5	Cu. Yds. Common Excavation.
20,873.8	Cu. Yds. Borrow Excavation.
723.9	Cu. Yds. Top Soil.
57.5	Lin. Ft. 15 in. pipe.
118.0	Lin. Ft. 24 in. pipe.
5.8	Cu. Yds. Concrete in Headwalls.
926.5	Sq. Yds. rip rap.
6,608.0	Sq. Yds. grass planting.
3.061	M. Ft. B. M. Lumber (Guard rail).

Said work shall begin on or about the 15th day of April and shall be completed on or before January 1, 1921.

Plans and specifications are on file at the office of this Department at Atlanta, Ga., as aforesaid, at the office of the State Highway Engineer, Walton Building, Atlanta, Ga., and copies may be obtained from the State Highway Engineer upon receipt of $6.00 to cover cost of printing.

Said work will be paid for as the same progresses, to wit: 85 per cent of the amount done in each calendar month will be paid between the 10th and the 15th day of the succeeding month and the remainder shall be paid within thirty days of final completion and acceptance.

Proposals must be submitted on regular forms, which will be supplied by the Engineers and must be accompanied by a certified check or bidder's bond for 5 per cent of the amount bid.

Bond will be required of the successful bidder as required by law.

Right is reserved to reject any or all bids and to waive all formalities.

This the 4th day of February, 1920.
STATE HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT OF GEORGIA.
By W. R. Neel, State Highway Engineer.

Use Constitution Want Ads.

Good Brakes Eliminate Big Damage Suits

Brakes that hold and brakes that don't hold, mark the difference between safety and damage — little things are brakes and big things, too.

GMC brakes are positive in action and great in strength; they hold under the most trying and difficult conditions.

Adjustments are made by turning large, simple self-locking wing nuts on Brake rods, which can be done without tools in a few seconds' time.

There's a GMC to fit your business.

Southern Oakland Company
Ivy 1921 270 Peachtree St.
Atlanta, Georgia.

GMC TRUCKS

Just Arrived!
Car No. N. Y. C. 31482

Containing 90,200 feet of Genuine Trade Marked Beaver Board

BEAVER BOARD
PURE WOOD FIBRE

You can't expect Beaver Board results unless this trade mark is on the back of each board you buy.

We are particularly gratified to be able to announce our success in securing a full car of genuine Beaver Board in the face of a country-wide shortage of lumber products.

Beaver Board is actually re-created lumber in flawless panels. It builds better walls and ceilings in new homes, offices, stores, or factories. It presents the quick, easy method of permanently restoring old cracked walls and ceilings to more than original beauty and usefulness.

Get in your Beaver Board orders before the present supply is exhausted. If you are not familiar with the economy of Beaver Boarding ask for descriptive literature.

Call, write or phone for a sample.

Fulton Lime & Cement Co.
11 Oakland Ave., Atlanta, Ga.
Sewer Pipe—Lime—Cement—Plaster
Firebrick—Roofing

FOR PRETTY WALLS WITHOUT LAPS OR SPOTS, USE
Deco-Mura
SANITARY COLD-WATER WALL FINISH
TRIPOD PAINT COMPANY
66 and 68 N. Broad St. Phones: Ivy 516; Atlanta 406.

DRASTIC DEMOTION FOR ARMY OFFICERS

Washington, February 29.—Drastic reduction of permanent officers of the army from their temporary ranks to regular army grades, effective March 15, has been ordered by General March, chief of staff. Of approximately 3,000 officers now holding temporary rank higher than their permanent appointments, about 2,000 probably will be returned to their regular status.

Field officers only will be affected. The number of officers holding general rank are now within the allowance and there will be no cut in the grades of those below the rank of major.

Final lists of demotion have not yet been compiled. Orders were sent out recently from the office of the chief of staff directing commanders of territorial departments and heads of bureaus to submit recommendations for extensive reductions and these reports are now being studied by the general staff.

The bulk of demotions is expected to come from the bureaus in Washington, as there are but few surplus officers of temporary rank on duty with troops. Recommendations of bureau chiefs have not been uniform, but range from 50 to 75 per cent. As emergency officers will continue to hold their present grade, the demotion plan is said to present difficulties in some bureau, such as the quartermaster and the ordnance departments, where reduction of regular officers would leave section chiefs with lower ranks than many emergency officers now serving under them.

Under the commonly termed 18,000 officers' law, which authorized that number of officers as the temporary maximum, all emergency officers must be discharged by July 1 unless additional legislation is enacted.

There are approximatley 7,800 regular officers holding temporary ranks at the signing of the armistice. Reductions have been made from time to time, since November 11, 1918, in accordance with the policy announced by Secretary Baker of demoting officers as soon as the emergency duty which justified the higher grade has been completed, with the result that to date more than 4,000 demotions have occurred.

CAMPBELL PRIMARY CANDIDATES NAMED

Fairburn, Ga., February 29.—(Special.)—The Campbell county primary, to be held on March 11, is looked forward to by a record number of candidates. Every office is contested with the exception of ordinary, coroner and county surveyor. The ticket as it will appear on the primary date is as follows: For ordinary, W. S. McLarin, clerk of court, Claude E. Landrum and C. Wooten Green; sheriff, G. E. Jenkins and M. H. Collins, Jr.; tax collector, Rev. C. J. Short, John W. Daly, M. J. Derrick, E. W. Reeves; tax receiver, J. F. Thompson, Clyde E. Duncan and J. A. Stith; county school superintendent, W. H. McLarin, M. D. Collins, S. M. Cown; county commissioners (three to be elected), O. A. Harbin, John W. Varner, Dr. T. P. Bullard, J. L. Brassell, George W. Tucker, P. L. Kiser and M. C. Campbell; county treasurer, Joe Duncan, J. A. Spence, R. H. Little, John R. Harmon, William Beall, J. W. M. Turner and J. D. Dennis; coroner, J. A. Henderson; county surveyor, R. J. Wooddall.

Meet for Millen.

Millen, Ga., February 29.—(Special.)—The First Congressional District Newspapermen's association will convene in Millen Wednesday, March 17. Practically every newspaperman in the district is a member of this association. The association was formed in Savannah about two months ago and the first meeting held there. Plans are being made for the entertainment of the visitors.

Shaft for Soldiers.

Waycross, Ga., February 29.—(Special.)—On March 6 a meeting will be held in Nashville for the purpose of completing plans for the erection of a monument to the memory of those boys who represented Berrien county in the past war. About $2,000 has already been subscribed, and an effort will be made at the meeting to secure the rest of the amount.

Dublin Flu Ban.

Dublin, Ga., February 29.—(Special.)—Because of the influenza situation in Dublin and Laurens county, the city court of Dublin has postponed its March quarterly term, set for March 1, until March 8. Both civil and criminal cases are to be tried when the term begins. Judge R. D. Flynt is to preside. Dublin is closed tight by health authorities.

NO MATTER HOW SMALL

The small business is just as much in need of the services of a competent audit as is the larger concern.

As a matter of fact not only is the small business less able to withstand error and leakage, but the new Federal war tax laws make an accurate system necessary.

The cost is comparatively small, and is just as important an investment as is your insurance.

Alonzo Richardson & Company
Certified Public Accountants
Atlanta Trust Co. Bldg.
Atlanta.
FEDERAL TAX SPECIALISTS

AIRPLANE FORCED TO LAND IN HEART OF OKEEFENOKEE

Waycross, Ga., February 29.—(Special.)—Out of gasoline and over the middle of the Okeefenokee swamp was the predicament in which V. Price Holingworth and "Wild" Eddie Burbach found themselves on their return trip by air from Jacksonville to Waycross. They selected the best looking spot in sight and volplaned to it, which proved to be a small field at Fargo. It took some time to clear away fences, trees and obstructions to give sufficient space to hop off in, but they succeeded and are now in Waycross to join the fleet which arrives here today. Tomorrow they will give exhibition stunts over the city, showing aerial combats and flying in battle formation.

ITALIANS ARE WARNED BANKRUPTCY IS NEAR

Rome, February 29.—Signor Ferraris, the food minister, in a statement to The Tribuna on the situation which has rendered necessary restrictions on food supplies more drastic than during the war, said:

"All nations, especially Italy, are faced with absolute necessity of reducing consumption to avoid bankruptcy. Even if America is ready to supply us with food, we cannot depend indefinitely on her. This year America has 30 per cent less wheat under cultivation than last year. Russia, which was the granary of Europe, cannot yet give us any appreciable help. We shall, therefore, have a year of food famine, which can only be overcome by beginning forthwith to save as much as possible.

"Italy has been the first to put herself on the road to strict economy, but what she has done is not yet sufficient to bring about economic reconstruction and save the country from bankruptcy. Much as she has done, Italy, like other European countries, consumes today more than before the war.

"In addition to wheat there is a scarcity in Italy of all kinds of food and also raw materials, particularly coal.

"America is accused of selfishness in not wishing to help Europe, notably the entente powers, with whom she fought for the triumph of liberty and humanity. But we must consider that America herself is frightened at the abyss threatening Europe, from which she wants to save herself at any cost.

"It is not exact to say that America refuses to help Europe. America wishes to be sure that her help will have an efficacious effect and wishes to be convinced that the states to which help is given are really on the road to economic reconstruction, which can be attained through limiting expenses of consumption and increasing production. If assistance were not given on these conditions it would only be ephemeral, indeed, and America would soon be reduced to the same situation as Europe."

CENTRAL STORE FOR SALE

We are now privileged to offer for sale a good store that is not leased but is available for occupancy in case anyone should buy it. This is on Decatur St. in the block just beyond Pryor St; it has a good three-story and basement brick building that is clean and in good repair.

We can sell this property for $37,500; there is no mortgage and business-like terms of payment can be arranged. The location is in one of the good business blocks of Atlanta, well suited for certain lines of retail trade.

FORREST & GEORGE ADAIR
Healey Bldg. Ivy 100

"Five Seconds From Five Points"
Does Your Letter Head Look Stale and Falt?
Look at it closely and if it lacks that Attention Getting — Interest Holding undefineable little something that the other fellow's has, then it's time to send for one of our salesmen and let him suggest ideas for a new design.
Telephone Ivy 4600
Foote & Davies Company
Printers Lithographers Binders

NEGLECTED EYES
Many a man or woman is today falling far short of full efficiency in life's undertakings by reason of some unsupected impairment of the vision.
Experts in our Refraction Department will be glad to examine your eyes. You may depend upon their advice.
A. K. HAWKES CO.
"Fifty Years of Satisfactory Service."
EST 1870 TRADE MARK HAWKES GLASSES
14 Whitehall St. Atlanta, Ga.

JOEL HUNTER & CO., Atlanta
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
FEDERAL TAX ADVISERS
BUSINESS COUNSELLORS

JAMES L. RESPESS
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT
ATLANTA, GA.
Expert on theory and practical application of income and excess profits tax. I receive as issued all government decisions and regulations.

NAILS
We are fortunate in having good stocks of nails of all sizes on hand, from which we can make prompt shipments. Write us for prices.
Carolina Portland Cement Co
ATLANTA, GA.

FARM LOANS—CITY LOANS
DIRECT CONNECTIONS
W. B. SMITH, 706 Fourth National Bank Bldg.

Loans Upon Central Business Property and First-Class Residences in Atlanta, for An Eastern Insurance Company, Desired.
W. Carroll Latimer,
Attorney-at-Law
1509 Fourth National Bank Building.
ATLANTA, GEORGIA

Funds Always on Hand for Realty Loans.
QUICK ACTION.
J. E. Van Valkenburg
Attorney at Law
319 Trust Company of Georgia Building

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS
Bought, Sold and Exchanged
We repair and rebuild Violins, Cornets, Saxophones, Clarinets, Banjos, Mandolins, Guitars, etc.
We maintain the finest display of new Band and Orchestra instruments in the South.
SOUTHERN DRUM COMPANY
XCELO MUSIC HALL
Auburn and Ivy Sts. Telephone Ivy 3931.

Lodge Notices

B. OF R. C.

Stone Mountain Lodge No. 326, B. of R. C., will hold a special home-coming meeting in their lodge room at the Red Men's Wigwam Tuesday evening, March 2, at 8 o'clock. All members are instructed to be present. Former members now affiliated with other lodges cordially invited. Unusual program announced.
JAMES T. MILLER, Secretary.

A called communication of Capital City Lodge No. 642, F. & A. M., will be held this (Monday) evening at 7:30 o'clock. The Entered Apprentice degree will be conferred by our Junior Warden, Brother Harry York. Candidates will please be on hand promptly. Visiting brethren cordially invited. By order of
J. E. HALEY, W. M.
J. G. BENTON, Secretary.

Atlanta Lodge No. 20, Knights of Pythias, will hold a regular convention tonight (Monday), March 1, at 8 o'clock, in Castle Hall, top floor Forsyth building. All visiting and local Knights are specially invited to meet with us. Examination of officers in ritualistic work.
L. P. LAZENBY, C. C.
A. A. CRAIG, K. of R. & S.

A stated conclave of Coeur de Lion Commandery, No. 4, K. T., will be held in Masonic Temple this (Monday) evening at 7:30 o'clock. The Order of the Red Cross will be conferred. All qualified Sir Knights are courteously invited to attend. By order of
THOMAS C. LAW, Commander.
JOHN E. ADDICKS, C. G.
Attest: A. P. TRIPOD, Recorder.

The regular communication of Lebanon Lodge, No. 655, F. & A. M., this (Monday) evening at Lebanon Temple, corner Georgia avenue and South Pryor street, beginning at 7:30 o'clock. Work in the Entered Apprentice degree. Candidates for advancement please be present promptly. All qualified brethren cordially invited to meet with us. By order
M. J. WRIGHT, W. M.
ARTHUR J. DUNLAP, Secretary.

A called communication of Fulton Lodge No. 216, F. & A. M., will be held in the Masonic Temple this (Monday) evening, March 1, at 6:30 o'clock, for the purpose of conferring the Master Mason degree on a full class. All qualified, and sojourning brethren are cordially invited to meet with us. By order of
L. Z. GORDON, W. M.
JNO. R. THOMPSON, Acting Sec'y.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

P. H. Brewster. Albert Howell, Jr. Arthur Heyman.
Brewster, Howell & Heyman.
Attorneys-at-Law.
Offices—507 to 520 Connally Building. Atlanta, Ga.
Long Distance Telephone 2023, 3024 and 2025, Atlanta, Ga.

American Telephone & Telegraph Co.
A dividend of Two Dollars per share will be paid on Thursday, April 15, 1920, to stockholders of record at the close of business on Friday, March 19, 1920.
On account of the annual meeting the transfer books will be closed from Saturday, March 20 to Tuesday, March 30, 1920, both days included.
G. D. MILNE, Treasurer.

KNOWLEDGE
Born of Experience
And some other things are behind our
Form Letter Service
ATLANTA MULTIGRAPHING CO.
810 Flatiron Bldg.
Ivy 1436.

INCOME TAX RETURNS
WE PREPARE ALL CLASSES OF FEDERAL TAX RETURNS.
General Auditing, 1920 Accounting Systems.
MARCH 15 LAST day for filing 1919 Income Tax Returns.
Atlanta Audit Co.
D. E. SHUMAKER, President;
M. R. MILES, Vice President;
J. R. ROBISON, Manager.
INCOME TAX DEPARTMENT.

TAXI CABS
BELLE ISLE IVY 166 ISLE IVY 5190 SERVICE
FIRST IN BUSINESS
FIRST IN SERVICE
FIRST IN COURTESY

Cars for Business, Emergency, Pleasure and Social Purposes.
Open Day and Night
BELLE ISLE
4 Luckie Street.

FUNERAL NOTICES

DIXON—Mrs. Ora Belle Dixon died Saturday night at a local hospital. She is survived by her husband, William T. Dixon, and her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Edmondson. The remains were taken Sunday night to Hahira, Ga., for funeral and interment, by Barclay & Brandon Co.

JONES—The friends of Mr. and Mrs. H. R. Jones and family, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Justice and Mrs. May Belle Ellerber and family are invited to attend the funeral of Mrs. H. R. Jones this (Monday) afternoon at 2 o'clock from the chapel of Harry G. Poole. Interment North View.

PUCKETT—The friends of Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Puckett are invited to attend the funeral of their little daughter, Margarette Lula, this (Monday) morning at 11 o'clock from Sandy Springs church. Interment churchyard. Harry G. Poole, funeral director.

WESTON—Oliver G. Weston, son of Mr. and Mrs. D. R. Weston, of Logtown, Miss., brother of Clem Weston, student at Georgia Tech, died Sunday at a local hospital. He was a student at the G. M. A. at College Park, Ga. Remains will be sent to Logtown, Miss., Monday. H. M. Patterson & Son in charge.

RUDISELL—Mr. N. C. Rudisell, age 48, died at the residence, 32 Lynch street, last night. He is survived by his widow, three daughters, Mrs. C. H. Harvey, Mrs. Walter M. Wright and Miss Clara Rudisell; one son, O. S. Rudisell. Funeral arrangements will be announced later by Awtry & Lowndes Co.

MILES—Mr. George Miles died Sunday afternoon at a private sanitarium. He is survived by his wife; two sons, Mr. C. H. and P. B. Miles; three daughters, Miss J. B. Miles, Mrs. F. A. White and Miss Zunna Miles. The funeral party will leave Terminal station Tuesday morning at 6:15 o'clock for Bremen for funeral and interment. Harry G. Poole, funeral director.

CANNON—The friends of Mrs. W. S. Cannon, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Cannon, Mr. S. M. Cannon, Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Arrowood, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Hill and Mr. and Mrs. B. H. Valentine are invited to attend the funeral of Mr. W. S. Cannon tomorrow (Tuesday) afternoon at 2 o'clock from Sardis church. Rev. H. J. Penn and Rev. H. O. Mullins will officiate. Interment churchyard. Harry G. Poole, funeral director.

FREEMAN—Mr. Samuel Freeman died Saturday night at the home, 38 Berean avenue. Surviving are his widow; three sons, Jonah, Roy and Belvie Freeman; two daughters, Mrs. Callie Sparks and Mrs. Mrytle Williams. The remains will be taken this (Monday), March 1, 1920, at 6:10 a. m. to Dacula, Ga., for funeral and interment. Barclay & Brandon Co., morticians; P. J. Bloomfield in charge.

MASON—Died at the residence, 58 Elmyra avenue, Sunday morning, Miss Tiny Mason, in the 36th year of her age. She is survived by two sisters, Misses Helen and Eloise Mason, and seven brothers, B. H., M. R., I. H., E. W. and E. L., all of Atlanta; S. G., of Stone Mountain, Ga., and J. A., of Buckhead, Ga. Funeral arrangements will be announced later by H. M. Patterson & Son.

HOWELL—HOWELL—The friends and relatives of Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Howell, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Howell and Mrs. Wheeler Lowery are invited to attend the funeral of Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Howell's infant son, Homer, and their little daughter, Dorothy, this (Monday) afternoon, March 1, 1920, at 2 o'clock from Howell's cemetery. Funeral party leaving at 1 o'clock from the residence, 177 Luckie street. Awtry & Lowndes Co., funeral directors, in charge.

ROBERTS—Friends of Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Roberts, Mary Eva and Joseph Ben Roberts, Rev. and Mrs. J. T. Cary, Clemson College, S. C.; Mr. W. S. Roberts, Mr. W. W. Roberts, Messrs. DeWitt and Marvin Cochran, Mrs. R. Cochran, Miss Beulah Roberts are invited to attend the funeral of Mrs. B. F. Roberts today (Monday), March 1, 1920, at 3:30 p. m. from the chapel of Barclay & Brandon Co., Rev. S. T. Wiggins, officiating. Interment at North View cemetery. Pallbearers selected please meet at the chapel.

GANN—Relatives and friends of Mrs. W. C. Gann, Mr. and Mrs. G. V. Plante, Mrs. Ed. Pinnell and Mrs. Ed. Gann and family, of Smyrna, Ga., are invited to attend the funeral of Wade Compton Gann, little son of Mrs. W. C. Gann, today (Monday), March 1, 1920, at 10:30 a. m., from the residence at Cravenwood, on Marietta car line. Rev. Dr. Zimmerman, of the Smyrna Presbyterian church, officiating. Interment in the Smyrna cemetery. Black Undertaking company, funeral directors, in charge.

MULLIN—The friends of Mr. and Mrs. Fletcher N. Mullin, Mrs. N. C. Mullin, Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Barrett, Miss Annah E. Mullin, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Mullin and Mrs. Edith Cline and family are invited to attend the funeral of Mr. Fletcher N. Mullin this (Monday) afternoon at 3 o'clock from the chapel of Greenberg & Bond Co., Rev. C. B. Wilmer officiating. Interment West View. The following gentlemen are requested to act as pallbearers and meet at the chapel at 2:45 o'clock p. m.: Mr. G. Gazzar, Mr. D. T. Dempsey, Mr. Robert Riley, Dr. E. T. Booth, Mr. George Beck and Mr. Roy Abernathy.

COX—The friends of Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Cox, Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Cox, of Griffin, Ga.; Mr. and Mrs. Earnest Cox, Mr. Reeves Cox, Mr. and Mrs. B. L. Campbell, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Green and Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Awtry are invited to attend the funeral of Mr. B. F. Cox this (Monday) afternoon at 2:30 o'clock from Capitol View Baptist church. Rev. W. Lee Cutts and Rev. E. C. Hendley will officiate. Interment West View. The following gentlemen will please act as pallbearers and meet at the residence, 15 Fairbanks street, Capitol View: Mr. H. O. Bragg, Mr. P. H. Greene, Mr. Solon Johnson, Mr. E. M. Vary, Mr. C. J. McLendon and Mr. T. E. White. Capitol View Lodge No. 640, F. & A. M., are invited to attend. Harry G. Poole, funeral director.

JONES—The friends and relatives of Mrs. Rebecca Luckie Jones (widow of the late Mr. Oliver Harris Jones), Mrs. R. L. Moss, of Athens, Ga.; Mrs. W. A. Gregg and family, Miss Emma Jones, Mr. and Mrs. Lorenzo Jones, Mrs. W. O. Jones, of Boston, Mass., and Mrs. O. H. Jones, Jr., are invited to attend the funeral of Mrs. Rebecca Luckie Jones today (Monday), March 1, 1920, at 11 a. m., from Trinity Methodist church. The Rev. S. R. Belk and Rev. T. R. Kendall will officiate. The interment will be private at Oakland cemetery. The following gentlemen will please act as pallbearers and meet at the office of H. M. Patterson & Son at 10:15 o'clock: Mr. John Manget, Mr. W. A. Parker, Mr. W. O. Foote, Mr. John W. Hardwick, Judge W. R. Hammond, Mr. E. W. Martin, Mr. H. S. Johnson, Dr. H. K. Boland, Mr. Edgar Norris and Professor W. A. Sutton.

North View Cemetery
—and—
Mausoleum
The finest in the south.
Offices 530 Candler Bldg.
Phone Ivy 1624.

New and Modern Auto Equipment
Prompt Ambulance Service
A. O. & ROY DONEHOO
FUNERAL DIRECTORS